

# Washington, Friday, January 5, 1945

# Regulations

# TITLE 7-AGRICULTURE

Chapter I—War Food Administration (Standards, Inspections, Marketing Practices)

Subchapter A-Commodity Standards and Standard Container Regulations

PART 28-COTTON STANDARDS

APPLICATION FOR LICENSES TO CLASSIFY AND SAMPLE COTTON

Pursuant to authority vested in the War Food Administrator, the regulations issued under the United States Cotton Standards Act (7 U. S. C. 51-65, as amended, 58 Stat. 734) are amended as follows:

1. Strike therefrom paragraph (b) of § 28.76 and substitute therefor the following:

§ 28.76 Application for licenses to classify cotton. \* \* \*

(b) Each such application shall be in English, shall be signed by the applicant, and shall contain or be accompanied by (1) satisfactory evidence that he has passed his 21st birthday and that he is an actual resident of the continental United States, (2) satisfactory evidence of his training and experience in the actual classification of cotton, (3) a statement of the standards for cotton for the classification of which a license is desired, (4) a statement by the applicant that he agrees to comply with and abide by the terms of the act and these regulations so far as they may relate to him, and (5) such other information as may be required.

2. Strike therefrom paragraph (b) of § 28.97 and substitute therefor the following:

§ 28.97 Applications for licenses to sample cotton. \* \* \*

(b) Each such application shall be in English, shall be signed by the applicant, and shall contain or be accompanied by (1) satisfactory evidence that he has passed his 21st birthday and that he is an actual resident of the continental United States, (2) satisfactory evidence

of his experience in handling and sampling cotton, (3) a statement by the applicant that he agrees to comply with and abide by the terms of the law and of this subpart so far as they may relate to him, and with instructions issued to him from time to time governing the sampling of cotton, and (4) such other information as may be required.

(7 U.S.C. 51-65, as amended, 58 Stat. 734; E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423; E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783)

Done at Washington, D. C. this 3d day of January 1945.

GROVER B. HILL, War Food Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-268; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:11 a. m.]

Subchapter C-Regulations Under the Farm Products Inspection Act

PART 61—COTTONSEED SOLD OR OFFERED FOR SALE FOR CRUSHING PURPOSES (In-SPECTION, SAMPLING AND CERTIFICATION)

APPLICATION FOR LICENSES TO SAMPLE COTTONSEED

Pursuant to authority vested in the War Food Administrator, the regulations governing the inspection, sampling, and certification of cottonseed sold or offered for sale for crushing purposes (7 CFR, Cum. Supp., 61.1 et seq; 8 F.R. 8588, 9 F.R. 11047) are further amended by striking therefrom § 61.25 (b) and inserting, in lieu thereof, the following:

§ 61.25 Application for license as samples; form. \* \* \*

(b) Each such application shall be in English, shall be signed by the applicant, and shall contain or be accompanied by (1) satisfactory evidence that he is an actual resident of the United States, (2) satisfactory evidence of his experience in the handling and sampling of cotton-seed, (3) a statement by the applicant that he agrees to comply with and abide by the terms of the act and these regulations so far as they relate to him, and with instructions issued from time to time governing the sampling of cotton-

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# NOTICE

Book 1 of the 1943 Supplement to the Code of Federal Regulations may be obtained from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, at \$3.00 per copy. This book contains the material in Titles 1-31, including Presidential documents, issued during the period from June 2, 1943, through December 31, 1943.

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(58 Stat. 425; E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423; E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 3d day of January 1945.

> GROVER B. HILL, First Assistant War Food Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-269; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:11 a. m.]

Chapter XI-War Food Administration (Distribution Orders)

[WFO 75-2, Amdt. 18]

PART 1410-LIVESTOCK AND MEATS

BEEF REQUIRED TO BE SET ASIDE

War Food Order No. 75-2, § 1410.18. as amended (9 F.R. 12509, 14121, 14271), is further amended to read as follows:

§ 1410.18 Beef required to be set aside—(a) Definitions. (1) "Governmental agency" means the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard of the United States (excluding, for the purposes of this order, United States Army post exchanges, United States Navy ships' service departments, United States Marine Corps post exchanges, and similar organizations), War Food Administration (including but not restricted to any corporate agency thereof), the War Shipping Administration, and the Veterans Administration.

(2) "Northern Area of Zone 9" in-

cludes the following:

(i) Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, and Rhode

(ii) All that portion of New York east of and including the counties of Saint Lawrence, Jefferson, Lewis, and Herkimer, and east and southeast of and including the counties of Otsego, Delaware, Sullivan, Orange, Rockland, Westchester, New York, Bronx, Kings, and Richmond;

(iii) All that portion of Pennsylvania east of and including the counties of Tioga, Lycoming, Union, Mifflin, Juniata,

Perry, and Franklin;

(iv) New Jersey and Delaware;

(v) All that portion of Maryland east and southeast of and including the counties of Washington, Frederick, Montgomery, Prince Georges, Charles, and Saint Marys; and

(vi) The District of Columbia.
(3) "Set aside meat" means meat of the type and grade required to be set aside, reserved, and held under this order.

(4) "Authorized purchaser" means: (i) Any person who is under contract to sell or deliver set aside meat, or products prepared in whole or part therefrom, to a governmental agency;

(ii) Any person who has delivered set aside meat, or products prepared in whole or part therefrom, to a governmental agency, and has not replaced the set aside meat so delivered, or contained in the products so delivered, by a purchase of set aside meat under this order;

(iii) Any person who is authorized by the Director to purchase set aside meat.

(5) "Army-style beef" means (i) dressed steer carcasses of "U. S. Choice", "U. S. Good", or "U. S. Commercial" grade, weighing between 350 pounds and 1,100 pounds; or (ii) dressed heifer carcasses of "U. S. Choice", "U. S. Good", or "U. S. Commercial" grade, weighing between 300 pounds and 650 pounds.

"Contract school", "marine hospital", or "maritime academy" means any person defined as such in War Food Order No. 73, as amended (9 F.R. 10036, 10927,

13741)

(7) "Ship supplier" means any person defined as such in War Food Order No. 74, as amended (9 F.R. 8002), who holds a license under that order.

(8) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, business trust, corporation, or any organized group of persons whether incorporated or not.

(9) "Director" means the Director of Marketing Services, War Food Adminis-

(10) Any term not specifically defined herein shall have the meaning set forth for such term in War Food Order No. 75, as amended (8 F.R. 11119, 9 F.R. 4319), or War Food Order No. 75-1, as amended (8 F.R. 11327, 9 F.R. 4319).

(b) Class 1 and Class 2 slaughterers; Army-style beef. No Class 1 slaughterer, and no Class 2 slaughterer who, in any calendar week, slaughters more than 51 head of cattle producing Army-style beef, or whose cattle are slaughtered in an establishment in which more than 51 head of cattle producing Army-style beef are slaughtered in any calendar week, shall deliver meat unless he shall:

(1) Set aside and reserve the total amount of each week's production of beef graded "U. S. Choice", "U. S. Good", and "U. S. Commercial", obtained from steers and heifers whose carcasses produce Army-style beef: Provided, however. That governmental agencies, authorized purchasers, contract schools, marine hospitals, maritime academies, and ship suppliers may select and purchase not to exceed 60 percent of each grade of beef so set aside, and upon the delivery or execution of contracts to deliver, to such persons or agencies, not less than 60 percent of any grade of beef so set aside, such slaughterer may deliver to any other person not in excess of 40 percent of such grade of beef: Provided further, That in the case of any slaughterer of kosher beef located in the Northern Area of Zone 9, who has registered with the Office of Price Administration as required by paragraph (d) of § 1364.407 of Maximum Price Regulation 169, as amended, governmental agencies, authorized purchasers, contract schools, marine hospitals, maritime academies, and ship suppliers may select and purchase, in the form of hind quarters, not to exceed 45 percent of each grade of beef so set aside, and upon the delivery or execution of contracts to deliver, to such persons or agencies, not less than 45 percent of any grade of beef so set aside, such slaughterer may deliver to any other person not in excess of 55 percent of such grade of beef:

(2) Bone, in accordance with Army specifications for frozen boneless beef, not less than 90 percent of each grade of beef selected and purchased, under the provisions of (b) (1) hereof, by governmental agencies, authorized purchasers, contract schools, marine hospitals, maritime academies, and ship suppliers: Provided, however, That the Order Administrator may wholly or partially exempt any slaughterer from this requirement upon a proper showing that said slaughterer (i) does not have adequate facilities for boning; (ii) does not have, or is unable to obtain, sufficient personnel to bone said beef, or (iii) is unable to comply with this requirement for any reason which appears to the Order Administrator to warrant such exemption.

(c) Class 1 slaughterers; utility grade and cutter and canner beef. No Class 1 slaughterer shall deliver meat unless he shall set aside, reserve, and hold for delivery to governmental agencies, contract schools marine hospitals maritime academies, and ship suppliers, 50 percent of the conversion weight of each week's production of beef derived from steers, heifers, and cows graded "U. S. Utility" (grade C beef), and 80 percent of the conversion weight of each week's production of beef derived from cutter and canner grade steers, heifers, and cows (grade D beef)

(d) Federal inspection. (1) No Class 2 slaughterer who is subject to (b) hereof shall deliver meat unless he shall apply and qualify under the Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 71 et seq.) and the regulations applicable thereto, for Federal meat inspection of all Army-style carcasses and beef required to be set aside by him under this order. No Class 2 slaughterer who becomes subject to (b) hereof by virtue of slaughtering, in any calendar week, more than 51 head of cattle producing Army-style beef, and who fails to apply or qualify for Federal inspection as herein provided, shall thereafter slaughter, in any calendar week, more than 51 head of cattle producing Army-style beef.

(2) No owner or operator of slaughtering facilities, other than a Class 3 slaughterer, shall slaughter or permit such facilities to be used for the slaughter, in any calendar week, of more than 51 head of cattle producing Armystyle beef, unless he has qualified or shall hereafter apply and qualify under the Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S. C. 71 et seq.) and the regulations applicable thereto for Federal meat inspection of all Army-style carcasses and beef required to be set aside under this order.

(e) Conversion weight. Conversion weights shall be computed in accordance with (p) of War Food Order No. 75.1. The Director may, upon written application, revise any conversion weight factor where it is shown that such factor is working an undue hardship in the preparation of certain products.

(f) Credits allowed on deliveries. Subject to the provisions of (g) hereof, any set aside meat delivered to a governmental agency, authorized purchaser, contract school, marine hospital, maritime academy, or ship supplier may be credited against the requirements of (b) and (c) hereof for meat of the type and

grade so delivered.

(g) Certificates. No set aside meat shall be delivered to any authorized purchaser, and no credit shall be allowed for any such delivery unless, within 10 days after delivery, the slaughterer obtains a certificate signed by the authorized purchaser, acknowledging receipt of the meat and containing the following: the name and address of both parties and the date of delivery; the contract number of the contract between the authorized purchaser and the governmental agency; and a statement by the authorized purchaser that the set aside meat so delivered, or an equivalent amount of set aside meat, will be or has been used in the fulfillment of such contract. The slaughterer shall endorse on such certificate the conversion weight of such meat, together with a description permitting conversion in accordance with (p) of War Food Order No. 75-1. The slaughterer and the authorized purchaser shall each retain an original of such certificate for delivery to the Director upon request. All statements contained in or accompanying such certificate shall be deemed made to an agency of the United States. No person shall be entitled to rely upon any such certificate if he knows or has reasonable cause to believe it to be false.

(h) Storage; packaging. All Armystyle beef set aside and reserved under this order shall be stored in such manner as to maintain the quality thereof, and shall be prepared and packaged in accordance with Army specifications.

(i) Authorized purchasers required to redeliver. Each authorized purchaser who receives set aside meat under the provisions of this order shall deliver all such meat, or an equivalent amount of set aside meat, to a governmental agency, contract school, marine hospital, maritime academy, or ship supplier.

time academy, or ship supplier.

(j) Allocation. The Director may, by general order or written notice to individual slaughterers, order the allocation of meat set aside under this order to or among specific governmental agencies, authorized purchasers, contract schools, marine hospitals, maritime academies, or ship suppliers. In the absence of such allocation, slaughterers may, subject to (g) hereof, sell meat so set aside to any such person or agency.

(k) Existing contracts. The provisions of this order shall not be construed as reducing the amount of meat which any slaughterer is required to offer or to deliver under any existing contract with a governmental agency, as defined herein, or with the United States Maritime Commission.

(1) Reports. Every slaughterer subject to (b) hereof shall report to the Director concerning his production of and transactions in set aside meat. Such reports shall be made upon such forms as the Director may require.

(m) Effective date. This amendment shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., e. w. t., January 7, 1945. With respect to violations, rights accrued, liabilities incurred, or appeals taken, prior to said date, under War Food Order No. 75-2, as amended, all provisions of said order shall be deemed to remain in full force for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action, or other proceeding with respect to any such violation, right, liability, or appeal.

Note: All reporting requirements of this order have been approved by, and all subse-

quent reporting and record-keeping requirements will be subject to the approval of, the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423; E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783; WFO 75, 8 F.R. 11119, 9 F.R. 4319)

Issued this 2d day of January 1945.

C. W. KITCHEN, Acting Director of Marketing Services.

[F. R. Doc. 45-199; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 1:12 p. m.]

> PART 1450—TOBACCO [WFO 4-8, Amdt. 1]

1944 CROP BURLEY TOBACCO

#### Correction

In Federal Register Document 45–30, which appears on page 7 of the issue for Tuesday, January 2, 1945, paragraph (c) (2) should read "(2) the quantity of 1944 crop of Burley tobacco which the respective dealer purchased from other dealers, and".

# TITLE 8-ALIENS AND NATIONALITY

Chapter I—Immigration and Naturalization Service

Subchapter B-Immigration Regulations

PART 110—PRIMARY INSPECTION AND DETENTION

DESIGNATION OF FAIRBANKS, ALASKA, AND
GREAT FALLS, MONTANA, AS PORTS OF ENTRY
FOR ALIENS

Fairbanks, Alaska, and Great Falls, Montana, are hereby designated as ports of entry for aliens entering the United States.

Section 110.1, Title 8, Chapter I, Code of Federal Regulations is amended by adding Fairbanks, Alaska, at the top of the list of ports of entry for aliens in District No. 12.

The said §110.1 is further amended by inserting Great Falls, Montana, between Del Bonita, Montana, and Havre, Montana, in the list of ports of entry for aliens in District No. 10.

JOSEPH SAVORETTI,
Acting Commissioner of
Immigration and Naturalization.

Approved:

FRANCIS BIDDLE, Attorney General.

[F. R. Doc. 45-272; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:16 a. m.]

PART 110—PRIMARY INSPECTION AND
DETENTION

PART 168—FIELD SERVICE OFFICERS'
POWERS AND DUTIES

REPORTING CONDITION OF VESSELS

Section 168.12, Title 8, Chapter I, Code of Federal Regulations is hereby revoked.

The following new section is added to Part 110, Title 8, Chapter I, Code of Federal Regulations:

§ 110.11 Reporting condition of vessels. Pursuant to the provisions of the second proviso to section 11 of the Immigration Act of 1917 (39 Stat. 881; 8 U. S. C. 147), in the case of any vessel which is arriving at a United States port and which is bringing alien passengers to the United States, the immigrant inspector who boards such vessel for the purpose of inspecting the passengers or crew shall observe the conditions prevailing upon the vessel with respect to sanitation and the comfort of passengers and crew. If any such conditions are found to be unsatisfactory, the immigrant inspector shall submit a formal report in triplicate on Form I-84 to the officer in charge of the port, and that office shall forward two copies to the Central Office in order that such further action as may be deemed necessary may be taken.

JOSEPH SAVORETTI,
Acting Commissioner of
Immigration and Naturalization.

Approved:

Francis Biddle,
Attorney General.

[F. R. Doc. 45-271; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:16 a. m.]

Subchapter D-Nationality Regulations

PART 361—OFFICIAL FORMS

PART 370—PETITION FOR NATURALIZATION ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF FILING OF NATURALIZA-

# TION PETITION

The following amendments to Title 8, Chapter I, Code of Federal Regulations are hereby prescribed:

Section 361.3 is amended by inserting the following between the listing of Forms N-407 and N-450:

Form N-414 Acknowledgment of Filing Petition for Naturalization

Section 370.3 is amended by adding the following sentence: "Upon the execution of the petition, the clerk shall furnish to the petitioner on Form N-414 an ac-

knowledgment of the filing of the peti-

JOSEPH SAVORETTI, Acting Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization.

FRANCIS BIDDLE, Attorney General.

[F. R. Doc. 45-273; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:16 a. m.]

PART 379-CERTIFICATE OF DERIVATIVE CITIZENSHIP

SIGNATURE ON CERTIFICATES OF CITIZENSHIP

Section 379.8, Title 8, Chapter I, Code Federal Regulations is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 379.8 Final disposition. If the Commissioner is satisfied from the record that the applicant is entitled to receive a certificate of citizenship, the certificate shall be issued. If the applicant has assumed or is known by a name other than his true name but has not had his name changed in accordance with the law of the jurisdiction where he assumed the new name, and, therefore, is not legally entitled to use the assumed name, the certificate of citizenship shall be issued in the applicant's true name followed by the words "also known as" followed by the assumed name, but in such a case the applicant shall be required to sign only his true name on the certificate and on the photographs submitted with his application. The certificate shall be in duplicate and shall be forwarded to the field office in which the application originated for signature by the applicant, unless applicant is a child unable to sign his name, in which case the certificate shall be signed by the parent or guardian, and the signature shall read "(insert name of parent or guardian) in behalf of (insert name of child)". The applicant shall, unless he is too young to understand the meaning thereof, take and subscribe to, before a member of the Service, the oath of renunciation and allegiance prescribed by section 335 of the Nationality Act of 1940. Thereafter personal delivery of the original of the certificate shall be made to the applicant, who shall sign a receipt therefor, unless applicant is a child unable to sign his own name, in which case it shall be delivered to his parent or guardian, who shall sign a receipt there-The applicant shall be furnished with a certificate only if such individual is at the time within the United States.

JOSEPH SAVORETTI, Acting Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization.

Approved:

FRANCIS BIDDLE, Attorney General.

[F. R. Doc. 45-270; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:16 a. m.]

TITLE 14-CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter I-Civil Aeronautics Board

[Civil Air Regs., Amdt. 20-6]

PART 20-PILOT CERTIFICATES

MILITARY COMPETENCE

At a session of the Civil Aeronautics Board held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 2d day of January 1945.

Effective January 2, 1945, § 20.178 of the Civil Air regulations is amended to read as follows:

§ 20.178 Military competence. Same as in § 20.129.

(52 Stat. 984, 1007; 49 U.S.C. 425, 551)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL]

CHARLES P. SOPER, Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-251; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 10:21 a. m.]

# TITLE 20-EMPLOYEES' BENEFITS

Chapter III-Social Security Board, Federal Security Agency

[Regs. 3, Amendment 1]

PART 403-FEDERAL OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSURANCE

EVIDENCE AS TO AGE

This regulation, effective August 1, 1944, amends Regulations No. 3 (20 CFR, Cum. Supp., Part 403) by amending § 403.702 (b), as amended, to read as follows:

§ 403.702 Supporting evidence as to right to receive benefits and lump

- (b) Evidence as to age. Except when the Board, on the basis of information in its records, is satisfied that the date of birth stated in the application is substantially correct, an applicant for benefits shall file supporting evidence showing the date of his birth, if his age is a condition of entitlement. Such evidence may also be required by the Board as to the age of any other individual when such other individual's age is relevant to the determination of the applicant's entitlement. In determining the weight to be given to evidence offered to prove age, except as provided in paragraph (j) of this section, consideration will be given to its general probative value and to its position in the following enumeration:
  - 1) Public records of birth;
  - (2) Church records of birth or baptism;

15 F.R. 1849. For a chronological description of the statutory basis for the old-age and survivors insurance system under title II of the Social Security Act, as amended, and the regulations which have been issued there-under, see § 403.1 of Regulations No. 3 of the Social Security Board. (20 CFR, Cum. Supp., 403.1)

- (3) Census Bureau notification of registration of birth;
  (4) Hospital birth record or certificate;
- (5) Flyttningsbetyg and similar foreign records;
- (6) Physician's or midwife's birth record; (7) Certification, on approved form, of Bible or other family record;(8) Naturalization records;
  - Immigration papers;
  - (10) Military records;
  - (11) Passports:
  - (12)
  - School records; Vaccination records; (13)

  - Insurance policy; Labor union or fraternal records; Marriage records; or
  - (16)
  - (17) Other evidence of probative value.

Proof of any record, except a Bible or other family record, may consist of a copy of such record or a statement as to the date of birth shown by such record, duly certified by the custodian of such record or by an individual designated by the Board. If the evidence submitted is not convincing, additional evidence will be requested, preferably of a type higher on the foregoing list.

(Sec. 205 (a), 53 Stat. 1368, section 1102, 49 Stat. 647; 42 U.S.C., section 405 (a), 1302)

In pursuance of sections 205 (a) and 1102 of the Social Security Act, as amended, the foregoing regulation adopted by the Board is hereby pre-scribed this 29th day of December 1944.

SOCIAL SECURITY BOARD, A. J. ALTMEYER,

Chairman.

Approved January 2, 1945.

WATSON B. MILLER, Acting Federal Security Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-252; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:03 a. m.]

# TITLE 32-NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter I-War Relocation Authority

PART 5-ISSUANCE OF LEAVE FOR DEPARTURE FROM A RELOCATION AREA

Pursuant to Executive Orders 9102 of March 18, 1942, and 9423 of February 16, 1944. Part 5 is hereby revoked.

This order shall be effective as of January 3, 1945.

(E.O. 9102, 7 F.R. 2165; E.O. 9423, 9 F.R. 1903; Departmental Order 1922)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 1st day of January 1945.

D. S. MYER, Director.

Approved: January 2, 1945.

HAROLD L. ICKES Secretary of the Interior.

[F. R. Doc. 45-297; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:51 a. m.]

Chapter IX-War Production Board

AUTHORITY: Regulations in this chapter, unless otherwise noted at the end of documents affected, issued under sec. 2 (a), 54 Stat. 676, as amended by 55 Stat. 236 and 56 Stat. 177; E.O. 9024, 7 FR. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 FR. 527; E.O. 9125, 7 FR. 2719; W.P.B. Reg. 1 as amended Dec. 31, 1943, 9 FR. 64.

PART 1010—Suspension Orders [Suspension Order 8-677]

M. A. HARTNETT, INC.

M. A. Hartnett, Inc., a Delaware Corporation, is engaged in the retail selling of lumber and building materials and maintains a yard and place of business at Dover, Delaware. During the period from January 1, 1944 to July 1, 1944 the company extended AA-1 preference ratings to purchase and obtain delivery of 762,942 feet of lumber when it was authorized to use these preference ratings to purchase only 512,132 feet, in violation of Priorities Regulation No. 3. During the same period the corporation extended AA-2 preference ratings for the purchase of 26,152 feet of lumber although it was authorized to extend such ratings for the purchase of only 1,872 feet, and it extended a preference rating of AA-3 for the purchase of 230,060 feet of lumber when it was authorized to extend this rating for only 124,871 feet, in violation of Priorities Regulation No. 3.

During the period from January 31, 1944 to July 27, 1944 M. A. Hartnett, Inc. accepted deliveries of lumber, thereby increasing its inventory of that product to a value of approximately \$10,000.00, which amount was in excess of a practicable minimum working inventory reasonably necessary to meet deliveries, in violation of Priorities Regulation No. 1.

During the period from November 1, 1943 to August 1, 1944 M. A. Hartnett, Inc. sold and delivered lumber and building materials to persons whom it knew or had reason to know would use such materials in construction which had not been authorized by the War Production Board, in violation of Conservation Order L-41.

During the period from January 1, 1944 to July 27, 1944 M. A. Hartnett, Inc. maintained inadequate records covering its operations in that the records were incomplete, inaccurate and in improper form in violation of Priorities Regulation No. 1.

The responsible officer of M. A. Hartnett, Inc. was aware of the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1, Priorities Regulation No. 3, and Conservation Order L-41, and its actions constituted wilfull violations of those orders.

These violations have diverted critical materials to uses not authorized by the War Production Board and have hampered and impeded the war effort of the United States. In view of the foregoing, it is hereby ordered, that:

§ 1010.677 Suspension Order No. S-677. (a) M. A. Hartnett, Inc., its successors or assigns, shall not for a period of three months from the effective date of this order extend any of its customers' certified orders in order to purchase any

lumber as defined and governed by Limitation Order L-335, except in the case of certified order bearing a preference rating of AA-1 or better, and then only when it is unable to fill the order from its inventory on hand.

(b) M. A. Hartnett, Inc., its successors or assigns, shall not for a period of three months from the date of this order deliver any lumber to its customers except on certified order as defined and governed by Limitation Order L-335 and bearing a preference rating of AA-1 or better.

(c) Nothing contained in this order shall be deemed to relieve M. A. Hartnett, Inc., its successors or assigns, from any restriction, prohibition or provision contained in any other order or regulation of the War Production Board, except in so far as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions hereof.

(d) This order shall take effect on the

3d day of January 1945.

Issued this 27th day of December 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-216; Filed, Jan. 8, 1945; 4:39 p. m.]

> Part 1010—Suspension Orders [Suspension Order S-679]

> > J. B. HOBBS

J. B. Hobbs of 302 Victory Drive. Savannah, Georgia, is principally engaged in the radio repair and service business, but he also owns and operates two night clubs in the suburbs of Savannah, Georgia, respectively called the Sportsmans Club and the Idle Hour Club. In January, 1944, he began construction, consisting of alterations and additions to these two buildings. The cost of the construction on each of these buildings was in excess of \$800, which amount exceeded the limit of \$200 permitted by Conservation Order L-41 and was in violation of that order. J. B. Hobbs was aware of Conservation Order L-41 and his doing this construction without authorization constituted wilful violations of Conservation Order L-41.

These violations of Conservation Order L-41 have diverted critical materials and facilities to uses not authorized by the War Production Board, and have hampered and impeded the war effort of the United States of America. In view of the foregoing, it is hereby ordered,

that:

§ 1010.679 Suspension Order No. S-679. (a) Neither J. B. Hobbs nor any other person shall do any construction on the premises on the Port Wentworth Road known as the Sportsman Club, or on Ogeechee Road known as the Idle Hour Club, both in or near Savannah, Georgia, including putting up or altering either or both structures, but not including maintenance and repairs as defined in or governed by Conservation Order L-41 as amended from time to time, unless hereafter specifically au-

thorized in writing by the War Production Board.

(b) The restrictions and prohibitions contained herein shall apply to J. B. Hobbs, his successors or assigns, or persons acting in his behalf. Prohibitions against the taking of any action, include the taking indirectly as well as directly of any such action.

(c) Nothing contained in this order shall be deemed to relieve J. B. Hobbs, his successors or assigns, from any restriction, prohibition or provision contained in any other order or regulation of the War Production Board, except insofar as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions hereof.

Issued this 3d day of January 1945.

War Production Board, By J. Joseph Whelan, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-217; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 4:39 p. m.]

PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS
[Suspension Order S-680]

MUSKEGON PAINT AND VARNISH CO.

Leigh Strong and Harry D. Inman. copartners, doing business as Muskegon Paint and Varnish Company, 717 Terrace Street, Muskegon, Michigan, are engaged in the manufacture and packing of oil paints and oleoresinous paints and enamels. During the year 1944 the partners used for packing paints and enamels 3551 cans in excess of their permitted packing quota, in violation of Conservation Order M-81. During the first quarter of 1944, the partners purchased and accepted delivery of cans made of a kind of plate not permitted for packing paints and enamels, in violation of Conservation Order M-81. The partners were aware of the provisions of Conservation Order M-81, and their actions constituted negligent violations of the order.

These violations have diverted critical materials to uses not authorized by the War Production Board, and have hampered and impeded the war effort of the United States. In view of the foregoing, it is hereby ordered, that:

§ 1010.680 Suspension Order No. S-680.

(a) During each of the four calendar quarters of 1945, Leigh Strong and Harry D. Inman shall reduce their use of cans for the packing of oil paints and oleoresinous paints and enamels by 30% under the amount they would otherwise be entitled to use by the provisions of Conservation Order M-81, unless otherwise specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board.

(b) The provisions and prohibitions contained therein shall apply to Leigh Strong and Harry D. Inman, co-partners, doing business as Muskegon Paint & Varnish Company or under any other name, their and its successors or assigns, or persons acting on their behalf. Prohibition against the taking of any action includes the taking indirectly as well as directly of any such action.

(c) Nothing contained in this order shall be deemed to relieve Leigh Strong and Harry D. Inman, doing business as the Muskegon Paint & Varnish Company or otherwise, their and its successors or assigns, from any restriction, prohibition or provision contained in any other order or regulation of the War Production Board except in so far as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions hereof.

Issued this 3d day of January 1945.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-218; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 4:39 p. m.]

PART 944—REGULATIONS APPLICABLE TO THE OPERATION OF THE PRIORITIES SYSTEM

[Priorities Reg. 3, as Amended Jan. 4, 1945]

§ 944.23 Priorities Regulation 3—(a) Purpose of this regulation. This regulation states the rules for the use of preference ratings, what kind of purchase orders or services may be rated and how a rating may be put on an order. It also places restrictions on the use of ratings and includes lists of products for which ratings may not be used at all or for which certain kinds of ratings may not be used. In general this regulation should be consulted before using a rating whether it was gotten directly from the War Production Board or from a customer.

(b) Definitions. For the purposes of

this regulation:

(1) "Person" and "material" mean the same thing they do in Priorities Regulation 1.

(2) "Assignment" of a preference rating. A preference rating is assigned to a person when the War Production Board or someone that it has authorized issues an order or preference rating certificate giving him the right to use the rating.

(3) "Application" of a preference rating. A preference rating is applied when the person to whom it is assigned uses the rating. A rating is applied also when any governmental agency which is authorized by the War Production Board rates an order for delivery of material directly to it.

(4) "Extension" of a preference rating. A preference rating is extended when it is used by the person to whom it is applied or extended by another person.

(c) Use of ratings in general. (1) When a regulation, preference rating order or preference rating certificate assigns a rating to any person, either by naming him or by describing the class of persons to which he belongs (as is done in the schedules to CMP Regulation 5), that person may apply the rating to get delivery of material or the performance of certain services. Also, a person may under certain conditions extend a rating which has been applied or extended to his deliveries of material, but not one applied to services. More detailed rules as to how and when ratings may be applied or extended are set out below in this regulation.

(2) When a War Production Board order or certificate states the quantities and kinds of material or the particular services which are rated, the person to whom it is assigned may use the rating to get only that quantity and kind of material or that particular service named in the order or certificate. If the quantities of material are not stated in the order or certificate assigning the rating it may be applied only to get the minimum amount needed.

(3) No person may place rated orders for more material than he is authorized to rate even though he intends to cancel some of the orders or reduce the quantity of material ordered to the authorized amount before it is all delivered.

(d) When ratings may be extended for material. The following provisions of this paragraph (d) apply to all extensions of preference ratings to get deliveries of material, unless they are modified by or are inconsistent with the provisions of any particular order.

(1) A manufacturer of Class B products under the Controlled Materials plan and a holder of Form WPB-2613 (formerly PD-870) may not extend his customers' ratings (except AAA) as explained in more detail in CMP Regulation 3 and in Priorities Regulation 11B.

(2) When a person has received a rated order for the delivery of material, he may extend the rating to get the material which he will deliver on that order, or which will be physically incorporated in material which he will deliver. If the material is to be processed, this includes the portion of it which would normally be consumed or converted into scrap or by-products in the course of processing.

(3) If a person has made delivery of material, or has incorporated it into other material which he has delivered on a rated order, he may extend the rating to replace it in his inventory. However, if after delivering the material he still has a practicable working minimum inventory he may not extend the rating to replace the material delivered; and if by making the delivery his inventory is reduced below this minimum, the rating may be extended to get only the amount necessary to restore the inventory to a practicable working minimum. Any material ordered to replace in inventory must be substantially the same as the material which the person delivered or incorporated in the material which he delivered, except for minor variations in size, shape or design. Substitution of less scarce materials which do not substantially alter the purpose for which the material is to be used is, however, permitted.

(4) A person to whom a rating has been applied or extended to get material may not extend that rating to get containers or closures to pack the material except as permitted by any order in the Containers, Part 3270, Series (Orders P-140 and P-146 are the only ones that now permit the extension of such ratings). Nor may he extend such ratings of the permit of the containers, expansion or construction, or to get machine tools or other items

which he will carry as capital equipment, or to get business machines for his own use whether purchased or leased, or to get maintenance, repair or operating supplies for his own use. Other orders or regulations, such as CMP Regulation 5 and some orders in the "P" series, assign ratings which may be used by the proper persons to get maintenance, repair or operating supplies and minor capital additions.

(e) Additional restrictions upon use of ratings for certain materials. Because of special circumstances which exist with respect to certain materials and products, the use of preference ratings to get items on Lists A or B attached to this regulation is restricted as follows:

(1) Items as to which preference ratings have no effect; List A. Any item on List A may be produced or delivered without regard to preference ratings. No person shall apply or extend any rating to get any of these items and no person selling any such item shall require a rating as a condition of sale. Any rating purporting to be applied or extended to any such item shall be void and no person shall give any effect to it in filling an order.

(2) Items to which blanket MRO ratings do not apply; List B. Blanket MRO ratings may not be applied to get any item on List B, except as permitted by the list. A blanket MRO rating means a rating assigned by CMP Regulation 5 or 5A, or by any other War Production Board regulation, order (including an order in the "P" series), form or certificate which assigns a rating for maintenance, repair or operating supplies without specifying the kind and quantity of the material to which the rating may be applied. Where the quantity of material is specified in terms of dollar value only, the rating is a blanket MRO rating. No person shall give any effect to any rating applied to his deliveries of any item on List B if he knows or has reason to believe that it is a blanket MRO rating. Any blanket MRO rating applied to an order for any item on List B which was not delivered before the date the item was added to the list shall be deemed void. The restrictions of this paragraph are not applicable when the blanket MRO rating is applied to get an item on the list for use on board ship, but in such a case the rating may not be extended by the person to whom it is applied.

(3) Illustration. A manufacturer of a product listed in Schedule II of CMP Regulation 5 is assigned a rating of AA-2 for operating supplies. He may not use the rating to buy wooden shelving for his own use since it is on List B. A contractor has received an order bearing a rating of AA-3 to install wooden shelving in an Army camp. He may extend that rating to get the wooden shelving from the manufacturer since in this case the shelving is production material as to him and not operating supplies. If, however, wooden shelving were on List A instead of List B, neither rating could

be used.

(f) Use of ratings for services—(1) Ratings may not be used for personal services. Preference ratings may never be used to get labor or personal services

as distinct from services performed in the course of a regular business involving the use of plant, machinery or equipment owned by the person furnishing the services. For example, ratings may be used to get a repair job done in a repair shop as explained below but may not be used to compel an individual employee to work on a repair job or to obtain the services of a consulting engineer.

(2) Three cases where ratings may be used for services. There are only three situations in which a preference rating may be used to get services, as distinct from the production or delivery of ma-

terial:

(i) A rating assigned for the purpose. If the War Production Board assigns a rating to a named person to get specified services, he may use the rating for that purpose.

(ii) For processing. When a person has a rating which he may use to get processed material, he may (unless prohibited by another regulation or order) furnish the unprocessed material to a processor and use the same rating to get

it processed.

(iii) For repairs. A blanket MRO rating may be applied by the person to whom it is assigned to get his plant, machinery or equipment repaired even if the repair job does not involve the delivery of repair parts or materials. See paragraph (e) (2) for definition of a blanket MRO rating. A rating assigned on Form WPB-541 (formerly PD-1A) or WPB-542 (formerly PD-3A), or any other rating which may be applied to the delivery of specific repair parts or materials, may also be applied to the installation of the repair parts or materials or to the repair job alone if it is found that installing the parts or materials is not necessary However, in the case of ordinary plumbing, heating, electrical, automotive or refrigeration repairs, a rating may not be applied to repair work even if the rating is expressly applicable to repair parts or materials. As used in this sub-paragraph, "repair" means to fix a plant, machinery or equipment after it has broken down or when it is about to break down. "Repair" does not mean upkeep or maintenance service such as periodic inspection, cleaning, painting, lubricating, etc.

(3) Ratings for services only may not be extended. A person to whom a rating for services, as distinct from the production or delivery of material, has been applied or extended may not extend the

rating for any purpose.

(g) How to apply or extend a rating. (1) When a person applies or extends a preference rating he must put the rating (and symbol, if appropriate) on the order together with a certification signed as prescribed in Priorities Regulation 7. He may use the standard certification set out in that regulation, or if he prefers the following:

# CERTIFICATION

The undersigned purchaser hereby represents to the seller and to the War Production Board that he is entitled to apply or extend the preference ratings indicated opposite the items shown on this order, and that such application or extension is in accordance with Priorities Regulation 8 as amended, with the terms of which the undersigned is familiar.

> (Name of Purchaser) (Address) By (Signature and Title of Duly Authorized Officer)

> > (Date)

The person who receives the certification shall be entitled to rely on it as a representation of the buyer unless he knows or has reason to know that it is false.

Note: (Subparagraphs (2) and (3) deleted April 25, 1944. They are superseded by paragraphs (o) and (p) of Priorities Regulation 7, which state the rules for placing rated orders orally or by telephone or telegraph.)

(4) When a person applies or extends a rating he shall also include on his purchase order or contract any information which may be required by any applicable War Production Board order. However, he is not required to include the serial number of the preference rating certif-

icate assigning the rating.

(5) Each person who applies or extends a rating must keep at his regular place of business all documents including purchase orders and preference rating orders and certificates which authorize him to apply or extend the rating. These documents, orders and certificates must be kept in such a way that they can be readily segregated and furnished to representatives of the War Production Board for inspection.

(6) When either certification authorized in this paragraph (g) is used it will not be necessary to use any other certification in order to apply or extend a preference rating, nor will it be necessary to furnish a copy of any preference rating order no matter what any regulation, preference rating order or preference rating certificate says unless it expressly states that this regulation does not apply. This does not affect the requirements of Priorities Regulation No. 9 (§ 944.30) when ratings are applied to certain types of exports, in which case its terms control.

(7) No person shall knowingly purport to apply or extend a preference rating to any order unless he is entitled to do so. No person shall apply or extend a rating for material or services after he has received the material or after the services have been performed, and any person who receives such a rating shall

not extend it. (h) Provisions applicable to extensions; deferment and grouping. No mat-

ter what any applicable preference rating

order or certificate may say, (1) No person may extend any rating to replace inventory after three months have passed from the time he could have first extended it:

(2) When a person has two or more ratings of the same grade which were assigned by different preference rating certificates or orders he may combine them and extend them to one delivery;

(3) When a person has two or more ratings of different grades, or where they

were assigned by the same or different certificates or orders, he may extend them to deliveries under one purchase order. However, the purchase order must show the amount of each material to which a particular grade of rating is extended. If the type and quantity of the material is such that the supplier can readily determine the exact effect of the extension of the rating on his production and delivery schedule from percentage figures alone, then the purchase order may show the amount of the material to which the particular grade of rating is extended on a percentage basis; otherwise, it must be shown as a separate item. In order to avoid production or delivery of material in quantities smaller than the minimum commercially practicable a person may combine ratings of different grades and extend the rating of the lowest grade to the total production or delivery.

(i) Restrictions in other orders. When any person applies or extends a rating he shall be subject to any applicable rule or restriction which may be set forth in the order of the War Production Board which assigns the rating or any other order which regulates transactions in the material or the facilities for which he is using the rating. This includes restrictions as to the kind and amount of material to which ratings may be applied or extended, requirements for written approval of any particular transaction, restrictions on certain uses of material or facilities and any other rules which may be applicable to the particular transaction. However, the rules of paragraphs (g) (4) and (g) (6) apply unless some other order or certificate expressly says that they do not.

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD. By J. JOSEPH WHELAN. Recording Secretary.

# LIST A

The following items may be delivered with-out regard to any War Production Board preference ratings:

Chemicals of the following types manufactured or produced for exclusive use in the petroleum industry, as petroleum industry defined in Preference Rating Order P-98-b:

a. Antioxidants (gum inhibitors) for mo-

b. Chemical additives and compound bases for heavy duty gasoline engine, diesel engine and aviation engine oils. c. Chemical additives and compound bases

for hypoid gear oils. d. Synthetic catalysts for oil cracking operation.

e. Synthetic catalysts for cumene and codimer manufacture.

f. Synthetic catalysts for petroleum isomerization operations

g. Synthetic catalysts for petroleum sweetening operations.

Communications services.

Dental burs.

Electric energy

Gas, manufactured combustible, of the type generally distributed by utilities.

Gas, natural.

Petroleum; restricted products as defined in Order M-201. Silicon carbide settling tank and dust col-

lector fines. Steam heating, central. Sterilizer equipment, as defined in Order

Track-laying tractor repair parts (See Limitation Order L-53-b).

Tobaccos.1

Vegetable, fish, marine animal and ani-mal fats and oils, whether edible or inedible,

and including their by-products and residues (whether resulting from refining, distillation, saponification, pressing or settling).1

Sulfated, sulfonated, and sulfurized fats and oils.1

Tall oil.1

Wool grease.1

Soap (other than metallic).1

Fatty acids.1

Food for human or animal consumption.3

Glycerine.1

Graphite crucibles. Pig iron.

Alarm clocks.

Waste paper.

Water

Containerboard, as defined in Order M-290. Low and high temperature fractional distillation equipment for gas and gasoline

Roofing granules.

#### LIST B

Blanket MRO ratings, as defined in paragraph (e) (2), may not be used to obtain the items on this list. If a rating is needed to get a specified quantity of any product on the list, application may be made on Form WPB-541 (formerly PD-1A) or on any other form which may be designated for a particular product or for use by a particular person in a War Production Board order.

Adhesive tape backed with cellophane or similar transparent material derived from cel-

Inlose

Animal traps.

Anti-freeze, all types.

Athletic and sport equipment.

Auger Bits, Type 1 as defined in Schedule VIII to Order L-157.

Automotive maintenance equipment as de-

fined in Limitation Order L-270.

Automotive replacement batteries as defined in Limitation Order L-180.

Automotive replacement parts as defined in Limitation Order L-158.

Award emblems, badges, buttons and other similar award pins (not including identification badges)

Blowers and industrial vacuum cleaners governed by Limitation Order L-222.

Capping, closing and sealing machinery and equipment for cans, jars and bottles (other than screw capping machines) having a retail sale: value of \$25 or more, inclusive of motor, as listed in Schedule A of Order L-332 (except for replacement of existing machinery or equipment).

Cast iron ware, as defined by Limitation Order L-30-c.

Cellophane and cellulose acetate film less than three one thousandths (0.003) of one inch thick.

Cellulose caps or bands of any gauge. Chemicals listed in Direction No. 5 of this regulation. (See that direction for MRO ratings which may be used.)

Chinaware.

Civilian defense devices: any device, equip-ment, instrument, preparation or other ma-terial designed or adapted for use in connection with:

a. Air raid warnings or detection of the

presence of enemy aircraft; or b. Blackouts or dimouts; or c. The protection of civilians, either individually or collectively, against enemy action or attack.

Clocks and watches.

1 Subject to War Food Order 71 (formerly FD Regulation No. 1) of the War Food Administration.

Clock and watch repair materials including mainsprings.2

Closures and closing devices required for packaging products to be shipped or delivered, as follows:

a. Closures for glass containers.b. Gummed stay and sealing tape, paper and cloth.

c. Paper and paperboard bottle caps, closures, and hoods.

Containers, fabricated (in knock-down or set-up form, whether assembled or unassem-bled) required for packaging products to be shipped or delivered. For the purpose of this item the word "containers" shall not include steel strapping, shipping reels and skids, or any item which is specifically excluded from the following sub-items (such as "shell containers" in sub-item f.). It shall, however, include but is not limited to:

a. Bags, all types, and specialty envelopes (including those made of paper, textile, com-

binations of materials, transparent films, metallic foils, parchment, kraft or sulphite). b. Baskets and hampers. c. Cans, as defined in Order M-81.

d. Collapsible tubes.

e. Cooperage, tight and slack.
f. Fibre cans, fibre tubes (except shell containers), fibre bottles, fibre mailing cases, and fibre drums.

g. Folding and set-up boxes (paperboard). h. Gas cylinders, as defined in M-233.

Glass containers.

Ice cream cans (paperboard) and paraffin cartons and pails.

k. Paper cups and paper food containers, except as permitted by Order L-336.

1. Paper milk containers.

m. Steel shipping drums as defined in Order L-197

n. Wooden and fibre inner containers,
o. Wooden and fibre shipping containers
and parts, as defined in Order P-140.

Corrugated and solid fibre sheets, not con-stituting "fibre shipping containers" as de-fined in Order P-146.

Cutlery, as defined in any order of the L-140 series.

Drums, hard rubber.

Electrical appliances as defined in Order

Electronic heating generators, Electronic intercommunicating systems, including public address systems.

Enameled ware, as defined by Limitation Order L-30-b.

Filing cabinets, wooden.

Fire protective equipment, including only:

Fire hose.

Fire pumps

Fire sprinkler systems. c.

d. Portable fire extinguishers, except pump tank and back pack extinguishers.

e. Fixed, or piped, extinguishing systems.

Flatware.

Frying pans.

Fuel.

Furniture for any use, except furniture

specifically designed for schools.

Galvanized ware and non-metal coated metal articles as governed by Limitation Order L-30-a (except for funnels, oil and gasoline cans having a capacity of from 1 to 5 gallons, inclusive, and flexible spout measures). Glass tableware.

Glass tumblers.

Incandescent photoflash lamps.

Industrial air circulators, new.

Kitchen ware, heavy duty (except ratings applied by a food "processor" as defined in Order L-292) :

a. Bakery utensils;

b. Butcher benches;

c. Butcher blocks;

d. Canopies or hoods; e. Carriers, food; f. Carriers, tray;

Coffee mills and grinders;

Counters, cafeteria, lunch and serving:

Counter protectors; Cutters, french fry;

k. Cutters, meat, bone and fish; 1. Dispensers, milk and cream;

m. Display racks; n. Dough dividers; o. Dough troughs;

p. Knife sharpeners and grinders;

Pans, cold;

Potato mashers;

Potato masners;
Potato and vegetable parers or peelers;
Racks, bread (bakery);
Racks, dump (bakery);
Racks, pans (bakery);

w. Sandwich units; x. Slicers, meat and bread;

Tables, bakers; Tables, cooks, chef, salad and work;

aa. Tables, soiled and clean dish; bb. Toaster stands;

cc. Tray stands;

dd. Trucks, food;

ee. Urn stands;
Insulation blowing machines complete (new only), and the following parts thereof: (a) Internal combustion engines, or elec-

tric motors.

(b) Blowers.(c) Speed reduction units.Kitchen household and miscellaneous articles governed by Limitation Order, L-30-d.

Laboratory instruments and equipment, including parts thereof. (Except ratings assigned by Preference Rating Orders P-43, P-68, P-89 and P-98-b, and ratings assigned pursuant to Order P-56; but those ratings may not be used for items on List A of Order

Lawn mowers, including power and gang mowers

Lighting fixtures, fluorescent (as defined in Order L-78), and electric floodlights Blan-ket MRO ratings of AA-2 or higher may, however, be used.

Lockers, wooden, for offices and factories. Medical, surgical and dental equipment and supplies (except parts for the mainte-nance or repair of existing equipment) including:

a. Anaesthesia and oxygen equipment and accessories;

b. Atomizers:

c. Clinical thermometers;

Crutches; Dental consumable supplies;

f. Dental equipment and appliances (except dental lathes);

g. Diagnostic instruments and apparatus; h. Electric light bulbs for diagnostic in-

struments:

i. Hearing aids; Hospital and medical rubber drug sundries, except surgeons' gloves when acquired in accordance with Appendix III of Order

k. Hospital enamelware and stainless steel

1. Hypodermic needles and syringes; m. Operating and examining room furni-

n. Operating and examining room lights; o. Opthalmic goods.
p. Orthopedic appliances including splints,

belts and trusse q. Physical therapy equipment and sup-

plies; r. Sterilizers:

s. Surgical dressings; t. Suture needles:

u. Sutures: v. X-ray equipment and supplies, including X-ray tubes, X-ray valve tubes, X-ray developing hangers, X-ray timers, and similar supplies and accessories.

Medical, surgical and dental instruments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> It is not contemplated that any preference ratings will be assigned by the War Production Board on Form WPB-541 for clock and watch repair materials including mainsprings.

Medicinal preparations, including vitamins

Monorail system and additions thereto, except one complete addition valued at less than \$200.00.

Pails and tubs, wooden, including wooden

mon pails.

Paper and paperboard and products manufactured therefrom and molded pulp products; excluding carbon paper, tracing paper, reproduction paper, sensitized paper, engineering graph paper, chemically treated paper for engineering use, litmus paper and filter paper and paper tags.

Paper charts for recording instruments.

Pencils, mechanical. Pencils, wood cased.

Pens, fountain. Pen holders.

Pen nibs, steel.

Photographic film sensitized, as controlled by Order L-233.

Photographic papers, sensitized, except blueprint, whiteprint, ozalid, photostat, rectigraph and other line reproduction papers. (See Direction 24 to CMP Regulation 5.)

Pins, common and safety.

Printing and publishing: a. Printed matter including items such as letterheads, envelopes, forms and printed and

ruled stationery;
b. Processed printing plates;
c. Type metal, stereotyping metal and electrotype backing-metal;

d. Printing paper, paperboard and birders board:

e. Book cloth:

f. Blankbook and loose-leaf binders, metal parts and units;

Mechanical bindings.

g. Mechanical bindings. Radio transmitters, receivers and trans-

Refrigeration and air conditioning systems and parts, except as permitted by Order L-38. Screen cloth, metal insect.

Scales, Class D, as defined in Order L-190. Signal and alarm equipment, including:

a. Central Station, proprietary, auxiliary and automatic fire alarms;

b. Watchman's time recording, burglar, bank vault, holdup and intrusion systems.

Slide rules, precision engineering, having a list price of \$7.50 or more.

Tire retreading, recapping and repair equipment, including full circle and sectional air

Venetian blinds. Wooden shelving.

Woodworking machinery, Class I, as defined in Order L-311.

Note: Lists A and B of this regulation will, in general, be revised on or about the 15th of every second month. Another revision may be expected February 15, 1944.

# INTERPRETATION 1

Interpretation 1 of Priorities Regulation 3 [Revoked Nov. 17, 1943.]

# INTERPRETATION 2

EFFECT OF LISTS A AND B ON UNFILLED ORDERS

The restrictions on the use of ratings for the items on Lists A and B apply to orders for such items which had been placed before the date the item was put on the list but were not yet filled. (Issued Nov. 17, 1943.)

# INTERPRETATION 3

# FIRE PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

The term "Fire protective equipment" on List B of Priorities Regulation 3 includes only the end items listed and does not include materials or parts required for the repair or

maintenance of those items.

For example, fire pumps and fire sprinkler systems are listed and therefore may not be obtained on blanket MRO ratings, whereas a

part required to repair a pump or sprinkler system may be obtained on blanket MRO ratings. Similarly, blanket MRO ratings may not be used to extend an existing sprinkler system, but such ratings may be used to repair or replace sprinkler heads which have been opened up by fire or damaged in any other way. (Issued Oct. 21, 1944.)

# INTERPRETATION 4

### CMPL-224 AND CMPL-127 AUTHORIZATIONS

A great many orders of the War Production Board permit the delivery of materials pursuant to preference ratings assigned by a P-19-h Order, or by an order in the P-19 series. Forms CMPL-224 and CMPL-127 are generally used in place of orders in the P-19 series. It is expressly stated on Form CMPL-224:

"This authorization is issued in lieu of preference rating order of the P-19 series. Any reference in any order of the War Production Board to said preference rating orders shall constitute a reference to this authoriza-

It is set forth in CMPL-127:

"This authorization is issued in lieu of Preference Rating Order P-19-h or P-55. Any reference in any order of the War Production Board to said Preference Rating Order P-19-h or P-55 shall constitute a reference to this authorization.'

Consequently, it is proper for any person to deliver material or equipment pursuant to a rating assigned by Forms CMPL-224 or CMPL-127, if he is permitted under existing orders of the War Production Board to deliver said material pursuant to a rating assigned by a P-19-h order or an order in the P-19 series. (Issued Aug. 13, 1943.)

### INTERPRETATION 5

RESTRICTIONS OF OTHER ORDERS; "MASKING" TAPE

(a) Restrictions of other orders on use of ratings or delivery. The provisions of paragraph (e) relate only to the items which appear on the lists. When any other order of the War Production Board restricts the use of preference ratings to obtain any product. or restricts delivery of a product in any way, those restrictions are applicable even though that product is not listed in Priorities Regu-lation 3 (§ 944.23). This rule specifically ap-plies to the items which were on List C before

the amendment of August 10, 1943.
(b) "Masking" tape. Blanket MRO ratings may be used to get industrial pressure sensitive adhesive tape (paper and cloth), also called "masking" tape. This type of tape is not included in "Gummed stay and

sealing tape, paper and cloth.'

This interpretation is not applicable to adhesive tape backed with cellophane or similar transparent materials derived from cellulose which may not be obtained with blanket MRO ratings. (Issued Dec. 18, 1943.)

# INTERPRETATION 6

EFFECT OF PREFERENCE RATING CERTIFICATE RE-FERRING TO PRODUCT OF A PARTICULAR MANU-FACTURER

(a) When a preference rating certificate in assigning a rating to a product describes the product by its trade name or by the manufacturer's name and catalogue number, the rating may ordinarily be used to get the product from any manufacturer if the model actually obtained is substantially identical in size, operation and function with that

named in the certificate.

(b) The rule stated in the preceding paragraph is consistent with the statement in graph is consistent with the statement in paragraph (c) (2) of Priorities Regulation 3 (§ 944.23), that a preference rating may be applied only to the specific quantities and kinds of material authorized. Ordinarily a reference in a preference rating certificate to a particular product of a particular manufacturer is no more than a shorthand way of describing the product. It is safe to as-

sume, unless the certificate clearly states otherwise, that what is being rated is a cer-tain kind and size of product which may be obtained from any manufacturer who makes that kind and size. If it is intended to confine the rating to a particular product of a particular manufacturer, the certificate should say so explicitly (Issued Sept. 8, 1943.)

### INTERPRETATION 7

LIMITATIONS ON THE RIGHT TO USE RATINGS TO GET MATERIALS PROCESSED

(a) What this interpretation covers. Thisinterpretation explains the limitations on the use of a preference rating assigned to the delivery of a material to get material processed under paragraph (f) (2) (ii) of the regula-

(b) Controlled materials. Preference ratings cannot be used to buy controlled materials (steel, copper, and aluminum in controlled material form) from a producer or warehouse and consequently no rating may be used to get material processed into a controlled material by a producer or warehouse. There is one exception to this general rule which is covered by paragraph (d-1) of CMP Regulation No. 8, which assigns a preference rating to steel producers for use in getting steel processed into a controlled material

(c) Class B products. Paragraph (g) (3) of CMP Regulation No 1 prohibits allotments of controlled materials to B product manufacturers except by the War Production Board and, as explained in Interpretation No. 16 to CMP Regulation No 1, also prohibits a customer from furnishing controlled materials to a B product manufacturer. A special exception to this general rule is provided in Direction 36 to CMP Regulation No. 1. In all cases not covered by the exception, it is improper for a person to furnish controlled materials to a B product manufacturer for processing and consequently no preference rating can be used to get such processing In this connection, attention is called to the fact that all products, whether Class A products or Class B products, which are bought for use as maintenance, repair, or operating supplies are treated as though they were Class B products. This is covered by paragraph (k-1) (2) of CMP Regulation No. 1. As pointed out in Interpretation No. 13 to CMP Regulation No. 1, a Class A repair part is handled on a Class B basis and therefore paragraph (g) (3) of the regulation is ap-

(d) Ratings not to interfere with authorized controlled material orders. While a person who has been assigned a rating to get material may use the rating to get the use of the facilities of a controlled materials producer to have the material processed (if the material, when processed, is not a controlled material) rated orders for the use of a con-trolled materials producer's facilities must not interfere with the acceptance, produc-tion, or delivery of orders which he is per-mitted to fill under paragraph (t) (3) of CMP Regulation No. 1. Attention is called to Interpretation No. 4 to Priorities Regulation No. 1 on this subject. (Issued Nov. 18, 1943.)

# INTERPRETATION 8

# ELECTRONIC INTERCOMMUNICATING SYSTEMS

List B of Priorities Regulation 3 (§ 944.23) forbids the use of blanket MRO ratings to obtain electronic intercommunicating systems. This restriction applies only to getting systems not yet installed. Therefore, blanket MRO ratings may be used to obtain repair parts and materials for existing intercom-municating systems. Also, those blanket MRO ratings which may be used for minor capital additions, may within prescribed dollar limits be used to add stations to an existing intercommunicating system to bring it to its designed capacity. Thus, if an intercommunicating system is designed for 16 stations, with only 12 stations originally installed, four stations may be added by the use of blanket MRO ratings. However, an expansion beyond the 16 stations, or any enlargement of or an extension beyond the designed capacity, may not be obtained by use of blanket MRO ratings.

In conjunction with the above interpretation, it should be pointed out that a related
item, signal and alarm equipment, also appears on List B of Priorities Regulation 3.
With respect to signal and alarm equipment,
blanket MRO ratings may be used to get parts
and materials for repair and maintenance of
existing equipment. However, since signal
and alarm equipment is generally installed
without a specific margin of unused designed
capacity, no additions or extensions by the
use of blanket MRO ratings are permitted.
(Issued Oct. 21, 1944.)

### INTERPRETATION 9

CERTAIN MRO RATINGS ASSIGNED UNDER P-98-D ARE NOT BLANKET MRO RATINGS

Paragraph (e) (2) of Priorities Regulation 3 prohibits the use of a "Manket MRO rating" to get any item on List B. See that paragraph for a definition of a "blanket MRO rating". Some of the items which are on List B also appear on Schedule B of Preference Rating Order P-98-b. That schedule provides a way to get a rating for the items which appear on it so that such P-98-b ratings will not be "blanket MRO ratings". These ratings are assigned to specific purchase orders for a specific kind and quantity of the material desired.

Therefore, when a rating assigned pursuant to Schedule B of P-98-b (as evidenced by the symbol MRO-P-3) is applied to a purchase order for any item which is set out on Schedule B of that order that rating is valid, despite the fact the item is also on List B of Priorities Regulation 3.

The order does not require the purchaser to furnish a copy of his approved purchase order to the supplier, and the supplier should give effect to the rating and certification unless he knows or has reason to believe that the purchase order has not been rated as provided in Schedule B of Order P-98-b. (Issued Jan. 24, 1944.)

# INTERPRETATION 10

USE OF RATING TO OBTAIN LEASED MACHINERY

(a) A preference rating which has been assigned for the delivery of an item of machinery or equipment may be used to lease the equipment as long as the following conditions are fulfilled:

(1) The lease must be a long-term semipermanent arrangement where both parties contemplate the comparatively permanent installation of the machine or equipment. For instance, a rating could be used to obtain a machine under lease where the lease was for one year, with provision for renewal at the end of each year, and both parties expected that the lease would be renewed from time to time. However, the rating could not be used to obtain a machine for a month's use.

(2) If the rating is limited by specific dollar amount, it may be used only to lease machinery or equipment whose fair market value is no greater than the amount specified. For example, CMP Regulation No. 5 assigns a rating for the purchase of minor capital additions not exceeding \$500. This rating can be used to lease a machine if its fair market value is not more than \$500.

(b) If the instrument assigning the ratings specifies a lease rather than a purchase, it is not necessary to comply with the above conditions. (Issued April 25, 1944.)

# INTERPRETATION 11

IDENTIFICATION OF BLANKET MRO RATINGS

Generally speaking, ratings accompanied by the symbol "MRO" are blanket MRO ratings when they are applied to get an item on List B of Priorities Regulation 3. Therefore, any person receiving an order for a List B item bearing a rating accompanied by the symbol "MRO" must assume that the rating is a blanket MRO rating and give it no effect, unless the person who applied or extended it demonstrates (1) that it is not a blanket MRO rating or (2) that it is an extension of a blanket MRO rating applied on an order which was filled before the item was added to List B. (See paragraph (e) (2) of Priorities Regulation 3 for definition of "blanket MRO rating.")

It should not be assumed, however, that all

It should not be assumed, however, that all blanket MRO ratings are accompanied by the "MRO" symbol. Several "P" and "U" Orders assign blanket MRO ratings which are accompanied by symbols other than "MRO." For example, a blanket MRO rating is assigned by Preference Rating Order P-68, but the symbol accompanying the rating is "S-8".

The question has been raised whether the War Production Board assigns the symbol "MRO" in connection with the assignment of a rating on Form WPB-541 (PD-1A) for a List B item. The answer to this question is "No." Therefore, no rating which was assigned on Form WPB-541 for a List B item could properly be accompanied by the "MRO" symbol. (Issued April 25, 1944.)

### INTERPRETATION 12

### RECORDS OF EXPORTERS

Paragraph (g) (5) of Priorities Regulation No. 3 requires each person who applies or extends a rating to keep all documents including preference rating orders and certificates which authorize him to apply or extend the rating at his regular place of business. The Foreign Economic Administration and its predecessors, the Board of Economic Warfare and the Office of Economic Warfare and the Office of Economic Warfare, have assigned preference ratings to exporters for export by endorsing appropriate legends upon export licenses. The original of every export license, however, is required by other government regulations to be surrendered to export officials at the time of shipment. Consequently, persons who receive their assignments of preference ratings on export licenses are not in a position to retain the original of the export license and thus are not required to do so by paragraph (g) (5) except only in those cases where other government regulations do not require the surrender to the government of the documents referred to. (Issued April 25, 1944.)

# INTERPRETATION 13

# TIME LIMIT ON USE OF RATINGS

Preference ratings may not be extended to replace material in inventory after three months from the time delivery was made to the customer. This is the rule of paragraph (h) (1) of the regulation.

When a rating is being applied (except a blanket rating such as one assigned by CMP Regulation 5) or when any rating is extended for some purpose other than to replace inventory, this may be done only within a reasonable time after the rating was received. Generally speaking, more than three months is deemed to be an unreasonable delay in the use of a rating. In a particular case there may be circumstances which make a reasonable time shorter or longer than three months. For example,

(1) A rating assigned to a construction project on a form which says when the rating expires (such as GA-1456 or CMPL 593) may be applied for material going into the project

until the expiration date stated, even though more than three months may have elapsed.

(2) A rating assigned in connection with an export license may be applied as long as the license is valid and expires when the license expires or is revoked. (For explanation of this rule see Interpretation 2, Directive 27.)

(3) When a rating is applied to a long term contract (such as the construction of a ship), it may be extended for material needed to fill the contract, even though more than three months have elapsed.

(4) If the purpose for which the rating was assigned no longer exists, the rating may not be applied even though three months have not elapsed.

(5) When a rating is extended by a person to get material to deliver to his customer, or to incorporate in such material, the time within which it may be done will, in general, be controlled by the delivery date on his customer's order.

The fact that a person has not been able to get his rated order accepted by a supplier does not lengthen the time within which he may use his rating. (Issued June 23, 1944.)

[F. R. Doc. 45-274; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:27 a. m.]

PART 3286—MISCELLANEOUS MINERALS [General Conservation Order M-181 as Amended Jan. 4, 1945]

### DIAMOND DIES

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of diamond dies for defense, for private account, and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense;

§ 3286.46 General Conservation Order M-181—(a) Definitions. For the purposes of this order:

(1) "Diamond die" means any diamond which has a hole through it and which is designed for use in the drawing of wire.

(2) "Small diamond die" means a diamond die with a hole of a diameter of 0.0015 inch or smaller.

(3) "Supplier" means any person who engages in the importation, processing, or sale of diamond dies, or any person, other than a consumer, who owns or has possession of one or more diamond dies.

(4) "Processing" means drilling, piercing, and polishing a diamond for use as a diamond die.

(5) "Consumer" means any person who uses a diamond die for the purpose of drawing wire.

(b) Restrictions on suppliers of small diamond dies—(1) Reserve. Each supplier is hereby directed to set aside his entire stock of small diamond dies, including stocks received after July 1, 1942 from any source, as a reserve for the fulfillment of present and future defense orders, and such other orders and uses as may be authorized from time to time by the War Production Board.

(2) Allocations. No supplier shall make deliveries or withdrawals from

such reserve either to fill orders received from customers or for purposes of his own processing or use except as authorized or directed by the War Production Board. The War Production Board will from time to time allocate the supply of small diamond dies and may specifically direct: the persons to whom deliveries shall be made and from whom deliveries shall be received; the manner, amounts, and times of such deliveries; the persons who may process, and the manner, amounts, sizes, and times of processing; and the particular uses which may or may not be made. Such allocations and directions will be made to insure the satisfaction of the defense requirements of the United States, both direct and indirect, and they may be made in the discretion of the War Production Board without regard to any preference ratings assigned to particular contracts or purchase orders.

(c) Restrictions on consumers. Unless specifically directed or authorized by the War Production Board, no consumer after July 1, 1942, shall sell or deliver any small diamond dies to any other person, except Defense Supplies Corporation, or any other Federal agency organized pursuant to section 5 (d) of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation

Act, as amended.

(d) Reports. All persons affected by this order shall file such reports as may be required from time to time by the War Production Board, subject to the approval of the Bureau of the Budget pursuant to the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(e) Miscellaneous provisions. (1) Applicability of regulations. This order and all transactions affected hereby are subject to all applicable provisions of War Production Board regulations as amend-

ed from time to time.

(2) Communications to War Production Board. All reports required to be filed hereunder, and all communications concerning this order, shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Miscellaneous Minerals Division, Washington 25, D. C. Ref:

(3) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assist-

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-279; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:28 a. m.]

PART 3290-TEXTILE, CLOTHING, AND LEATHER

[Conservation Order M-328, as Amended Jan. 4, 1945]

PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO TEXTILES, CLOTH-ING AND RELATED PRODUCTS

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created shortages in the supplies of textiles, clothing, leather and related products for defense, for private account and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3290.118 Conservation Order M-328-(a) Restrictions on preference ratings for textiles, clothing, leather, etc. (This paragraph states conditions which must be met to make ratings for items on Schedule A valid. However, even though a rating is not valid for the items, this does not prevent anyone from filling a purchase order if he can do so without disregarding valid ratings on other purchase orders or disregarding other orders or directions of the War Production Board.)

No person shall apply, extend or give any effect to any preference rating heretofore or hereafter assigned, applied, or extended to the delivery of any item on

Schedule A unless:

(1) The rating has been assigned by a preference rating form or letter issued by or under the authority of the War Production Board to a named applicant and the form or letter specifically describes the item and specifies the quantity, description and type which may be obtained by the rating. No rating assigned by any L. M. P or other order, by any regulation (such as CMP-5 or CMP-5A), or on Form CMPL-150, CMPL-200 or CMPL-201 shall be valid for any item on Schedule A, except as permitted by paragraph (a) (2), (a) (3) or (a) (4). For example, the rating for any fabric to comply with this subparagraph must be assigned on a War Production Board form or letter naming the person to whom the rating is assigned and stating the yardage, type and construction of the fabric for which the rating is assigned.

(2) The rating has been assigned by or pursuant to a form, order or regulation of the War Production Board and is used to obtain the item for direct or ultimate delivery to, or for incorporation into any material for ultimate delivery to the Army or Navy of the United States (including military exchanges and service departments when the order is rated in accordance with Priorities Regulation 17), the Maritime Commission or War Shipping Administration, (including marine distributors pursuant to authorization by the Maritime Commission on

Form WPB-646). A delivery to an establishment or ship operated under contract with one of those agencies is not in itself a direct or ultimate delivery to the Army, Navy, Maritime Commission or War Shipping Administration.

(3) The rating has been assigned by or pursuant to any supplement to this order or the particular order specified

after the item on Schedule A.

(4) The material to be delivered is actually required as, or is required for incorporation in, a functioning part of industrial machinery and is one of the following numbered items on Schedule A: 1, 3 (except Seine cord, hawser cord and other cabled cord), 4, 12.

SCHEDULE A-MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS COV-ERED BY CONSERVATION ORDER M-328

Note: Schedule A amended Jan. 4, 1945.

1. Animal bristles and hair.

2. Clothing, footwear (including safety shoes, hats, gloves, and all other outer or under garments or apparel, if made in whole or in part of leather or textile yarn, staple fiber or fabrics. However, this order does not apply to rubber footwear, professional rubber gloves, or to the following items when such items are specifically designed and used to furnish protection against occupational hazards (other than weather).

Asbestos clothing. Gauntlet type welders' leather gloves and mittens, and electricians' leather protector or cover gloves.

Metal mesh gloves, aprons and sleeves. Other safety leather gloves or mittens, but only if steel-stitched or steel-reinforced. Plastic and fiber safety helmets.

Safety belts and harnesses

Safety clothing impregnated or coated for the purposes of making the same resistant against fire, acids or other chemicals or abrasives

Safety industrial leather clothing other

than gloves or mittens,

Safety industrial rubber gloves and hoods, and linemen's rubber gloves and sleeves. 3. Cotton, wool and synthetic yarns and blends of the foregoing L-282, M-317.

4. Woven, felted, knitted and braided fabrics of cotton, wool or synthetic yarns and blends of the foregoing, including but not limited to:

Bedsheets. Pillow cases. Blankets. Towels. Diapers.

Face cloths. Table 'linens' M-166, M-298, M-317, M-385,

5. Dyestuffs (defined in Conservation

Order M-103).
6. The following metal shoe findings:

Arch supports. Box toes and caps. Heel rims and plates.

Heel washers.

Shoe shanks Toe rims and plates.

Steel wire shoe nails.

7. Hides, skins, furs and leather and products made primarily therefrom (subject to additional restrictions of M-310).

8. Manila, agave, istle, hemp (cannabis sativa), jute, coir yarn and other fibers, suitable for cordage (rope and twine), and cordage products made primarily therefrom. P-56, P-98-b, M-84.

9. Mops.

10. Slide fasteners.

11. Sponges, marine and loofa.

12. Textile fibers (animal, vegetable, or synthetic, including curied istle) and products made primarily from textile fibers or textiles. This order does not apply to fabrics after they have been coated, or impregnated, fire hose, fire hose jackets, sisal processors' mill waste or sisal bagasse. M-85, M-317.

13. Steel tacks (except thumb tacks).

13. Steel tacks (except thumb tacks).

14. Synthetic rubber thread and products made therefrom.

(b) How ratings must be applied and extended. (1) Priorities Regulation 3 states rules and restrictions on the use of all preference ratings. When a rating is used, the standard certification described in Priorities Regulation 7 or the certification described in Priorities Regulation 3 must be put on a purchase order for a Schedule A item. In addition, the purchaser must use one of the following applicable certifications (with the blanks properly filled in):

(i) If the rating is assigned by an order listed on Schedule A, the special certification, if any, required by that order

shall be added.

(ii) If the rating is assigned by an order listed on Schedule A, but the listed order does not require a special certification, the following shall be added:

This rating is assigned by Order \_\_\_\_.
[Insert number of order listed opposite the item on Schedule A.]

(iii) If the rating is assigned through the Foreign Economic Administration, the following shall be added:

This rating is assigned in connection with Export License No. \_\_\_\_\_ or Release Certificate No. \_\_\_\_\_.

[Insert license or release certificate number.]

(iv) In all other cases the following shall be added:

This rating can be used under M-328.

(2) No rating permitted by paragraph (a) (1), (a) (3) or (a) (4) above, which is applied to get a Schedule A item, shall be extended for any other Schedule A However, in the case of ratings permitted by paragraph (a) (1), the rating may be extended if the form or letter specifically permits the extension of the rating for and fully describes the other Schedule A item. (For example, a rating which is applied to get fabric may not be extended to get yarn, except that in a case where the rating is permitted by paragraph (a) (1), the rating may be extended if the form or letter states that it may and also states the specific quantity, count, etc. The rating may also be extended for yarn if the fabric is for an Army, Navy, Maritime Commission or War Shipping Administration (including marine distributors pursuant to authorization by the Maritime Commission on Form WPB-646) order, as permitted by paragraph (a) (2). This paragraph shall not prevent the extension of a rating for finished fabrics to get fabrics in the gray state.

(c) Specific directives. The war Production Board may issue specific directions to individual producers or processors of items listed in Schedule A, with

respect to the production, fabrication, processing or delivery of items to meet particular military or civilian requirements, and no producer or processor shall produce, fabricate, process, deliver or accept delivery contrary to directions.

(d) Equitable distribution. (This paragraph does not apply to sales by retailers, inasmuch as the Fair Distribution Policy for retailers is defined in Declaration of Policy of July 15, 1943.) Preference ratings are given to certain orders to further the war program. It is the policy of the War Production Board that items listed in Schedule A not required to fill rated orders shall be distributed equitably. In making such distribution due regard should be given to essential civilian needs, and there should be no discrimination in the acceptance or filing of orders as between persons who meet the seller's regularly established prices and terms of sale or payment.

Under this policy every seller of the items, so far as practicable, should make available an equitable proportion of his merchandise to his customers periodically, without prejudice because of their size, location or relationship as affiliated

outlets.

It is not the intention to interfere with established channels and methods of distribution unless necessary to meet war or essential civilian needs. If voluntary observance of the policy outlined is inadequate to achieve equitable distribution, the War Production Board may issue specific directions to named concerns. A failure to comply with a specific direction shall be deemed a violation.

(e) Rejects, over-runs and seconds— Definitions. "Reject" means a (1) Definitions. Schedule A item which was obtained or produced with priorities assistance and which cannot be used for the purpose for which the priorities assistance was given, or which was made to fill a rated order and (i) is so defective that it will be refused if tendered, (ii) the purchaser has refused, or (iii) the purchaser has notified the seller will be refused because of defects, failure to deliver on time, or termination of the procurement of the United States Government or any of its agencies for which the product was ordered. The term includes seconds, over-runs, and by-products, but does not include waste, scrap or cuttings normally generated in a manufacturing process.

A "Second" is a Schedule A item which was obtained or produced with priorities assistance and which cannot be used for the purpose for which the priorities assistance was given, or which was made to fill a rated order, but not actually offered or tendered to the purchaser because not first quality goods.

cause not first quality goods.

An "Over-run" is a Schedule A item which was obtained or produced with priorities assistance and which cannot be used for the purpose for which the priorities assistance was given, or which was made to fill a rated order but not delivered because it is in excess of the quantity actually needed for the order which it was made to fill.

A "By-product" is anything produced in whole or in part from another reject.

"Priorities assistance" means a preference rating, allocation, specific direction, CMP allotment, or any other action of the War Production Board used to obtain a material or product.

(2) No one may purposely make a reject. No manufacturer, processor or converter shall manufacture, process or order any product on Schedule A which he knows or should know will be a reject. This paragraph does not prohibit the production of seconds, over-runs or by-products to the extent that they are unavoidable in the manufacturer's operations.

(3) Restrictions on the disposition and use of rejects. The following rules govern the disposition and use of rejects, regardless of Section 944.11 of Priorities Regulation 1:

(i) No manufacturer, processor or converter shall dispose of or use a reject listed on Schedule B, and no one shall accept delivery of such a reject, except

as permitted by that schedule;

(ii) Subject to all restrictions contained in other orders of the War Production Board, any reject listed on Schedule A, but not listed on Schedule B, may be disposed of for use in the United States or to fill a rated order, or may be used for any purpose by the holder of the reject;

(iii) In any event, "special sales" (as defined in Priorities Regulation 13) of rejects may be made only in accordance with the provisions of Priorities Regulation 13."

(4) How to get needed permission to dispose of a reject. Any manufacturer who under the terms of this order needs specific permission to dispose of a reject may apply by letter to the War Production Board stating (where applicable) the number of the contract, the amount of material to be produced under it, the kinds of such material, a detailed statement of quantities and kinds of rejects. a copy of the rejection, and a statement of the efforts he has made to dispose of the rejects to the buyer. If the War Production Board decides he ought to be allowed to dispose of the reject, it will give him specific instructions.

(5) Effect of specific instructions on disposition. The War Production Board may issue specific instructions in writing to anyone respecting the use and disposition of rejects. These instructions may relate to rejects not yet manufactured on the date of their issuance. They must be obeyed even if they conflict with other provisions of this order.

(6) Reports. Manufacturers of textile, clothing and leather products shall report their rejects at such times and in such manner as the War Production Board may from time to time require, subject to the approval of the Bureau of the Budget pursuant to the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(7) Records. All persons affected by this order shall keep for at least two (2) years records showing the quantities and kinds of rejects produced by them and the disposition thereof.

SCHEDULE B-REJECTS WHICH MAY BE DELIV-ERED ONLY ON SPECIFIC AUTHORIZATION OF THE WAR PRODUCTION BOARD

Note: Schedule B amended Jan. 4, 1945.

The following types of rejects may be sold or used by the holder of the reject on an order bearing a rating as high as or higher than the one on which the material or product was acquired or produced or that on which the material or product was originally to be sold or used; otherwise, the holder must apply for specific authorization of the War Production Board to sell or use the

Cotton, wool and synthetic yarn, and blends of the foregoing

Manila, agave, istle, hemp, raffia, jute, coir, and other fibers suitable for cordage: and cordage products made primarily

Materials obtained with priorities assistance assigned by or under Conservation Order M-328B, M-385, M-317, M-317A and M-317B, or directions or supplements thereto.

Sponges, marine and loofa

Synthetic rubber thread and products made therefrom

Textile fibers and products made primarily from textile fibers or of textiles

Woven, felted, knitted and braided fabrics of cotton, wool, or synthetic yarns and blends of the foregoing.

The following types of rejects may be sold or used by the holder of the reject only on specific authorization of the War Production

Equipage: Military luggage and sleeping bags

Feathers, waterfowl, new

Kapok

Tanning materials, vegetable

NOTE: Regarding the disposition of reject hides, skins, furs and leather and products made primarily therefrom, see paragraphs (b) (3), (b) (4) and (b) (5) of Conservation Order M-310.

[Schedule C deleted Jan. 4, 1945.]

(f) Exceptions from restrictions on "cutbacks" or terminations. The War Production Board in any case where it finds that, by reason of cut-backs or terminations of Government contracts or subcontracts, compliance with any restriction on the manufacture, use, sale or delivery of any item on Schedule A would cause a loss of production or interfere with the filling of civilian orders, may grant temporary exceptions from such restriction.

(g) Miscellaneous provisions—(1) Applicability of regulations. Except as otherwise provided herein, this order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable regulations of the War Production Board as amended from time to time.

(2) Violations and false statements. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(3) Communications. All reports to be filed hereunder and communications concerning this order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to the War Production Board, Textile, Clothing and Leather Bureau, Washington 25, D. C.,

(4) Appeals. (i) Any appeal from the provision of paragraphs (c), (d) or (e) of this order shall be made by filing a letter in triplicate, referring to the particular provision appealed from, and stating fully the grounds of the appeal.

(ii) An appeal for suspension of a production direction dealing with an item on Schedule A may be made (whether or not such direction is issued under this order) on the ground that compliance with the action will result in production at a loss: Provided, That an application for price relief on that ground is first filed with the Secretary of the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., and a copy is filed with the WPB appeal. If the WPB appeal is granted, requirements of a direction for increases above current production will be suspended until the decision of the Office of Price Administration upon the application for price relief. This paragraph does not indicate or limit the extent or kind of price relief, if any, which may be granted by the Office of Price Administration.

(iii) No direction or order relating to items on Schedule A (whether or not it refers to M-328) shall be deemed to require the furnishing of materials or facilities to the War Production Board. If a direction requires the furnishing of materials or facilities to a contracting agency or to a war contractor, or the production of a specified amount of a material or product, or restricts all or a part of a person's production or inventory to specified purposes, and if the person affected cannot get firm orders to cover the materials, facilities, production or inventory involved, he may appeal, and the War Production Board will grant appropriate relief.

(5) Reports. Every person shall execute and file with the War Production Board such reports and questionnaires as it shall from time to time request with respect to items listed on Schedule A, subject to the approval of the Bureau of the Budget pursuant to the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

### INTERPRETATION I

RATINGS FOR TWINE AND WRAPPING MATERIALS

Ratings for twine and other materials on Schedule A of M-328 used for wrapping must conform to the conditions specified in paragraph (a) of the order to be valid.

Such materials used to wrap products are not incorporated into the product which is wrapped. Therefore, a rating which can be used to get material to be incorporated into product cannot be used to get twine with which to wrap the product even though the product is going to be delivered to one of the Government agencies mentioned in paragraph (a) (2). [Issued March 23, 1944].

[F. R. Doc. 45-275; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:27 a. m.]

PART 3291—CONSUMERS DURABLE GOODS [Limitation Order L-13-a, Revocation]

METAL FURNITURE AND FIXTURES

Section 3291.50 Limitation Order L-

13-a is hereby revoked.

This revocation does not affect any liability accrued under the order. The use of metal in furniture and fixtures is governed by Order L-13-b issued simultaneously with this revocation.

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-277; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:27 a. m.]

PART 3291—CONSUMERS DURABLE GOODS [Order L-13-b]

USE OF METAL IN FURNITURE AND FIXTURES

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of materials and facilities used in the production of furniture and fixtures for defense, for private account and for export, and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3291.51 Limitation Order L-13-b— (a) What this order does. This order governs the use of metal in making furniture and fixtures. Orders L-13-a and L-62 formerly controlled the use of metal in such products.

(b) Definitions. For the purposes of this order:

(1) "Furniture and fixtures" means all articles shown on List I, and all other articles commonly known as furniture. "Furniture and fixtures" do not include

any products on List II.

(2) "Preferred order" means any purchase order or contract calling for delivery to or for the account of the Army or Navy of the United States, the Veterans Administration, the United States Maritime Commission or the War Shipping Administration, including an order for furniture or fixtures which will be incorporated into a product or building to be delivered to one of those agencies.

(c) Use of metal controlled by this order. No person may use any metal in making or assembling new furniture or fixtures. Exceptions to this rule are stated in paragraphs (d) through (k).

(d) Aluminum and magnesium not restricted. The use of aluminum and magnesium in making furniture and fixtures is not limited by this order.

(e) Swivel irons, castors, upholstery springs and joining hardware exempt. This order does not limit the use of iron and steel (or aluminum or magnesium) contained in swivel irons, castors, upholstery springs and joining hardware. Joining hardware means nails, bolts, screws, clasps, rivets and other small hardware used for joining and similar purposes. The use of metal upholstery springs is governed by Order L-260-a.

(f) Metal up to 5% of weight permitted for any article. This order does not limit the production of any article of furniture or fixtures containing 5% or less of metal (other than aluminum and magnesium) by weight, in addition to joining hardware, swivel irons, castors and uphol-

stery springs.

(g) Substitution of metal for wood permitted under certain conditions. Any person currently making furniture subject to Order L-260-a may substitute metal parts for wood within the limits explained in that order.

(h) Exemption for preferred orders. This order does not limit the use of metal in furniture or fixtures made to fill pre-

ferred orders actually on hand. (i) Visible reference panels. Visible reference panels may be made from iron and steel (as well as aluminum or magnesium), but no manufacturer may use in any calendar quarter more iron and steel in making them than 10% of the amount he used for them in the twelve months ending June 30, 1941. This quota is in addition to any visible refer-

ence panels made for preferred orders.

(j) Reuse of metal or metal parts is not restricted. This order does not restrict the reuse in making or assembling furniture or fixtures of any metal and metal parts which have once been used in any completed article of furniture or

fixtures.

products.

(k) Applications under Priorities Regulation 25-(1) Furniture manufacturers or assemblers. Any person who wants to use more metal in making or assembling furniture or fixtures than he is permitted to use in this order may apply for permission to do so as explained in Priorities Regulation 25. If he receives a deferred allotment (an allotment identified with a CMP allotment symbol whose initial letter is "Z"), he may use it only to obtain controlled materials for his own use in making metal parts. Even though the metal parts he expects to use may be Class A products, he may not make a deferred allotment of controlled materials to his supplier to make the parts.

(2) Applications by producers of metal parts for furniture or fixtures. Any person who wants to obtain controlled materials for use in making metal parts for furniture or fixtures may apply under Priorities Regulation 25. He may not accept deferred allotments for making such parts from his customer, even though the parts may be Class A

(1) Finished item deliveries. No person shall deliver, offer for sale, or accept delivery of any furniture or fixtures which he knows or has reason to believe were made or assembled in violation of this order.

(m) Reports. Every manufacturer who makes furniture or fixtures to fill preferred orders must file Form WPB-1600 with the War Production Board, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: L-13-b, according to the instructions accompanying that form.

(n) Applicability of other orders and regulations. This order and all trans-actions affected by it are subject to all applicable regulations of the War Production Board. If any other order of the War Production Board limits the use of any material in the production of furniture and fixtures to a greater extent than this order does, the other order shall govern.

(o) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assist-

(p) Communications. All reports required to be filed hereunder, and all communications concerning this order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to the War Production Board, Consumers Durable Goods Division, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: L-13-b.

NOTE: The application and reporting requirements in this order have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget under the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

This list includes certain items of furniture and fixtures subject to this order. It is not intended to be all-inclusive as far as furniture is concerned.

1. Household furniture.

- 2. Porch and lawn furniture including swings and gliders, except juvenile swings.
- Camp furniture.
- Office furniture. Restaurant furniture.
- Public building furniture, including furniture for schools, theatres, assembly halls, churches, libraries, hospitals.
- 7. Barber shop and beauty shop furniture, except barber chairs.
- 8. Folding furniture, such as chairs, tables,

luggage racks.

- 9. Storage chests and cabinets, including but not limited to broom cabinets, kitchen cabinets and cupboards, medicine cabinets, utility cabinets and undersink cabinets.
- 10. Porcelain table tops.
- 11. Filing cabinets, whether insulated or not.
- 12. Lockers, including wire gymnasium bas-

13. Office counters.

14. Cash boxes and other boxes and chests designed for storing valuables.

Safe deposit boxes.

Safes. 17. Shelving.

18. Show cases.

19. Trays and wire baskets designed for desk

20. Visible reference and record equipment. 21. Venetian blinds containing 15 ounces or

more of metal per blind.

22. The following porch and outdoor articles:

a. Beach and lawn umbrellas.

b. Ferneries.

c. Ornamental awning supports. d. Ornamental wall brackets hangers.

e. Refreshment carts.

- f. Sand boxes.
- g. Sun-shades.
- h. Sun tans.

i. Urns.

23. The following miscellaneous articles:

a. Ash trays.b. Baby seats and hammocks for use in

automobiles.

- c. Broom racks.
  d. Clothes and linen hampers.
- e. Coat and hat racks.
- f. Door mats.
- g. Flower vases.
- h. Mirror frames. i. Picture frames.
- Radiator covers.
- k. Sand urns. 1. Shoe racks.
- m. Smoking stands.
- n. Tea wagons.
- o. Waste paper baskets.

#### LIST II

This list includes certain items not covered by this order.

- 1. Beds, cots, studio couches, sofa beds... bunks, berths, mattresses and bed
- springs.
  2. Venetian blinds containing less than 15 ounces of metal per blind.
- 3. Filing cabinets with metal only in essential operating steel hardware and joining hardware.

4. Office chairs with metal only in swivel irons, upholstery springs, casters and joining hardware.

5. Typewriter desks with metal only in typewriter mechanisms and joining hardware:

6. Typewriter and office machine stands which are integral parts of the machines they support.

Time card racks.

8. Hospital, medical and surgical furniture and related equipment subject to Order L-214, Schedule 3.

9. Dental equipment.

10. Laboratory equipment subject to Order L-144.

11. Refrigerators.

- 12. Drafting equipment.
- 13. Engineering drawing units designed primarily for engineering drawings and tracings and sometimes known as plan files.
- 14. Printing trades machinery subject to the Order L-226.
- 15. Steel seating equipment designed for use at a switchboard, work bench, production machine, or assembly line.
- 16. Steel work benches where required for safety.
- 17. Steel foremen's desks.
- 18. Shop boxes.
- 19. Stacking boxes.
- 20. Tool cases.
- 21. Tool room shelving inserts.
- [F. R. Doc. 45-276; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:27 a. m.]

PART 3291-CONSUMERS DURABLE GOODS [Limitation Order L-62, Revocation]

METAL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Section 3291.55 Limitation Order L-62 is hereby revoked.

This revocation does not affect any liability accrued under the order. The use of metal in household furniture is governed by Order L-13-b issued simultaneously with this revocation.

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

F. R. Doc. 45-278; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:28 a. m.]

PART 3291—CONSUMERS DURABLE GOODS [Limitation Order L-260-a, as Amended Jan. 4, 1945]

# FURNITURE AND FURNITURE PARTS

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States, has created a shortage in the supply of wood and other critical materials for defense, for private account and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3291.66 General Limitation Order L-260-a-(a) What this order does. This order governs the manufacture and distribution of furniture. It restricts the use of certain materials in the production of furniture both for civilian use, and for all other uses, including Army, Navy or other Governmental orders.

(b) Definitions. For the purposes of

this order:

(1) The term "manufacturer" means any person who makes, assembles, finishes or upholsters any new furniture,
(2) "Furniture" as used in this order

means all articles commonly known as furniture including, but not limited to, products shown on List I, but not includ-

ing products shown on List II.

(3) "Wood" means wooden furniture parts and all sawed lumber including round edge, of any size or grade, whether rough, dressed on one or more sides or edges, dressed and matched, shiplapped, worked to pattern, or grooved for splines. The term does not include veneer and all-veneer constructed plywood, whether produced or purchased by a manufacturer. Neither does it include slabs, edgings, trims and off-falls less than 3 inches wide or less than 4 feet long when purchased in such form.

(4) "Veneer" means, for the purpose of this order and only for the purpose of this order, a layer of wood 3/8 inches or less in thickness whether sawn, sliced or

rotary cut.
(5) "Furniture parts" as used in this order means parts, unassembled or assembled, intended for use in the production of furniture, including but not limited to, dimension parts whether or not cut to size, machined or partially machined, carvings, turnings, venetian blind slats, moldings, lumber cores used

or purchased as such or in the form of plywood.

(6) [Deleted Jan. 4, 1945.]

(7) "Upholstery springs" means any type of spring, intended for use in upholstered furniture, whether flat, coiled or otherwise formed, made of metal, including but not limited to, upholsterer's seat springs, spring cushion units, pillow springs, flat or formed under-constructions, spring constructions, spring supporting bars, edgewire and edgewire clips.

(8) "Upholstered furniture" means padded furniture whether or not con-

taining upholstery springs.

(c) Restrictions on use of wood. During any calendar quarter, no manufacturer shall use in the manufacture and crating of furniture more than 21% of the amount of wood which he used for these combined purposes in the calendar year 1943. Use of wood shall be measured in board feet, and wood shall be considered used in the quarter in which it is first changed from the form in which it was received or is first assembled, finished or upholstered. In computing the amount of wood used in items such as furniture parts or as assembled furniture, bought otherwise than by gross board-foot measurement, a manufacturer may convert it to board feet by any reasonable and consistent method.

(d) Substitution of metal for wood. Any manufacturer who uses wood in the manufacture of furniture in accordance with this order may substitute metal parts for wooden ones in the articles of furniture he is making, subject to the following rules:

(1) He may substitute metal parts for wooden ones in making furniture only to the extent that it does not increase his total production of furniture in any calendar quarter by dollar value over the amount of furniture that he made in the fourth quarter of 1944, unless the increase is authorized under Priorities Regulation 25.

(2) He may not substitute metal parts for wooden ones in any article of furniture which will contain more than 95% of metal by weight after the metal parts have been substituted.

(3) If he wants to make the metal parts himself he should apply for controlled materials under Priorities Regulation 25. If he receives a deferred allotment (an allotment identified with a CMP allotment symbol whose initial letter is "Z") he may use it only to obtain controlled materials for his own use in making parts, and may not make a deferred allotment to his supplier to make parts for him, even though they may be Class A

(e) Restrictions on patterns. (1) [Deleted Oct. 10, 1944]

(2) [Deleted Jan. 4, 1945.]

(3) [Deleted Oct. 10, 1944] (4) [Deleted Oct. 10, 1944]

(5) [Deleted Jan. 4, 1945.]

(f) Restrictions on the use of metal. (1) No manufacturer shall use in the production of upholstered furniture in any calendar quarter more metal upholstery springs than 121/2% by weight of the total weight of metal upholstery springs used by him in the year 1941.

(2) No manufacturer shall use in the production of furniture any steel sheet or strip which is 12 inches or more in

width.

(g) Exemption for small manufacturers. The provisions of paragraphs (c) and (f) do not apply to a manufacturer in any calendar quarter in which the dollar value of the furniture made and assembled by him is less than \$5,000.

(h) Equitable distribution to retailers. It is the policy of the War Production Board that furniture not required to fill rated orders be distributed equitably to retailers giving due regard to established trade connections and also to the needs of dealers whose usual supplies have been cut off and diverted, and to the increased needs of certain areas caused by war conditions. If voluntary compliance with this policy is not found to be sufficient, the War Production Board may issue directions with respect to sales to specified outlets or to outlets in specified areas.

(i) Finished item deliveries. No person shall deliver, offer for sale, or accept delivery of any furniture or furniture part which he knows or has reason to believe was made, assembled or delivered in

violation of this order.

(j) Reports. All persons affected by this order shall execute and file with the War Production Board such reports as the War Production Board may specify from time to time, subject to the approval of the Bureau of the Budget pursuant to the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(k) Applications under Priorities Regulation 25. Any person who wants to use more wood in making and crating furniture than his quota under paragraph (c) (including a person who has no quota), and any person who wants to use more metal upholstery springs in making upholstered furniture than his quota under paragraph (f) (1) (including a person who has no quota) may apply under Priorities Regulation 25 for permission to do so. In addition, any person who substitutes metal parts for wooden ones in the furniture he is making in accordance with paragraph (d), and also wants to increase his production of furniture over the amount that he made in the fourth quarter of 1944 should apply for permission to do so under Priorities Regulation This application should be only for the dollar value of furniture which he proposes to make as an increase and should not include the dollar value which he is presently making. If he obtains a deferred allotment for controlled materials he may not make any allotment to his supplier to make parts for him, even though they are Class A products, but

may use the allotment only to obtain the materials for his own use in making metal parts.

(1) Applicability of regulations and orders. This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable provisions of the regulations of the War Production Board, as amended from time to time. If any other order of the War Production Board limits the use of any material in the manufacture of furniture to a greater extent than this order does, the other order shall govern.

(m) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order. or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(n) Communications. All reports required to be filed hereunder and all communications, other than appeals, concerning this order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to the War Production Board, Consumers Durable Goods Division, Washington 25, D. C., Ref .: L-260-a, as amended.

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

This list includes certain items subject to this order. It is not intended to be all inclusive.

No. Description

Household furniture.

- Porch and lawn furniture including swings and gliders, except juvenile swings.
- 3 Camp furniture.
- Juvenile furniture including baby cribs. high chairs, toilet chairs, nursery toilet seats, and juvenile bathinettes, play pens, and porch and stair gates, table and chair sets, desk sets.
- Office' furniture.
- Restaurant furniture, portable.
- Public building furniture (including furniture for schools, theaters, assem-bly halls, churches, libraries, hospitals.)
- 8 Office, store fixtures and show cases except refrigerated.
- Venetian blinds.
- Barber shop and beauty shop furniture except barber chairs. 10
- Store display stands and cabinets
- Furniture frames.
- 13 Wooden filing cabinets.
- Telephone booths.
- Folding furniture such as tables, chairs, luggage racks.
- Storage chests and utility cabinets other than permanent fixtures.
- 17 Step stools.
- Reed and rattan furniture.

No. 4-3

#### LIST II

This list includes certain items not covered by this order.

#### Item No.

Description

- Furniture containing more than 95% of metal by weight.
- [Deleted Jan. 4, 1945.]
- Bedding products subject to Limitation Order L-49. 3
- Hospital, medical and surgical furniture and related equipment subject to Limitation Order L-214.
- Laboratory equipment subject to Limitation Order L-144.
- Refrigerators.
- Wooden lockers, industrial and institutional.
- Wooden shelving. Wooden factory and industrial equip-
- Fixtures specifically designed to be built in or permanently attached.
- Cafeteria and lunch counters.
- Woodenware. Drafting tables.
- 14 Luggage such as footlockers.

# INTERPRETATION 1

FURNITURE AND FURNITURE PARTS! REMODEL-ING BY INCLUSION OF SPRINGS

Since the revocation of Order L-135 on January 14, 1944, some question has arisen in connection with the remodeling of padded or upholstered furniture produced prior to that date without springs.

A person who remodels such a completely finished and upholstered item of padded furniture by the mere inclusion of upholstery springs is not engaged in the production of uphoistered furniture within the meaning of Order L-260-a, nor is he a "reconditioner" or "repairman" under CMP Regulation No. 9A. However, if a person adds springs to an item of furniture which had not been completely finished and upholstered prior to that date, he is a manufacturer and subject to the restrictions of that order.

Only a limited number of springs are available for this purpose. To the extent that a spring distributor has upholstery springs available which are not required to fill rated orders, he may sell them on unrated orders. (Issued Apr. 18, 1944.)

[F. R. Doc. 45-280; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:28 a. m.]

# PART 3301-CORK, ASBESTOS AND FIBROUS GLASS 1

[Conservation Order M-283, as Amended Jan. 4, 1945]

# ASBESTOS TEXTILES

Section 3301.16 1 Conservation Order M-283 is amended to read:

§ 3301.16 Conservation Order M-283-(a) Definitions. (1) "Asbestos textiles" means any material initially produced from the mineral asbestos by means of a carding operation and includes all such material in the following forms subsequent to the carding operation, including scrap:

Carded fiber.

Plain roving (underwriter's and commer-

Plain roving (above underwriter's grade). Reinforced roving.

Cable filler.

Lapps.

Yarn-single. Yarn-plied

Yarn-metallic.

Cloth-11/4 pounds per square yard and lighter, all weaves Cloth—heavier than 11/4 pounds per square

yard, non-metallic, plain weave.

Cloth—heavier than 1¼ pounds per square yard, metallic, plain weave.

Cloth-all weights, metallic and non-me-

tallic other than plain weave. Tape—.010 to .025" thick.

Tape-1/32" thick and up.

Cord-Plain or treated.

Tubing-woven or braided.

(2) "Supplier" means any person who produces asbestos textiles from the mineral asbestos by means of a carding op-

eration

- (3) "Consumer" means any person who purchases or accepts delivery of asbestos textiles from a supplier for resale, or for use in the manufacture of other forms of asbestos textiles or of articles made in whole or in part of asbestos textiles, or for any other use. A supplier, who uses asbestos textiles which he has produced in the manufacture of any product which is not itself an asbestos textile as defined in paragraph (a) (1), shall be deemed also to be a consumer.
- (4) "Implements of war" means combat end products, complete for tactical operations (including, but not limited to, aircraft, ammunition, armament, weapons, ships, tanks and military vehicles), and any parts, assemblies and materials to be incorporated in any of the foregoing items being produced for the Army or the Navy of the United States, the Maritime Commission, the War Shipping Administration, Veterans Administration, or for any foreign government pursuant to the act approved March 11, 1941, entitled "An Act to Promote the Defense of the United States" (Lend-Lease Act), where the use of any asbestos textiles to the extent employed is required by the latest issue of government specifications (including performance specifications, unless otherwise directed by the War Production Board) applicable to the contract, subcontract, or purchase order. The term does not include facilities or equipment used to manufacture the foregoing items.
- (b) Restrictions on delivery and use. (1) No supplier shall deliver or use asbestos textiles and no person shall accept delivery of asbestos textiles from a supplier, except as specifically authorized in writing by War Production Board, upon application pursuant to paragraph (d)
- (2) War Production Board may from time to time issue special directions to any person with respect to his use, processing to final product, delivery, acceptance of delivery, or placing of orders, of asbestos textiles, notwithstanding the provision of paragraph (c), or special directions to any supplier with respect to the kinds of asbestos textiles which he may or must manufacture, and the grades and types of asbestos fiber which he may or must use in the production of asbestos textiles.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Formerly Part 1172, § 1172.3.

(3) No supplier shall deliver any asbestos textiles to any person if he knows or has reason to believe that such person would receive or use it in violation of the terms hereof, nor may any person deliver or accept delivery of any item which he knows or has reason to believe was manufactured in violation of the terms hereof.

(4) Each supplier shall notify the War Production Board of his inability to make authorized delivery, or of cancellation by a consumer of any authorized delivery, within 5 days after he has notice of such

(c) Small order exemption. Specific authorization shall not be required for:

(1) Any person to accept delivery of 500 pounds or less of asbestos textiles in the aggregate from all sources during any calendar month, provided that he has not been specifically authorized to accept delivery of any quantity of asbestos textiles during such month; and

(2) Any supplier to deliver 500 pounds or less of asbestos textiles to any person in any calendar month, provided

that:

(i) No supplier shall deliver in the aggregate in any calendar month, pursuant to this paragraph (c), an amount in excess of 5 per cent by weight of his actual shipment of asbestos textiles for the preceding month;

(ii) No supplier shall make deliveries during any calendar month, pursuant to this paragraph (c), if such deliveries will prevent completion of any deliveries which have been specifically authorized

for such month,

(3) For the purposes of paragraphs (c) (1) and (c) (2) above, the term "person" means usual purchasing unit, whether plant, distributing agency, cor-

poration or other legal entity.

(d) Applications and reports—(1) Consumers. Each consumer seeking authorization to accept delivery of asbestos textiles during any calendar month shall file application on Form WPB-2137 as prescribed in that form.

(2) Suppliers. Suppliers shall seek authorization to deliver asbestos textiles only to consumers who have filed with them WPB-2137 as prescribed in that form.

(3) Applications for allocations of plain roving, reinforced roving, cable filler, and lapps for incorporation into Navy cable shall be made on a calendar quarterly basis on Form WPB-2137.2 as prescribed therein, beginning with the first quarter of 1945.

Note: Subparagraph (4) formerly (3) redesignated Jan. 4, 1945.

(4) War Production Board may from time to time issue special instructions with respect to the method or time of filing or content of WPB Form 2137.

(e) Separation of functions. Each supplier who consumes all or part of his production of asbestos textiles in the manufacture of any product which is not itself an asbestos textile, as defined in paragraph (a) (1), shall treat the production and consumption parts of his operations as separate divisions, and delivery to himself for consumption shall be deemed delivery, requiring authorization within the meaning of paragraph (b) (1). Each such supplier in his separate capacity as a consumer and as a supplier shall file all the applications and reports required by paragraphs (d) (1), (d) (2) and (d) (3). A supplier who consumes all or any part of his production of asbestos textiles in the manufacture of products which are not asbestos textiles as defined in paragraph (1) must request allocation only for that type of asbestos textile that immediately precedes the manufacturing process which changes its form beyond that shown in the list of asbestos textiles in paragraph (a) (1).

(f) Restrictions on manufacture of List A products. No person shall use any asbestos textile in the manufacture of any item, or part for an item, on List A.

(g) Restrictions on manufacture of List B products. On and after the governing date specified in List B, no person in the manufacture of any item on List B shall use any asbestos textile which is either of a grade (in terms of percentage of asbestos content) higher than the grade specified in List B, or is of a cut finer than the cut specified in List B.

(h) [Revoked Jan. 4, 1945.]

(i) Miscellaneous provisions—(1) Applicability of regulations. This order and all transactions affected hereby are subject to all applicable War Production Board regulations, as amended from time

(2) Forms. Forms WPB-2137 and WPB-2137.2, referred to in paragraph (d), have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with Fed-

eral Reports Act of 1942.

(3) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States government, is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control, and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(4) Communications to War Production Board. All reports required to be filed hereunder, and all communications concerning this order, shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Cork, Asbestos & Fibrous

Glass Division, Washington 25, D. C. Ref: M-283.

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD. By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

RESTRICTED USES OF ASBESTOS TEXTILES UNDER CONSERVATION ORDER M-283, AS AMENDED OCTOBER 11, 1943

#### LIST A

1. Theatre curtains and scenery.

- 2. Vibration eliminators (except for implements of war)
  - 3. Gun covers.
- 4. Radiator hose (except for implements of war)

5. Ammunition containers.

- 6. Fire stops in automotive vehicles, buses, or trucks.
- 7. Covering for heat insulation, except:
  (i) As cuffs not over 12 inches long on pipe
- covering ends next to flanges or fittings where pipe temperature may under normal operating conditions exceed 500 degrees.

(ii) Where outside covering is next to hot metals such as steam boilers or auxiliaries

- (iii) On downcomer piping inside boiler
- (iv) For making portable flanges and fit-
- ting covers.

  8. Yarn for heaters and heater accessories except for implements of war, except for electric heater cords to the extent permitted under Order L-277 as from time to time amended, and except for heater cords to be used in connection with electric soldering
  - 9. Filter sacks for liquids. 10. Parachute flare shields.
- 11. Clutch facing for automotive vehicles (except for implements of war), in accordance with numbers assigned by the Brake Lining Manufacturers Association in B. L. M. A. Catalog as shown in the 1939 edition, the 1940 supplement to the 1939 edition, and the 1941 edition, to-wit:

416	621	637	736A
506	621A	638	736B
516	628	718	738
614	629	719B	821B
620	636	732	827
859	946	985A	1053
862A	953A	937	1056
862B	953C	988	1057
880	953D	988A	1057A
891	953E	990	1057B
*896A	954	990A	1057C
898	955	991	1058
900	955A	991A	1059
902A	955B	991B	1059A
905	956	993	1059B
905A	956A	993A	1068
905D	966	994	1072
905E	967	995	1142B
905F	967A	999	1142C
909	968	1005A	1154A
909A	968B	1007A	1169
909B	969	1008A	1169A
929B	975	1033	1170
929D	979	1047	1173
930-1	980	1047A	1181
940	982	1051	
941A	985	1052	

12. Brake lining in widths less than 2 inches or in thickness less than 1/4 inch (except for implements of war and except for B. L. M. A. Nos. 336 and 341A).

plements of war) Cotober 18, 1943 Commercial 10 3. Friction material Cotober 18, 1943 Commercial 10	Item  1. Laminated plastics	•	Grade (max. % of asbestos) Underwriters	Minimum permissible cut.
3. Friction material October 18, 1943 Commercial 10	plements of war)	October 18, 1943	Commercial	10
	3. Friction material	October 18, 1943	Commercial	10

LIST B

[F. R. Doc. 45-281; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:28 a. m.]

### PART 3290-TEXTILE, CLOTHING AND LEATHER BUREAU

[General Conservation Order M-73, Amdt. 1 to Direction 3, as Amended Dec. 14, 1944]

PRODUCTION AND USE OF WOOL TOP AND VARN

Direction 3 to General Conservation Order M-73 is hereby amended by adding the following paragraph:

5. If in a particular case an applicant establishes that his facilities cannot be used to fill available rated orders, the War Production Board will authorize the applicant to fill unrated orders for a period extending up to thirty days from the initial dates the restrictions, unless extended on a future showing that rated orders are still unavailable.

The full restrictions of Direction 3 shall be applicable except to the extent they are modified by a written authorization.

Applications should be filed in duplicate by letter with the War Production Board, Wool, Cordage and Textile Machinery Di-vision, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-73, Direction 3.

Issued this 1st day of January 1945.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

R. Doc. 45-41; Filed, Jan. 1, 1945; 4:17 p. m.]

# Chapter XI-Office of Price Administration

PART 1305-ADMINISTRATION [Supp. Order 99,1 Amdt. 1]

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES FOR SPECIFIED KNITTED UNDERWEAR GARMENTS MANUFACTURED PURSUANT TO DIRECTION OF THE WAR PRODUCTION BOARD

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Paragraph (a) of § 1305.127 is amended to read as follows:

(a) Who may apply. Any manufacturer required to produce any garment of knitted underwear by direction of War Production Board, pursuant to General Direction No. 1, issued June 8, 1944, or General Direction No. 4, issued December 16, 1944, to Conservation Order No. M-328, may apply for an adjustment of his ceiling price on such garment.

This amendment shall become effective January 3, 1945.

Issued this 3d day of January 1945.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE. Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-228; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 4:44 p. m.]

# PART 1351-FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS [2d RMPR 150,1 Amdt. 4]

FINISHED RICE AND RICE MILLING BY-PRODUCTS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

A new section 10a is added to Second Revised Maximum Price Regulation 150 to read as follows:

SEC. 10a. Maximum prices for sales by dealers of broken or granulated rice for industrial use. (a) A "dealer" in broken or granulated rice for industrial use means a person, not a miller or a business owned or controlled by a miller, who in the base period provided in this section, bought broken or granulated rice for industrial use in carlots, warehoused it and sold it in less than carload lots to industrial users for his own account. The base period for such dealers shall be the twelve month period prior to April 30, 1942. The "quota" for a dealer in any calendar year shall be 100 percent of his sales as a dealer of imported and domestic broken or granulated rice during the base period. For the purposes of this section, a sale of less than 40,000 pounds shall be a less than carlot sale.

(b) The maximum price for sales of broken or granulated rice by a dealer, not in excess of his quota, shall be the maximum price as set forth in section 9 of this regulation, plus 15 cents per 100 pounds, plus in each case the inbound and outbound transportation costs actu-ally insurred by the dealer. The maximum price for sales of broken or granulated rice in less than carload lots to industrial users by a dealer in excess of his quota shall be his supplier's maximum price, plus the inbound and outbound transportation costs actually incurred by him.

(c) Any dealer under this regulation must make application in writing on or before March 10, 1945, to the regional office of the Office of Price Administration in which he has his principal place of business for permission to make sales as such dealer and he must receive a written approval of his application prior to making sales at the maximum prices set forth in this section. The application shall contain:

(1) The name and address of the applicant.

(2) The base period and the volume of sales of domestic and imported broken or granulated rice bought in carlots. warehoused and sold in less than carload lots to industrial users for his own account during the base period.

The regional offices of the Office of Price Administration are hereby authorized to grant to dealers of broken or granulated rice for industrial uses written permission to function as dealers upon the receipt of and on the basis of an application provided for in this section

Prior to March 10, 1945, and thereafter pending action on their application, sellers are authorized to function as dealers under this paragraph. Applications may be made after March 10, 1945, but in such cases the applicant may not add on the charge as a dealer until permission is obtained.

This amendment shall become effective January 9, 1945.

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-300; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:48 a. m.]

# PART 1351-FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS [RMPR 291,1 Amdt. 6]

# CERTAIN SYRUPS AND MOLASSES

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Section 7 (g) is amended to read as

(g) Sellers (distributors, traders, truckers, etc.) who cannot be classified as wholesalers or retailers under the provisions of Maximum Price Regulations 421, 422 and 423 shall use the maximum prices set forth in section 7 (c) (1) and (2) and 7 (f) (1), (2), (3) and (4) to the same classes of buyers.

<sup>\*</sup>Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

<sup>19</sup> F.R. 13521.

<sup>18</sup> F.R. 11003, 12269.

<sup>18</sup> F.R. 16508; 9 F.R. 795, 2562, 3647, 4193, 13852, 14429.

This amendment shall become effective January 9, 1945.

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-301; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:49 a. m.]

PART 1351-FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[MPR 422,1 Amdt. 38]

CEILING PRICES OF CERTAIN FOODS SOLD AT RETAIL IN GROUP 3 AND GROUP 4 STORES

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Maximum Price Regulation 422 is amended in the following respects:

1. In section 39 (a), the item "Cucumbers, except hothouse cucumbers" is added in alphabetical order to list (3) in Table B-II, to read as follows:

TABLE B—MARK-UPS OVER "NET COST" ALLOWED TO GROUP 3 AND GROUP 4 RETAILERS FOR PERISHABLES COVERED BY THIS REGULATION BY COMMODITIES

	Allowed and-cent ups per un		
II. Food commodities	Group 3, Retailer other than in- depend- ent with annual volume under \$250,000	Group 4. Any retailer with annual volume of \$250,000 or more	"Selling unit" in which ceil- ing price must be calculated
(3) Fresh vegetables: Cucumbers, except hothouse cucum- bers.	Cents 23/2	Cents 2½	1 pound.

2. In section 39 (b) (3), the following definition is added in alphabetical order:

"Cucumbers" means all types and varieties of cucumbers. Field-grown cucumbers and gherkins shall be considered separate items and priced separately. Excluded are hothouse cucumbers.

This amendment shall become effective January 11, 1945.

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

CHESTER BOWLES,

Approved: December 28, 1944.

GROVER B. HILL, Acting War Food Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-302; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:49 a. m.]

\*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

<sup>1</sup>9 FR. 5656, 6828, 6951, 7339, 7520, 7937, 9354, 9719, 10258, 10982, 11537, 11711, 11901, 12343, 12593, 12589, 12590, 12746, 12972.

PART 1351—FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS [MPR 423,1 Amdt. 37]

CEILING PRICES OF CERTAIN FOODS SOLD AT RETAIL IN INDEPENDENT STORES DOING AN ANNUAL BUSINESS OF LESS THAN \$250,000 (GROUP 1 AND GROUP 2 STORES)

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Maximum Price Regulation 423 is amended in the following respects:

1. In section 28 (a), the item "Cucumbers, except hothouse cucumbers" is added in alphabetical order to list (3) in Table B-II, to read as follows:

TABLE B-MARK-UPS OVER "NET COST" ALLOWED TO GROUP 1 AND GROUP 2 RETAILERS FOR PERISHABLES COVERED BY THIS REGULATION BY COMMODITIES

II. Food commod-	Allowed and-cen ups per unit' penden with an umes	"Selling unit" in which ceiling price	
	Group 1. Under \$50,000	Group 2. \$50,000 but less than \$250,000	must be calculated
(3) Fresh vegetables: Cucumbers, except hothouse cucum- hers.	Cents 234	Cents 2½	1 pound.

2. In section 28 (b) (3), the following definition is added in alphabetical order:

"Cucumbers" means all types and varieties of cucumbers. Field-grown cucumbers and gherkins shall be considered separate items and priced separately. Excluded a r e hothouse cucumbers.

This amendment shall become effective January 11, 1945.

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

Approved: December 28, 1944.

GROVER B. HILL,
Acting War Food Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-303; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:49 a. m.]

PART 1396—FINE CHEMICALS, DRUGS AND COSMETICS

[MPR 392,1 Amdt. 7]

PACKAGED DRUGS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Section 23 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 23. Adjustments. Where, pursuant to a contract or contracts which have existed between them since prior to March 1, 1942, and which provide for periodic price adjustment, a manufacturer sells to a purchaser or to purchasers affiliated with each other by reason of the fact that they are substantially owned and controlled by the same person or persons, substantially his entire output of packaged drugs other than those for export; and where such manufacturer and purchaser or purchasers, as the case may be, desire to readjust the maximum prices, established under this regulation, at which such products are to be thereafter sold by the manufacturer to the purchaser or purchasers, as the case may be; they may make application to the Office of Price Administration. Washington, D. C., for permission to make such adjustments in said prices as they may from time to time agree on. Such permission may be granted: Provided. That request shall have been made by such manufacturer and purchaser or purchasers, as the case may be, and that such permission shall not authorize the making of any price adjustment which will result in the manufacturer receiving in any calendar year thereafter, a greater proportion of the aggregate net profits before taxes received by both manufacturer and purchaser or purchasers, as the case may be, during such year in connection with such products than that which the manufacturer received on an average during the calendar years 1936-1941: And provided, The purchaser or purchasers, as the case may be, enter into an agreement, satisfactory to the Office of Price Administration, that:

(a) No such adjustment shall increase the prices at which such products are thereafter resold by such purchaser or

purchasers, and

(b) No such permission shall be used by such purchaser or purchasers in any way, directly or indirectly for the purpose of securing, or attempting to secure an increase in the maximum prices at which such purchaser or purchasers may from time to time be entitled to resell such products under the regulations of the Office of Price Administration.

Any permission so granted may be thereafter terminated by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

This amendment shall become effective January 9, 1945.

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-305; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:49 a. m.]

PART 1396—Fine Chemicals, Drugs and Cosmetics

[MPR 393, Amdt. 6] PACKAGED COSMETICS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment,

<sup>9</sup> F.R. 5671, 6829, 7340, 7520, 7937, 9354, 9720, 10259, 10982, 11537, 11711, 11902, 12340, 12593, 12746, 12972.

<sup>18</sup> F.R. 6262, 12477, 12660.

<sup>18</sup> F.R. 6262, 12477, 12661; 9 F.R. 2440, 4225.

issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Section 25 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 25. Adjustments. Where, pursuant to a sontract or contracts which have existed between them since prior to March 1, 1942, and which provide for periodic price adjustment, a manufacturer sells to a purchaser or to purchasers affiliated with each other by reason of the fact that they are substantially owned and controlled by the same person or persons, substantially his entire output of packaged cosmetics other than those for export; and where such manufacturer and purchaser or purchasers, as the case may be, desire to readjust the maximum prices, established under this regulation, at which such products are to be thereafter sold by the manufacturer to the purchaser or purchasers, as the case may be; they may make application to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., for permission to make such adjustments in said prices as they may from time to time agree on. Such permission may be granted: Provided, That request shall have been made by such manufacturer and purchaser or chasers, as the case may be, and that such permission shall not authorize the making of any price adjustment which will result in the manufacturer receiving in any calendar year thereafter, a greater proportion of the aggregate net profits before taxes received by both manufacturer and purchaser or purchasers, as the case may be, during such year in connection with such products than that which the manufacturer received on an average during the calendar years 1936-1941: And provided, The purchaser or purchasers, as the case may be, enter into an agreement, satisfactory to the Office of Price Administration, that:

(a) No such adjustment shall increase the prices at which such products are thereafter resold by such purchaser or

purchasers, and

(b) No such permission shall be used by such purchaser or purchasers in any way, directly or indirectly, for the purpose of securing or attempting to secure, an increase in the maximum prices at which such purchaser or purchasers may from time to time be entitled to resell such products under the regulations of the Office of Price Administration.

Any permission so granted may be thereafter terminated by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

This amendment shall become effective January 9, 1945.

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-304; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:49 a. m.]

PART 1397—CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES

[RMPR 251,1 Amdt. 1]

CONSTRUCTION SERVICES AND SALES OF INSTALLED BUILDING MATERIALS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Revised Maximum Price Regulation 251 is amended in the following respects:

- Section 1 (a) is amended to read as follows:
- (a) This regulation covers installations of building materials into any building structure, or construction project, and the removal therefrom of building materials, and construction services performed in connection with any building, structure, or construction project within the 48 States of the United States, the District of Columbia and, notwithstanding Maximum Price Regulation 194, the Territory of Alaska.
- 2. Section 1 (b) (5) is added to read as follows:
- (5) "District Director," also includes the Territorial Director in Alaska.
- 3. In section 8 (c), the last paragraph is amended to read as follows:

Applications for adjustment shall be filed in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation Number 1, except that in the Territory of Alaska applications for adjustment shall be filed in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation Number 7.

This amendment shall become effective January 9, 1945.

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-306; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:50 a. m.]

PART 1407—RATIONING OF FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[2d Rev. RO 3,2 Amdt. 4]

SUGAR

A rationale for this amendment will be filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Second Revised Ration Order 3 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 3.23 (b) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "(For the purposes of this section the amount of sugar he had on hand on January 1, 1945 includes the amount of any sugar in the hands of another person which he delivered to that person or which that person acquired with evidences transferred by the industrial user in the way permitted by section 9.8 of this order.

It does not include the amount of any sugar delivered to him in the way permitted by section 9.8 of this order.)"

2. Section 3.23 (d) is added to read as follows:

- (d) In addition, an industrial user may acquire and use any sugar in the way permitted by section 9.8 of this order, but only to the extent that his transferor could acquire and use such sugar under this section.
- 3. Section 3.25 (a) is amended by changing the period at the end of sub-paragraph (7) to a semicolon, and by adding subparagraphs (8), (9), (10), and (11) to read as follows:
- (8), The amount of sugar reported in (2) which he obtained in the way permitted by section 9.8 of this order;

(9) The amount of evidences reported in (3) or (4) which he obtained in the way permitted by section 9.8 of this order:

(10) The unused amount of sugar in the hands of another person which the industrial user transferred to that person or which that person acquired with ration evidences transferred by the industrial user in the way permitted by section 9.8 of this order; and

section 9.8 of this order; and
(11) The balance of ration evidences
in the hands of another person which
the industrial user transferred to that
person in the way permitted by section

9.8 of this order.

This amendment shall become effective January 3, 1945.

Note: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 3d day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-229; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 4:44 p. m.]

PART 1407—RATIONING OF FOOD AND FOOD
PRODUCTS

[Rev. RO 13,1 Amdt. 71]

PROCESSED FOODS

A rationale for this amendment will be filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Revised Ration Order 13 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 6.11 (a) is amended by deleting the word "and" at the end of subparagraph (7), by changing the period at the end of subparagraph (8) to a semicolon, and by adding subparagraphs

<sup>\*</sup>Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

<sup>19</sup> F.R. 10200.

<sup>\*9</sup> F.R. 13641, 13992, 14642, 15048.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>9 F.R. 3, 104, 574, 695, 765, 843, 1397, 1727, 1817, 1908, 2233, 2234, 2240, 2440, 2567, 2791, 8032, 3073, 3513, 3579, 3708, 3710, 8944, 8947, 4026, 4351, 4475, 4604, 4818, 4876, 5074, 5436, 5695, 5829, 6234, 6235, 6647, 6951, 7080, 7081, 7202, 7257, 7345, 7437, 7773, 8793, 9169, 9954, 10087, 10636, 11113, 11538, 11798, 11902, 12269, 13971, 12972

(9), (10), (11), and (12) to read as follows:

(9) The point value of any processed foods reported in (2) which were acquired by him in the way permitted by section 6.12 of this order;

(10) The number of points reported in (3), (4), or (5) which were acquired by him in the way permitted by section

6.12 of this order;

- (11) The point value of any unused balance of processed foods in the hands of another person which the industrial user transferred to that person or which that person acquired with points transferred by the industrial user in the way permitted by section 6.12 of this order; and
- (12) The balance of points in the hands of another person which the industrial user transferred to that person in the way permitted by section 6.12 of this order.
- 2. Section 6.13 (b) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "(For the purposes of this section, the amount of foods he had on hand on January 1, 1945, includes the amount of any foods in the hands of another person which he transferred to that person or which that person acquired with points transferred by the industrial user in the way permitted by section 6.12 of this order. It does not include the amount of any foods which he acquired in the way permitted by section 6.12 of this order.)
- 3. Section 6.13 (d) is added to read as follows:
- (d) In addition, an industrial user may acquire and use any processed foods in the way permitted by section 6.12 of this order, but only to the extent that his transferor could acquire and use such foods under this section.

This amendment shall become effective January 3, 1945.

Note: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 3d day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc, 45-226; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 4:44 p. m.]

PART 1407—RATIONING OF FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[Rev. RO 16,1 Amdt. 33]

MEAT, FATS, FISH AND CHEESES

A rationale for this amendment will be filed with the Division of the Federal Register.\*

Revised Ration Order 16 is amended in the following respects:

\*Copies may he obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

<sup>1</sup>9 FB. 6731, 7060, 7081, 7082, 7167, 7203, 7258, 7262, 7344, 7438, 7578, 7774, 8182, 8793, 9954, 9955, 10049, 10087, 10590, 10876, 11543, 12036, 12037, 12649, 12971.

- 1. Section 7.14 (a) is amended by changing the period at the end of sub-paragraph (9) to a semicolon, and by adding subparagraphs (10), (11), (12), and (13) to read as follows:
- (10) The point value of any foods reported in (2) which were acquired by him in the way permitted by section 7.15 of this order:
- (11) The number of points reported in (3), (4), or (5) which were acquired by him in the way permitted by section 7.15 of this order:
- (12) The point value of any unused balance of foods in the hands of another person which the industrial user transferred to that person or which that person acquired with points transferred by the industrial user in the way permitted by section 7.15 of this order; and

(13) The balance of points in the hands of another person which the industrial user transferred to that person in the way permitted by section 7.15 of this order.

- 2. Section 7.16 (b) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

  "(For the purposes of this section, the amount of foods he had on hand on January 1, 1945 includes the amount of any foods in the hands of another person which he transferred to that person or which that person acquired with points transferred by the industrial user in the way permitted by section 7.15 of this order. It does not include the amount of any foods which he acquired in the way permitted by section 7.15 of this order.)"
- Section 7.16 (d) is added to read as follows:
- (d) In addition, an industrial user may acquire and use any foods covered by this order in the way permitted by section 7.15 of this order, but only to the extent that his transferor could acquire and use such foods under this section.

This amendment shall become effective January 3, 1945.

NOTE: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942

Issued this 3d day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-227; Filed, Jan. 8, 1945; 4:43 p. m.]

TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION AND RAILROADS

Chapter I—Interstate Commerce Commission

PART 97—ROUTING OF TRAFFIC [S. O. 189, Amdt. 6]

EMBARGO OF ROUTES AND TRANSIT ARRANGE-MENTS ON GRAIN AND RELATED ARTICLES

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 3d day of January, A. D. 1945.

Upon further consideration of Service Order No. 189 (9 F.R. 3357) of March 23, 1944, as amended and good cause appearing therefor: It is ordered, That: Service Order No. 189 (9 F.R. 3357) of

Service Order No. 189 (9 F.R. 3357) of March 23, 1944, 49 CFR, § 97.12, Embargo of routes and transit arrangements on grain and related articles, and Appendix A thereof, be, and it is hereby, further amended in the following respects:

Sheet 10, paragraph 20, St. Louis-San Francisco Railway tariff I. C. C. No.

11113, Item 835 is eliminated.

The St. Louis-San Francisco Railway, 5 days before the effective date of this order shall publish, file, and post a supplement to its tariff affected hereby announcing the change in the embargo of routes and transit arrangements herein provided. (40 Stat. 101, secs. 402, 418, 41 Stat. 476, 485, secs. 4, 10, 54 Stat. 901, 912; 49 U.S.C. 1 (10)-(17), 15 (4))

It is further ordered, That this amendment shall become effective at 12:01 a.m., January 15, 1945; that a copy of this amendment shall be served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this amendment be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-293; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:39 a.m.]

PART 120—ANNUAL, SPECIAL OR PERIODI-CAL REPORTS

SMALL SWITCHING AND TERMINAL COMPANIES

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 1, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 22d day of December, A. D. 1944.

The matter of annual reports from switching and terminal companies of Class III being under consideration:

It is ordered. That the the order dated December 7, 1943, In the Matter of Annual Reports from Switching and Terminal Companies of Class III (49 CFR, Cum. Supp., 120.13) be and it is hereby vacated and set aside, effective January 1, 1945, and the following order shall become effective:

§ 120.13 Form prescribed for small switching and terminal companies. All Switching and Terminal Companies of Class III subject to the provisions of section 20, Part I of the Interstate Commerce Act, are hereby required to file annual reports for the year ending December 31, 1944, and for each succeeding year until further order in accordance with Annual Report Form D (Small Switching and Terminal Companies), which is hereby approved and made a part of this order. The annual report shall be filed, in duplicate, in the

Bureau of Transport Economics and Statistics, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D. C., on or before March 31, of the year following the one to which it relates. (Sec. 20, 24 Stat. 386, sec. 7, 34 Stat. 593, 35 Stat. 649, sec. 14, 36 Stat. 556, sec. 435, 41 Stat. 493, sec. 13, 54 Stat. 916; 49 U.S.C. 20

By the Commission, Division 1.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL. Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-294; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:40 a. m.]

PART 120-ANNUAL, SPECIAL OR PERIODICAL REPORTS

### EXPRESS COMPANIES

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 1, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 22d day of December, A. D. 1944.

The matter of annual reports from express companies being under considera-

tion:

It is ordered, That the order dated December 16, 1942, In the Matter of Annual Reports from Express Companies (49 CFR, Cum. Code Supp., 120.31 (a) and (b)) be and it is hereby vacated and set aside, effective January 1, 1945, and the following order shall become effective:

§ 120.31 Form prescribed for express companies. All express companies subject to the provisions of section 20, Part I of the Interstate Commerce Act, are hereby required to file annual reports for the year ending December 31, 1944, and for each succeeding year until further order in accordance with Annual Report Form H (Express), which is hereby approved and made a part of this order. This annual report shall be filed, in duplicate, in the Bureau of Transport Economics and Statistics, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D. C., on or before March 31, of the year following the one to which it relates. (Sec. 20, 24 Stat. 386, sec. 7, 34 Stat. 593, 35 Stat. 649, sec. 14, 36 Stat. 556, sec. 435, 41 Stat. 493, sec. 13, 54 Stat. 916; 49 U.S.C. 20 (1)-(8))

By the Commission, Division 1.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-295; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:40 a. m.]

PART 120-ANNUAL, SPECIAL OR PERIODICAL REPORTS

# CARRIERS BY PIPE LINE

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 1, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 22d day of December, A. D. 1944.

The matter of annual reports from carriers by pipe line being under consideration:

It is ordered, That the order dated January 15, 1944, In the Matter of Annual Reports from Carriers by Pipe Line

(49 CFR, Cum. Supp. 120.61) be and it is hereby vacated and set aside, effective January 1, 1945, and the following orders shall become effective:

§ 120.61 Form prescribed for carriers by pipe line. All carriers by pipe line subject to the provisions of section 20, Part I, of the Interstate Commerce Act. are hereby required to file annual reports for the year ended December 31, 1944, and for each succeeding year until further order in accordance with Annual Report Form P (Carriers by Pipe Line), which is hereby approved and made a part of this order. The annual report shall be filed, in duplicate, in the Bureau of Transport Economies and Statistics, Commerce Commission, Interstate Washington, D. C., on or before March 31, of the year following the one to which it relates.

(Sec. 20, 24 Stat. 386, sec. 7, 34 Stat. 593, 35 Stat. 649, sec. 14, 36 Stat. 556, sec. 435, 41 Stat. 493, sec. 13, 54 Stat. 916; 49 U.S.C. 20 (1)-(8))

By the Commission, Division 1.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL. Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-296; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:40 a. m.]

# Chapter II-Office of Defense Transportation

[Gen. Order ODT 14A]

PART 501-CONSERVATION OF TRANSPORTA-TION EQUIPMENT

# RACING

General outline and purpose. This General Order ODT 14A is designed to prevent the use of critical motor transportation equipment, materials, supplies and other facilities in connection with horse, dog and motor vehicle races. The order is issued upon the request of the Director of the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, who states:

After due consideration, I have reached the conclusion that the operation of race tracks is not conducive to our maximum war effort in that it requires the employment of not only manpower, but also of critical materials supplies needed for more essential operations.

The existing war situation calls for the utmost effort on our part to support our armed forces in the production of needed war materials. The operation of race tracks has thrown an additional burden on rail and highway transportation. I have therefore asked the management of these tracks to discontinue their operation by January 3, 1945 and to refrain from opening closed

The order is broad in its terms and applies to the use of motor transportation facilities of all types including automobiles, buses, and trucks. It applies not only to the operators of such facilities, but also to passengers and riders. The purpose of the order cannot be fully achieved without the cooperation of passengers and riders in complying with its terms because carriers, especially public carriers, cannot be expected to know, in all cases, whether a passenger or rider is using the carrier's facilities for the purpose of attending a race. However, a carrier may not knowingly transport a person for that purpose.

This order supersedes General Order ODT 14, and revokes Suspension Order ODT 14-1. The provisions of Order 14 prohibiting motor vehicle racing are in-

cluded in this order.

The full scope and significance of the order must be gained from a reading of its provisions.

This general outline shall not be construed to alter the meaning and scope of any provision contained therein. text of General Order ODT 14A follows: Pursuant to Title III of the Second

War Powers Act, 1942, as amended, Executive Orders 8989, as amended, 9156 and 9294, and War Production Board Directive 21, and to assure conservation and provident utilization of motor transportation facilities, equipment, material and supplies for the preferential transportation of troops and material of war; to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic; to alleviate the shortage of motor transportation facilities and to relieve congestion of traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the prosecution of the war and, being satisfied that the fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has resulted and will continue to result in a shortage in the supply of transportation equipment, materials and facilities for defense and for private account, and it being necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense, General Order ODT 14, as amended, (7 F.R. 5091, 5251) and Suspension Order ODT 14-1 (9 F.R. 13301) shall be superseded, and It is hereby ordered, That:

501.60 Definitions.

501.61 Applicability, general and special permits and exemptions.

501.62 Transportation and use of transportation by motor vehicle to horse, dog or motor vehicle races

501 63 Motor vehicle racing prohibited. 501.64 Communications.

AUTHORITY: §§ 501.60 to 501.64, inclusive, issued under Title III of the Second War Powers Act, 1942, as amended, 56 Stat. 177, 50 U. S. Code, sec. 633, Public Law 509, 78th Cong.; E.O. 8989, as amended, 6 F.R. 6725, 8 F.R. 14183; E.O. 9156, 7 F.R. 3349; E.O. 9294, 8 F.R. 221; War Production Board Directive 21. 8 F.R. 5834.

§ 501.60 Definitions. As used herein: (a) "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, joint-stock company, business trust, or other organized group of persons, or any trustee, receiver, assignee, or personal representative, and includes any department or agency of the United States, any State, the District of Columbia, or any other political, governmental or legal entity.

(b) "Horse race" means any contest or competitive trial to test, reveal or display the relative speeds or endurance of

(c) "Dog race" means any contest or competitive trial to test, reveal or display the relative speeds or endurance of dogs.

(d) "Motor vehicle" means any rubber-tired vehicle, or vehicle designed for operation on rubber tires, propelled or drawn upon a surface by mechanical

(e) "Motor vehicle race" means any contest, competitive trial or exhibition to test, reveal or display the relative speeds or performance of motor vehicles or of the relative skills, endurance or performance of drivers of such vehicles, and includes contests or trials against time, distance or previously established records.

§ 501.61 Applicability, general and special permits and exemptions. The provisions of this order shall be applicable in the United States and its ter-

ritories and possessions.

(b) The provisions of § 501.62 hereof shall not be applicable to any act or thing authorized oy any general or special permit issued hereunder by the Director, Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, or by any member of his staff designated by him. No such permit shall be issued except when, in the judgment of said Director or such staff member, the act or thing to be authorized by the permit will be conducive to the prosecution of the war or the essential civilian economy

(c) This General Order ODT 14A shall

not apply to:

(1) Any motor vehicle while used in testing tires, tubes, fuels, lubricants, coolants, parts, or equipment by the United States or any agency thereof, the District of Columbia, a State or any agency or political subdivision thereof, or by any person designated or required DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. to conduct such tests by the military or naval forces of the United States or its Allies or State military forces organized pursuant to section 61 of the National Defense Act, as amended;

(2) Any motor vehicle while used in the course of training military or naval

personnel;

(3) Any motor vehicle while used for the experimental testing of synthetic or natural rubber tires by manufacturers or producers of such tires; and

(4) Any motor vehicle while being tested in good faith in the course of man-

ufacture or assembly.

§ 501.62 Transportation and use of transportation by motor vehicle to horse, dog or motor vehicle races. (a) After January 2, 1945, no person shall transport in or by means of any motor vehicle any person to or en route to any horse, dog or motor vehicle race.

(b) After January 2, 1945, no person shall engage, use or employ transportation by motor vehicle for the purpose of attending any horse, dog or motor ve-

hicle race.

(c) After the effective date of this order, no person shall transport in, upon or by means of, any motor vehicle any horse, dog or motor vehicle intended for use or to be used in or in furtherance of any horse, dog or motor vehicle race to be held at any time during the time when this General Order ODT 14A is in effect.

§ 501.63 Motor vehicle racing prohibited. (a) No person shall promote, manage or conduct a motor vehicle race.

(b) No person shall drive or operate, or participate in driving or operating any motor vehicle, or cause, permit, suffer or allow any motor vehicle to be driven or operated, in any motor vehicle race.

§ 501.64 Communications. Communications concerning this order should refer to General Order ODT 14A and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25, D. C.

This General Order ODT 14A shall become effective December 30, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation, by further order, may designate.

General Order ODT 14, as amended, (7 F.R. 5091, 5251) and Suspension Order ODT 14-1 (9 F.R. 13301) are hereby superseded as of December 30, 1944.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 30th day of December 1944.

> J. M. JOHNSON, Director. Office of Defense Transportation.

[F. R. Doc. 45-38; Filed, Jan. 1, 1945; 3:25 p. m.]

# Notices

Rural Electrification Administration. [Administrative Order 871]

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

DECEMBER 16, 1944.

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the provisions of section 5 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, I hereby allocate, from the sums authorized by said act, funds for loans for the projects and in the amounts as set forth in the following schedule:

Project designation: Texas 5134S2 Douglassville\_\_\_\_\_ \$6,000 Texas 5136S2 Trenton\_\_\_\_\_ 7,000

> WILLIAM J. NEAL, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-213; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 3:07 p. m.]

> [Administrative Order 872] ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

> > DECEMBER 20, 1944.

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the provisions of section 4 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended. I hereby allocate, from the sums authorized by said act, funds for loans for the projects and in the amounts as set forth in the following schedule:

Project designation:	Amount
Florida 5015A4 Lafayette	\$50,000
Illinois 5027B2 Edgar	50,000
Illinois 5046B3 Madison	50,000
Kansas 5030D1 Nemaha	15,000
Maryland 5004F1 St. Marys	1, 308, 796
Maryland 5-4004F1 St. Marys	61, 204
Maryland 5-4004T1 St. Marys	100,000
Missouri 5020B5 Marion	30,000
Missouri 5053C2 Polk	50,000
North Carolina 5058A1 Lee	150,000
Pennsylvania 5022C1 Jefferson	155,000
Virginia 5039A3 Northampton	25,000
Washington 5028A3 Kittitas Dis-	
trict Public	60,000
Wisconsin 5053D2 Eau Claire	75, 000

WILLIAM J. NEAL, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-214; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 3:07 p. m.]

# FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COM-MISSION.

[Docket No. 6052]

NORTHSIDE BROADCASTING CORP.

ORDER STATING HEARING ISSUES

In re application of Northside Broadcasting Corporation (WGRC), Louisville, Kentucky, for construction permit, File No. B4-P-2782.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C. on the 27th day of De-

cember 1944;

The Commission having under consideration a petition (filed June 26, 1944) by Northside Broadcasting Corporation (WGRC), Louisville, Kentucky, for reinstatement and grant of its application for construction permit (File No. B4-P-2782, Docket No. 6052), and the opposition hereto filed by Kingsport Broadcasting Company, Inc. (WKPT), Kingsport, Tennessee:

It is ordered. That the petition be and it is hereby granted in part to permit reinstatement of said application; and It is further ordered, That the appli-

cation be and it is hereby, designated for further hearing to be consolidated with Docket No. 6249 on the following issues:

1. To determine the areas and populations which may be expected to gain primary service should Station WGRC operate as proposed, and what other broadcast services are available to those areas and populations.

2. To determine the extent of any interference which would result from the simultaneous operation from Station WGRC, as proposed, and Stations CKSO, Sudbury, Ontario; and CMBC, Havana, Cuba.

3. To determine whether the granting of this application would be consistent with the provisions of the North American Regional Broadcasting Agreement.

4. To determine whether the proposed operation would serve an outstanding public need or national interest within the meaning of the Commission's supplemental statement of policy of January 26, 1944.

5. To determine whether the granting of this application would otherwise be consistent with the policy announced by

the Commission in its supplemental statement of January 26, 1944.

6. To determine whether the granting of this application would tend toward a fair, efficient and equitable distribution of radio service as contemplated by section 307 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

7. To determine the extent of any interference which would result from the simultaneous operation of Station WGRC, as proposed, and the operation of Station WKPT, as proposed in Docket No. 6249, as well as the areas and populations affected thereby, and what other broadcast services are available to those areas

and populations.

8. To determine whether, in view of the facts shown on all of the issues adduced at this hearing and at previous hearings on these applications, public interest, convenience or necessity would be served by the granting of this application, the application of Kingsport Broadcasting Company, Inc. (WKPT), Kingsport, Tennessee (Docket No. 6249) or either of them.

[SEAL] FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, T. J. SLOWIE, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-282; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:29 a. m.]

[Docket No. 6249]

KINGSPORT BROADCASTING COMPANY, INC.

ORDER STATING HEARING ISSUES

In re application of Kingsport Broadcasting Company, Inc., Kingsport, Tennessee, for construction permit, File No. B3-P-3308.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C. on the 27th day of

December 1944;

The Commission having under consideration an application of Kingsport Broadcasting Company, Inc. (WKPT), Kingsport, Tennessee, for construction permit (File No. B3-P-3308, Docket No. 6249) and a petition by Northside Broadcasting Corporation (WGRC), Louisville, Kentucky, applicant in Docket No. 6052, to intervene therein;

It is ordered, That the petition by Northside Broadcasting Corporation (WGRC) for leave to intervene in Docket No. 6249 be, and the same is

hereby, denied; and
It is further ordered, That the application of Kingsport Broadcasting Company, Inc. be designated for further hearing, to be consolidated with Docket No. 6052 on the following issues:

1. To determine the areas and populations which may be expected to gain primary service should Station WKPT operate as proposed, and what other broadcast services are available to those areas and populations.

2. To determine whether the granting of this application would be consistent with the Standards of Good Engineering Practice, particularly in view of the expected nighttime interference limitation to the service of Station WKPT operating as proposed.

3. To determine the extent of any interference which would result from the simultaneous operation from Station WKPT as proposed and Stations WMC, Memphis, Tennessee; CKSO, Sudbury, Ontario; and CMBC, Havana, Cuba.

4. To determine the areas and populations which may be expected to lose primary service, particularly from Station WMC, should Station WKTT operate as proposed, and what other broadcast services are available to those areas and populations.

5. To determine whether the granting of this application would be consistent with the provisions of the North American Regional Broadcasting Agreement.

6. To determine whether the operation of Station WKPT at the proposed transmitter site would be consistent with the Standards of Good Engineering Practice, particularly as to the population residing within the 250 mv/m contour ("blanket area").

7. To determine whether the proposed operation would serve an outstanding public need or national interest within the meaning of the Commission's supplemental statement of policy of January

26, 1944.

8. To determine whether the granting of this application would otherwise be consistent with the policy announced by the Commission in its supplemental statement of January 26, 1944.

9. To determine whether the granting of this application would tend toward a fair, efficient and equitable distribution of radio service as contemplated by section 307 (b) of the Communications Act

of 1934 as amended.

10. To determine the extent of any interference which would result from the simultaneous operation of Station WKPT, as proposed, and the operation of Station WGRC, as proposed in Docket No. 6052, as well as the areas and populations affected thereby, and what other broadcast services are available to those areas and populations.

11. To determine whether, in view of the facts shown on all of the issues adduced at this hearing and at previous hearings on these applications, public interest, convenience or necessity would be served by the granting of this application, the application of Northside Broadcasting Corporation (WGRC), Louisville, Kentucky (Docket No. 6052) or either of them.

[SEAL] FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, T. J. SLOWIE. Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-295; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:29 a. m.]

[Docket No. 6711]

CAPITAL CITY BROADCASTING CO.

NOTICE OF HEARING

In re application of Capital City Broadcasting Company (New); date filed, July 28, 1944; for construction permit for a new standard broadcast station: class of service, broadcast; class of station, broadcast; location, Des Moines, Iowa; operating assignment specified: Frequency, 1,600 kc; power, 250 watts; hours of operation, unlimited. File No. B4-P-

You are hereby notified that the Commission has examined the application in the above-entitled case and has designated the matter for hearing in consolidation with the application of Capitol Radio Corporation, Docket No. 6712, upon the following issues:

1. To determine the legal, financial, technical, and other qualifications of the applicant partnership, and of its members, to construct and operate the pro-

posed station.

2. To determine the areas and populations which may be expected to gain primary broadcast service from the operation of the proposed station, and what other broadcast services are available to

these areas and populations.

3. To determine the type and character of the program service which the applicant may be expected to render and the extent to which such service is now being rendered by any other station or stations serving the proposed area in whole or in part.

4. To obtain full information concerning the applicant's proposals with respect to the employment of personnel to construct and operate the proposed sta-

5. To determine whether the granting of this application would tend toward a fair, efficient, and equitable distribution of radio service as contemplated by section 307 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934 as amended.

6. To determine whether the granting of this application would serve an outstanding public need or national interest within the meaning of the Commission's supplemental statement of policy

of January 26, 1944.

7. To determine whether the granting of this application would be otherwise consistent with the policy announced by the Commission in its memorandum opinion of April 27, 1942, as supplemented.

8. To determine whether the granting of this application would be consistent with the Standards of Good Engineering Practice and proper allocation of broadcast facilities (footnote 4, page 3, Standards of Good Engineering Practice).

9. To determine the extent of any interference which would result from the simultaneous operation of the proposed station and (1) the proposed operations of James F. Hopkins, Inc. (B2-P-3291) and (2) the proposed operations of the United Broadcasting Company, Inc. (B3-P-3695).

10. To determine whether, in view of the facts adduced under the foregoing issues, public interest, convenience and necessity would be served by the granting of this application the application of Capitol Radio Corporation (B4-P-3706) or either of them.

The application involved herein will not be granted by the Commission unless the issues listed above are determined in favor of the applicant on the basis of a record duly and properly made

by means of a formal hearing.

The applicant is hereby given the opportunity to obtain a hearing on such issues by filing a written appearance in accordance with the provisions of § 1.382 (b) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure. Persons other than the applicant herein and the applicant already made a party by consolidation, who desire to be heard must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the provisions of §§ 1.102, 1.141 and 1.142 of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

The applicant's address is as follows: Capital City Broadcasting Company, c/o George O'Dea, 1117 Locust Street, Des

Moines, Iowa.

Dated at Washington, D. C., December 30, 1944.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

T. J. SLOWIE, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-284; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:29 a. m.]

[Docket No. 6712] CAPITOL RADIO CORP. NOTICE OF HEARING

In re application of Capitol Radio Corporation (New); date filed, September 15, 1944; for construction permit for a new standard broadcast station; class of service, broadcast, class of station, broadcast; location, Des Moines, Iowa; operating assignment specified: Frequency, 1600 kc; power, 1 kw; hours of operation, unlimited. File No. B4-P-3706.

You are hereby notified that the Commission has examined the application in the above-entitled case and has designated the matter for hearing in consolidation with the application of Capital City Broadcasting Company, Docket No. 6711, upon the following issues:

1. To determine the legal, financial, technical, and other qualifications of the applicant partnership, and of its members, to construct and operate the pro-

posed station.

2. To determine the areas and populations which may be expected to gain primary broadcast scrvice from the operation of the proposed station, and what other broadcast services are available to these areas and populations.

3. To determine the type and character of the program service which the applicant may be expected to render and the extent to which such service is now being rendered by any other station or stations serving the proposed area in whole or in part.

4. To obtain full information concerning the applicant's proposals with respect to the employment of personnel to construct and operate the proposed station.

5. To determine whether the granting of this application would tend toward a fair, efficient, and equitable distribution of radio service as contemplated by section 307 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934 as amended.

6. To determine whether the granting of this application would serve an outstanding public need or national interest within the meaning of the Commission's supplemental statement of policy of January 26, 1944.

7. To determine whether the granting of this application would be otherwise consistent with the policy announced by the Commission in its memorandum opinion of April 27, 1942, as supple-

mented.

8. To determine the extent of any interference which would result from the simultaneous operation of the proposed station and (1) the proposed operation of James F. Hopkins, Inc. (B2-P-3291) and (2) the proposed operation of United Broadcasting Company, Inc. (B3-P-3695).

9. To determine whether, in view of the evidence adduced under the foregoing issues, public interest, convenience and necessity would be served by granting this application or the application of Capital City Broadcasting Company (B4-P-3669) or either of them.

The application involved herein will not be granted by the Commission unless the issues listed above are determined in favor of the applicant on the basis of a record duly and properly made by means of a formal hearing.

The applicant is hereby given the opportunity to obtain a hearing on such issues by filing a written appearance in accordance 'with the provisions of \$1.382 (b) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure. Persons other than the applicant herein and the applicant already made a party by consolidation, who desire to be heard must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the provisions of \$\\$1.102, 1.141 and 1.142 of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

The applicant's address is as follows: Capitol Radio Corporation, % William J. Friedman, Room 963, 231 South La Salle

Street, Chicago 4, Illinois.

Dated at Washington, D. C., December 30, 1944.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

T. J. SLOWIE, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-285; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:29 a. m.]

[Docket No. 6725]
SAN JACINTO BROADCASTING CO.
NOTICE OF HEARING

In re application of H. C. Cockburn, tr/as San Jacinto Broadcasting Company (New); date filed, July 12, 1944; for construction permit for a new standard broadcast station; class of service, broadcast; class of station, broadcast; class of station, broadcast; class of station, broadcast; class of station, broadcast; broadcast; class of station, broadcast; broadcast; class of station, proadcast; power, Heaville Frequency, 1470 kc; power, 1 kw; hours of operation, unlimited. File No. B3-P-3661.

You are hereby notified that the Commission has examined the application in the above-entitled case and has designated the matter for hearing in consolidation with the application of Reporter Broadcasting Company (KRBC), Docket No. 5968, and the application of Calcasieu Broadcasting Company, Docket No. 6664, upon the following issues:

1. To determine the legal, technical, financial and other qualifications of the applicant to construct and operate the

proposed station.

2. To obtain full information with respect to the program service proposed

by the applicant.

3. To determine whether the proposed operation or that proposed by Fred Weber, E. A. Stephens, and William H. Talbot d/b as Texas Broadcasters (File No. B3-P-3648) would serve an outstanding public need or national interest within the meaning of the Commission's supplemental statement of policy of January 26, 1944.

4. To determine whether the granting of this application would otherwise be consistent with the Commission's supplemental statement of policy of Janu-

ary 26, 1944.

5. To determine the areas and populations which would receive primary service from the operation of the proposed station, and what other broadcast services are available to those areas and populations.

6. To determine the extent of any interference which would be caused to the service of Station XESM, Mexico, D. F.

7. To determine whether the granting of this application would be consistent with the provisions of the North American Regional Broadcasting Agreement.

8. To determine whether the proposed radiating system and transmitter location is consistent with the provisions of the Standards of Good Engineering Practice, particularly with reference to (a) the height of the vertical lead and (b) the ground system.

 To determine whether the proposed station would provide primary service to the metropolitan district of Houston, Texas, as contemplated by the Standards

of Good Engineering Practice.

10. To determine the extent of any interference which might result from the simultaneous operation as proposed herein and (1) the operation of Station KPLC as proposed in application B3-P-3623; (2) the operation of Station KRBC as proposed in application B3-P-2553, as well as the areas and populations affected thereby and what other broadcast services are available to those areas and populations.

11. To determine whether the granting of this application would tend toward a fair, efficient and equitable distribution of radio service as contemplated by section 307 (b) of the Communications

Act of 1934, as amended.

12. To determine whether, in view of the facts adduced under the foregoing issues, public interest, convenience or necessity would be served through the granting of this application.

The application involved herein will not be granted by the Commission unless the issues listed above are determined in favor of the applicant on the basis of a record duly and properly made by means of a formal hearing.

The applicant is hereby given the opportunity to obtain a hearing on such issues by filing a written appearance in accordance with the provisions of section 1.382 (b) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure. Persons other than the applicant herein and the applicants already made a party by consolidation, who desire to be heard must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the provisions of §§ 1.102, 1.141 and 1.142 of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

The applicant's address is as follows: H. C. Cockburn tr/as San Jacinto Broadcasting Company, 1740 Commerce Build-

ing, Houston, Texas.

Dated at Washington, D. C., January 1, 1945.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

T. J. SLOWIE. Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-286; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:30 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMIS-SION

[S. O. 2701

LUZERNE COLLIERY

PROHIBITION OF COAL SHIPMENTS

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 30th

day of December A. D. 1944.
It appearing, that: By petition dated
December 28, 1944, from the Assistant Deputy Solid Fuels Administrator, Solid Fuels Administration for War, to the Director, Office of Defense Transportation, the Assistant Deputy recited that on December 28, 1944, the Solid Fuels Administration for War prohibited shipments of anthracite with an ash content exceeding that prescribed in Solid Fuels Administration for War Regulation No. 9 (8 F.R. 15560) produced at the Luzerne Colliery; that the Solid Fuels Administration for War advises further that directions will be issued to retail dealers prohibiting their receipt of coal from this mine with an ash content in excess of that prescribed in such regulation; that this action will result in detention of cars at destination for unloading or other disposition and in a waste of cars and transportation; Solid Fuels Administration requests the Director of the Office of Defense Transportation, and the Director of that office has requested this Commission to prohibit the furnishing, supplying or placing of coal cars at the Luzerne Colliery at Kingston, Pennsylvania, for loading of anthracite coal produced at the Luzerene Colliery; in the opinion of the Commission an emergency exists requiring immediate action: It is ordered, That:

(a) The Lehigh Valley Railroad Company and the Delaware, Lackawanna Western Railroad Company shall not furnish, supply or place coal cars at the Luzerne Colliery at Kingston, Pennsyl-

vania, for loading of such coal cars with anthracite coal produced by Luzerne Anthracite. Inc.

(b) Effective date. This order shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., Decem-

ber 31, 1944.

(c) Expiration date. This order shall expire at 12:01 a. m., July 1, 1945, unless otherwise modified, changed, suspended or annulled by order of this Commission. (40 Stat. 101, sec. 402, 41 Stat. 476, sec. 4,

54 Stat. 901; 49 U.S.C. 1 (10)-(17))

It is further ordered, That a copy of this order and direction shall be served upon the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company and the Delaware, Lackawanna Western Railroad Company, upon the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register

By the Commission, Division 3.

W. P. BARTEL. Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-287; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:39 a. m.)

[S. O. 70-A, Special Permit 771]

RECONSIGNMENT OF TOMATOES AT CHICAGO, ILL.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (f) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.35, 8 F.R. 14624) of Service Order No. 70-A of October 22, 1943, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To disregard entirely the provisions of Service Order No. 70-A insofar as it applies to the reconsignment at Chicago, Illinois, December 30, 1944, by La Mantia Brothers Arrigo of car PFE 24739, tomatoes, now on the Wabash to McFaddin Dist. Company, Detroit, Michigan (Wabash).

The waybill shall show reference to this

special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 30th day of December 1944.

> V. C. CLINGER. Director Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 45-288; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:39 a. m.]

[S. O. 70-A, Special Permit 772]

RECONSIGNMENT OF APPLES AT KANSAS CITY, Mo.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (f) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.35, 8 F.R. 14624) of Service Order No. 70-A of October 22. 1943, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To disregard entirely the provisions of Service Order No. 70-A insofar as it applies to the reconsignment at Kansas City, Missouri, January 1, 1945, by Brown Loe Brokerage of car FGE 23160, apples, now on the CB&Q to St. Louis Newhaus Distributing Company, St. Louis, Missouri (CB&Q-

The waybill shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 1st day of January 1945.

> V. C. CLINGER. Director. Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 45-289; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:39 a. m.]

[S. O. 70-A, Special Permit 773]

RECONSIGNMENT OF TOMATOES AT KANSAS CITY. Mo.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (f) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.35, 8 F.R. 14624) of Service Order No. 70-A of October 22, 1943, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To disregard entirely the provisions of Service Order No. 70-A insofar as it applies to the reconsignment at Kamsas City, Missouri, January 1, 1945, by E. E. Fadler of car PFE 43872 tomatoes, now on the C. R. I. & P. Railway to St. Louis, Missouri (C. R. I. & P. Ry.).

The waybill shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 1st day of January 1945.

V. C. CLINGER,
Director,
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 45-290; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:39 a. m.]

[S. O. 70-A, Special Permit 774]

RECONSIGNMENT OF CARROTS AT CHICAGO, ILL.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (f) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.35, 8 F.R. 14624) of Service Order No. 70-A of October 22, 1943, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To disregard entirely the provisions of Service Order No. 70-A, insofar as it applies to the reconsignment at Chicago, Illinois, January 2, 1945, by Himmelstein Brothers of car PFE 44223, carrots, now on the Chicago Produce Terminal, to Himmelstein Brothers, Ft. Wayne, Indiana (NKP).

The waybill shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 2d day of January 1945.

V. C. CLINGER, Director, Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 45-291; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:39 a. m.]

[S. O. 70-A Special Permit 775]

RECONSIGNMENT OF POTATOES AT CHICAGO, ILL.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by paragraph (f) of the first ordering paragraph (§ 95.35, 8 F.R. 14624) of Service Order No. 70-A of October 22, 1943, permission is granted for any common carrier by railroad subject to the Interstate Commerce Act:

To disregard entirely the provisions of Service Order No. 70-A, insofar as it applies to the reconsignment at Chicago, Illinois, January 2, 1945, by Auster Company, of car PFE 90629, potatoes, now on the Wood Street Terminal to Putterman Brothers, Milwaukee, Wisconsin (CNW).

The waybill shall show reference to this special permit.

A copy of this special permit has been served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and notice

of this permit shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 2d day of January 1945.

V. C. CLINGER,
Director,
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 45-292; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:39 a. m.]

OFFICE OF ALIEN PROPERTY CUS-TODIAN.

[Vesting Order 55, Amdt.] Joh. Barth & Sohn, Inc.

Vesting Order Number 55, dated July 22, 1942, is hereby amended as follows and not otherwise:

By deleting therefrom the following:

All of the capital stock of Joh. Barth & Sohn, Inc., a New York corporation, consisting of 300 shares of \$100 par value common stock registered in the name of Joh. Barth & Sohn, Nurnberg, Germany;

and substituting therefor the following:

All of the outstanding capital stock of Joh. Barth & Sohn, Inc., a corporation organized and doing business under the laws of the State of New York and a business enterprise within the United States, consisting of 300 shares of \$100 par value common stock, registered in the names of the person listed below, in the number appearing opposite each name, and which are beneficially owned by Joh. Barth & Sohn, Nurnberg, Germany, and are evidence of control of said business enterprise:

Name	Certificate Number	Number of Shares
Clayton D. Mell Herman P. Lottmann Joh, Barth & Sohn, Nurnberg,	1 2	1 1
Germany Joh. Barth & Sohn, Nurnberg, Germany	3	3 295
Total		300

All other provisions of said Vesting Order Number 55, and all action taken on behalf of the Alien Property Custodian in reliance thereon, pursuant thereto and under the authority thereof, are hereby ratified and confirmed.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 1, 1945.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 45-253; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:04 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 494, Amdt.]
RUSS ESTATE Co.

Vesting Order Number 494, dated December 12, 1942, as amended on September 7, 1943, is hereby further amended as follows and not otherwise:

1. By deleting from the said Vesting Order Number 494 Exhibit A which is attached thereto and made a part thereof and substituting therefor Exhibit A which is attached hereto and made a part hereof;

2. By deleting clause (a) of subparagraph 8 and substituting therefor the following: (a) vests in the Alien Property Custodian, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States, all the shares of stock referred to in Exhibit A, subject to the pledge as to the 11 shares thereof, more fully described in subparagraph 5 hereof.

All other provisions of said Vesting Order Number 494 of December 12, 1942, as amended September 7, 1943, and all action taken on behalf of the Alien Property Custodian in reliance thereon, pursuant thereto and under authority thereof are hereby ratified and confirmed.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 1, 1945.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.
EXHIBIT A

42% shares of the capital stock of Russ Estate Company, the names and last known addresses of the registered owners of which, and the number of shares owned by them, respectively, are as follows:

Names and last known Number of addresses she
San Francisco Bank, Pledgee of Erich
G. Russ, Dresden, Germany..... shares San Francisco Bank, Pledgee of Daisy Illing, Dresden, Germany\_\_\_\_\_ San Francisco Bank, Pledgee of Fried-rich Carl Albert Heydenreich, Leipsic, Germany\_\_\_\_\_ Marie Ellinor Verhein, Leipsic, Germany\_\_\_\_\_\_(Mrs.) Carola Maurach nee Bleidorn, Berlin, Germany

Dr. Ernst Illing, Dresden, Germany

Hans-Joachim Illing, Dresden, Germany -2 Eleanore Thusnelda Helena von Seyfried, Berlin, Germany ... 13/4 Johann Eugen Willibald von Seyfriend, Berlin, Germany

Eliza Mary Anna von Philipsborn,
Berlin, Germany

Erich G. Russ, Dresden, Germany 134 31/2 Ernst H. C. Heydenreich, Leipsic, Ger-Ernst Heinrich Christian Heydenreich, Leipsic, Germany\_ Alma Mebius, Berlin, Germany------Elsie Mebius, Berlin, Germany-----Carola Bleidorn, Berlin, Germany\_\_\_\_ 3 Total \_\_\_\_\_ 423/4

[F. R. Doc. 45-254; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:04 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4436]
PETER SCHEIB

In re: Estate of Peter Scheib, deceased; file D-66-1958; E. T. sec. 11224.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: The sum of \$383.87 which is in the possession and custody of A. Jack Tilson, Clerk of the Probate Court of Marion County, Indiana, deposited to the credit of Katharina B uer, pursuant to an order of the Probate Court of Marion County, Indiana, entered June 22, 1940,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, a national of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

National and Last Known Address

Katharina Bauer, Germany,

That such property is in the process of administration by A. Jack Tilson, Clerk of the Probate Court of Marion County, 24 Court House, Indianapolis, Indiana, as Depositary of the estate of Peter Scheib, de-ceased, acting under the judicial supervision of the Probate Court of Marion County, In-

dianapolis, Indiana;
And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated

enemy country, (Germany);
And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification and deeming it necessary in the national interest.

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on December 19, 1944.

JAMES E. MARKHAM, [SEAL] Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 45-255; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:02 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4437]

FRIEDRICH SCHEPPELMANN

In re: Estate of Friedrich Scheppelmann, deceased; file F-28-72: E. T. sec. 5202.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Marianne Borchert, Dorothea Borchert, and Karl Borchert, and each of them, in and to the estate of Friedrich Scheppelmann, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Marianne Borchert, Germany. Dorothea Borchert, Germany. Karl Borchert, Germany,

That such property is in the process of administration by Gertrud Schubarth, Ancillary Administratrix, C. T. A. of the estate of Friedrich Scheppelmann, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, County and State of New York;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national in-terest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany;

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest.

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 19, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 45-256; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:02 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4488]

ANIE SHARF

In re: Estate of Anie Sharf, also known as Ilka Nick, Ilka Mauthner, Iika Nick and Anni Sharf, deceased; file No. D-34-659; E. T. sec. 7842.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Joseph Vamos, also known as Josef Wamos, in and to the estate of Anie Sharf, also known as Ilka Nick, Ilka Mauthner, Iika Nick and Anni Sharf, de-

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, a national of a designated enemy country, Hungary, namely,

National and Last Known Address

Joseph Vamos, also known as Josef Wamos, Budapest, Hungary.

That such property is in the process of administration by Julius Vamos, as Administrator of the Estate of Anie Sharf, also known as Ilka Nick, Ilka Mauthner, Nick and Anni Sharf, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of Bronx County, New York;
And determining that to the extent that

such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated

enemy country (Hungary):

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 19, 1944.

[SEAL]

JAMES E. MARKHAM, Alien Property Custodian.

IF. R. Doc. 45-257; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:02 a. m.]

> [Vesting Order 4439] AUGUST SPITZBARTH

In re: Estate of August Spitzbarth, deceased; file D-28-6503; E. T. sec. 4058.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Ella Engelmann in and to the estate of August Spitzbarth, deceased.

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, a national of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

National and Last Known Address Ella Engelmann, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Mrs. Martha Lehnerts, Lesterville, Missouri, as Executrix of the estate of August Spitzbarth, deceased, acting under the judicial supervision of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated

enemy country, (Germany);
And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such ac-

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 19, 1944.

JAMES E. MARKHAM, [SEAL] Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 45-258; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:02 a. m.]

> [Vesting Order 4440] CHRIS TODSEN

In re: Estate of Chris Todsen, also known as Peter Christian Todsen, de-ceased; file D-28-8886; E. T. Sec. 11079.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of A. Wilkens, also known as Agnes Wilkens, in and to the Estate of Chris Todsen, also known as Peter Christian Todsen, deceased,

property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, a national of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

National and Last Known Address

A. Wilkens, also known as Agnes Wilkens,

That such property is in the process of administration by Jessie A. Spalding, Administratrix with the will annexed of the Estate of Chris Todsen, also known as Peter Christian Todsen, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Santa Clara;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a desig-nated enemy country (Germany); And having made all determinations and

taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 19, 1944.

JAMES E. MARKHAM, [SEAL] Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 45-259; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:02 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4441]

CARL TURNEY

In re: Estate of Carl Turney, deceased; File D-28-8834; E. T. sec. 10868.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Mathilde Lowenberg, Frida Levi and Selma Dinkelman, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Carl Turney, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Mathilde Lowenberg, Germany, Frida Levi, Germany. Selma Dinkelman, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Ben H. Brown, as Administrator of the Estate of Carl Turney, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a design-

ated enemy country (Germany);
And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consulation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national inter-

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 19, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 45-260; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:02 a. m.]

# [Vesting Order 4442]

### WILHELMINA E. WACKENREUTER

In re: Trust created under the will of Wilhelmina E. Wackenreuter, deceased; File D-28-7550; E. T. sec. 7901.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Marie Brandenstein in and to the estate of Wilhelmina E. Wackenreuter, deceased, and in and to the trust created under the will of Wilhelmina E. Wackenreuter, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, a national of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

National and Last Known Address

Marie Brandenstein, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by the Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company of Chicago, 231 South La Salle Street, Chicago, Illinois, as Executor and Trustee of the Trust created under the Will of Wilhelmina E. Wackenreuter, deceased, acting under the judicial supervision of the Probate Court of Cook County, Illinois;

Cook County, Illinois;
And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);
And having made all determinations and

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such prop-

erty or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 19, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 45-261; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:03 a. m.]

# [Vesting Order 4443] ANTHONY WINTER

In re: Estate of Anthony Winter, deceased; File No. D-28-6640; E. T. sec. 4659.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Franciszka Hanauer, Mrs. Leopold Winter, Helen Winter and Maria Winter, and of each of them, in and to the Estate of Anthony Winter, deceased.

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Franciszka Hanauer, Germany. Mrs. Leopold Winter, Germany. Helen Winter, Germany. Maria Winter, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by the County Treasurer of Erie County, Buffalo, New York, depositary, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, Erie County, New York;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany;

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 19, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian,

[F. R. Doc. 45-262; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:03 a. m.]

# [Vesting Order 4444] WILLIAM ZWIPF

In re: Estate of William Zwipf, deceased. File D-28-8990; E. T. sec. 11404.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Elsa Zwipf and Wilhelm Zwipf, and each of them, in and to the estate of William Zwipf, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Elsa Zwipf, Germany. Wilhelm Zwipf, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by William Paulsen, Executor, acting under the judicial supervision of the Hudson County Orphans' Court, Jersey City, New Jersey;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country. Germany:

and having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest.

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to

be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien-Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 19, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 45-263; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:03 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4459]

# GALLUS BRUDER

In re: Estate of Gallus Bruder, deceased; File No. D-28-8186; E. T. sec. 9174.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Franz Ignatius Bruder, Otto Bruder, Adolph Bruder, Albert Bruder, Frieda Bruder Braun, Maria Bruder Roesch, Leopold Eisele, Maria Fehrenbach, Leo Madlinger, Julie M. Rudolphie and Roman Madlinger, and each of them, in and to the estate of Gallus Bruder, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Franz Ignatius Bruder, Germany.
Otto Bruder, Germany.
Adolph Bruder, Germany.
Albert Bruder, Germany.
Frieda Bruder Braun, Germany.
Maria Bruder Roesch, Germany.
Leopold Eisele, Germany.
Maria Fehrenbach, Germany.
Leo Madlinger, Germany.
Julie M. Rudolphie, Germany.
Roman Madlinger, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Rev. Edward Heinlein, as Executor of the Estate of Gallus Bruder, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of New York County, New York:

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, (Germany);

And having made all determinations and

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national

interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 22, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 45-264; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:04 a. m.]

# [Vesting Order 4460]

# ANTONIA G. KREISCHER

In re: Estate of Antonia G. Kreischer, deceased; File D-28-7525; E. T. sec. 7781.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Anna Beimesche in and to the Estate of Antonia G. Kreischer, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, a national of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

National and Last Known Address

Anna Beimesche, Germany,

That such property is in the process of administration by Carolyn S. Kreischer, as Executrix of the Estate of Antonia G. Kreischer, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, Queens County, New York;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country, (Germany);

And having made all determinations and

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national

interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 22, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 45-265; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:04 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4461]

# MARK PACK

In re: Estate of Mark Pack, deceased; File No. D-28-3629; E. T. sec. 5878.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Henrietta Reisz and Paula Schwalbe, and each of them in and to the estate of Mark Pack, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany,

Nationals and Last Known Address Henrietta Reisz, Germany, Paula Schwalbe, Germany,

That such property is in the process of administration by Vartan J. Jinishian, Executor of the estate of Mark Pack, deceased, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, New York County, State of New York:

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany;

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 22, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM. Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc, 45-266; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:04 a. m.]

> [Vesting Order 4465] JOHN BROWN

In re: Estate of John Brown, deceased: File D-28-1825; E. T. sec. 1602.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Exective Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Michael Braun, Willibald Braun, Walburga Braun, Maria Braun and Theresia Braun, and each of them, in and to the Estate of John Brown,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Michael Braun, Germany. Willibald Braun, Germany. Walburga Braun, Germany. Maria Braun, Germany. Theresia Braun, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by the Treasurer of the City

of New York, as Depositary, acting under the

judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of Richmond County, New York;
And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, (Germany);
And having made all determinations and

taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 26, 1944.

ISEAL ] JAMES E. MARKHAM. Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 45-267; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:04 a. m.]

OFFICE OF DEFENSE TRANSPORTA-

[Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 95, Amdt. 1] COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS BETWEEN WICHITA AND HUTCHINSON, KANS.

Upon consideration of a petition for the amendment of Supplementary Order ODT 3, Revised-95 (8 F.R. 15281), filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the parties subject thereto, and good cause appearing therefor; It is hereby ordered. That:

Items numbered 6, 7, and 10 of Appendix 1 to Supplementary Order ODT 3, Revised-95, be, and they hereby are, amended as follows:

6. Contemplated action. (a) Riley will suspend its less-than-truckload service in interstate and intrastate traffic between Wichita and Hutchinson, Kansas, with no intermediate points involved.

(b) Esau will pick up such shipments at the shipper's dock or interchange carrier's terminal and transport to destination on its own billing.

7. Schedules eliminated. Riley will suspend all less-than-truckload service between

Wichita and Hutchinson, Kansas.

10. Effect of proposed action. There will be no discontinuance of service to any of the above named points on above described route.

This will enable Riley to take one vehicle off the run between Wichita and Hutchinson, Kansas, which can be used to a better advantage on other points

This will enable Esau to eliminate partially laden miles and to assure maximum utilization of their equipment. It is estimated that this plan as changed by this amendment will effect a saving of 134 miles and 7 man-hours daily or approximately 41,808 truck miles and 2,184 man-hours yearly and assign the following reasons therefor:

(i) Riley can use equipment and manpower to much better advantage on other

segments of his operation.

(ii) The traffic has so changed that it now can be handled by Esau on present equipment and without operating additional schedules.

This amendment shall become effective on January 4, 1945.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 4th day of January 1945.

J. M. JOHNSON. Director. Office of Defense Transportation. (F. R. Doc. 45-210; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 2:33 p. m.]

> [Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 469] COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS BETWEEN SOUTH BEND, IND., AND CINCINNATI, OHIO

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 2793, 3264, 3357, 6778) a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,1 and

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, It is hereby ordered, That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having

No. 4 5

Filed as part of the original document.

jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other act.

4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Transporta-

tion.

6. Withdrawal of a carrier from participation in the plan for joint action hereby approved shall not be made without prior approval of the Office of De-

fense Transportation.

7. The provisions of this order shall be binding upon any successor in interest to any carrier named in this order. Upon a transfer of any operation involved in this order, the successor in interest and the other carriers named in this order forthwith shall notify, in writing, the Office of Defense Transportation of the transfer and, unless and until otherwise ordered, the successor in interest shall perform the functions of his predecessor in accordance with the provisions of this order.

8. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

9. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the supplementary order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25, D. C.

This order shall become effective January 8, 1945, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 4th day of January 1945.

J. M. Johnson,
Director,
Office of Defense Transportation.

#### APPENDIX 1

Commercial Motor Freight, Inc. of Indiana, Indianapolis, Ind.

Mercury Motorways, Inc., South Bend, Ind. [F. R. Doc. 45-211; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 2:33 p. m.]

> [Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 457] COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS BETWEEN SOUTH BEND AND INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 2793, 3264, 3357, 6778), a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2.1 and

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, It is hereby ordered, That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in con-

flict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such

tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other act.

4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Transpor-

tation.

6. Withdrawal of a carrier from participation in the plan for joint action hereby approved shall not be made without prior approval of the Office of De-

fense Transportation.

7. The provisions of this order shall be binding upon any successor in interest to any carrier named in this order. Upon a transfer of any operation involved in this order, the successor in interest and the other carriers named in this order forthwith shall notify, in writing, the Office of Defense Transportation of the transfer and, unless and until otherwise ordered, the successor in interest shall perform the functions of his predecessor in accordance with the provisions of this order.

8. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

9. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the supplementary order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25, D. C.

This order shall become effective January 8, 1945, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of

Filed as part of the original document.

the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 4th day of January 1945.

J. M. Johnson, Director, Office of Defense Transportation.

### APPENDIX 1

E. E. Mills Trucking Co., Inc., South Bend, Ind.

Interstate Motor Freight System, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Hayes Freight Lines, Inc., Mattoon, Ill. Clemans Truck Lines, Inc., South Bend, Ind.

Commercial Motor Freight, Inc., of Indiana, Indianapolis, Ind.

[F. R. Doc. 45-212; Filed, Jan. 8, 1945; 2:34 p. m.]

# OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION.

[MPR 260, Order 314]

JUAN GALLO

### AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reason set forth in an opinion accompanying this order, and pursuant to § 1358.102 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, It is ordered, That:

(a) Juan Gallo, 2202 N. Howard Avenue, Tampa 7, Florida, (hereinafter called "manufacturer") and wholesalers and retailers may sell, offer to sell or deliver and any person may buy, offer to buy or receive each brand and size or frontmark, and packing of the following domestic cigars at the appropriate maximum list price and maximum retail price set forth below:

Brand	Size or frontmark	Pack- ing	Maximum list price	Maxi- mum retail price
Oxford Arms.	Presidents	50 50 50 50 50 50 50	Per M \$185.00 185.00 161.50. 64.00 56.00 82.50 48.00	Cents 24 24 21 8 7 11 6

(b) The manufacturer and wholesalers shall grant, with respect to their sales of each brand and size or frontmark of domesic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the discounts they customarily granted in March 1942 on their sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class, unless a change therein results in a lower price. Packing differentials charged by the manufac-turer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class may be charged on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order, but shall not be increased. Packing differentials allowed by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class shall be allowed on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order and shall not be reduced. If a brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order is of a price class not sold by the manufacturer or the particular wholesaler in March 1942, he shall, with respect to his sales thereof, grant the discounts and may charge and shall allow the packing differentials customarily granted, charged or allowed (as the case may be) in March 1942 by his most closely competitive seller of the same class on sales of domestic cigars of the same March 1942 price class to purchasers of the same class.

(c) On or before the first delivery to any purchaser of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the manufacturer and every other seller (except a retailer) shall notify the purchaser of the maximum list price and the maximum retail

mum list price and the maximum retail price established by this order for such brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars. The notice shall conform to and be given in the manner prescribed by \$1358.113 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260.

(d) Unless the context otherwise requires, appropriate provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, shall apply to sales for which maximum prices

are established by this order.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective January 3, 1945.

Issued this 2d day of January 1945.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-136; Filed, Jan. 2, 1945; 5:01 p. m.]

[MPR 260, Order 315] E. B. STRICKLER

# AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion accompanying this order, and pursuant to § 1358.102 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, It is ordered, That:

(a) E. B. Strickler, R. D. #3, York, Pa., (hereinafter called "manufacturer") and wholesalers and retailers may sell, offer to sell or deliver and any person may buy, offer to buy or receive each brand and size or frontmark, and packing of the following domestic cigars at the appropriate maximum list price and maximum retail price set forth below:

Brand	Size or front- mark	Pack- ing	Maximum list price	Maximum retail price
London Court Yellow Cab Wizard	Coronadodo	50 50 50	Per M \$56 56 56	Cents 7 7 7

(b) The manufacturer and wholesalers shall grant, with respect to their sales of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the discounts they customarily granted in

March 1942 on their sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class, unless a change therein results in a lower price. Packing differentials charged by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class may be charged on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order, but shall not be increased. Packing differentials allowed by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class shall be allowed on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order and shall not be reduced. If a brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order is of a price class not sold by the manufacturer or the particular wholesaler in March 1942, he shall, with respect to his sales thereof, grant the discounts and may charge and shall allow the pack-ing differentials customarily granted, charged or allowed (as the case may be) in March 1942 by his most closely competitive seller of the same class on sales of domestic cigars of the same March 1942 price class to purchasers of the same class

(c) On or before the first delivery to any purchaser of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the manufacturer and every other seller (except a retailer) shall notify the purchaser of the maximum list price and the maximum retail price established by this order for such brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars. The notice shall conform to and be given in the manner prescribed by \$1358.113 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260.

(d) Unless the context otherwise requires, appropriate provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, shall apply to sales for which maximum prices are established by this order.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective January 3, 1945.

Issued this 2d day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-137; Filed, Jan. 2, 1945; 5:07 p. m.]

[MPR 260, Order 316] LA SIGA CIGAR MFG. CO.

IN SIGN CIGAR WIFG. CO.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion accompanying this order, and pursuant to § 1358.102 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, It is ordered, That:

(a) La Siga Cigar Mfg. Co., 110 W.
18th St., New York 11, N. Y., (hereinafter called "manufacturer") and wholesalers and retailers may sell, offer to sell or deliver and any person may buy, offer to buy or receive each brand and size or frontmark, and packing of the following domestic cigars at the ap-

proximate maximum list price and maximum retail price set forth below:

Brand	Size or front- mark	Pack- ing	Maxi- mum list price	Maximum retail price
Juan y Julia	Coronas	50 50 50 50	Per M \$177 154 154 90	Cent 23 20 20 20 12

(b) The manufacturer and wholesalers shall grant, with respect to their sales of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the discounts they customarily granted in March 1942 on their sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class, unless a change therein results in a lower price. Packing differentials charged by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class may be charged on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order, but shall not be increased. Packing differentials allowed by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class shall be allowed on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order and shall not be reduced. If a brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order is of a price class not sold by the manufacturer or the particular wholesaler in March 1942, he shall, with respect to his sales thereof, grant the discounts and may charge and shall allow the packing differentials customarily granted, charged or allowed (as the case may be) in March 1942 by his most closely competitive seller of the same class on sales of domestic cigars of the same March 1942 price class to purchasers of the same class.

(c) On or before the first delivery to any purchaser of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the manufacturer and every other seller (except a retailer) shall notify the purchaser of the maximum list price and the maximum retail price established by this order for such brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars. The notice shall conform to and be given in the manner prescribed by § 1358.113 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260.

(d) Unless the context otherwise requires, appropriate provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, shall apply to sales for which maximum prices are established by this order.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective January 3, 1945.

Issued this 2d day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-138; Filed, Jan. 2, 1945; 5:07 p. m.]

# [MPR 260, Order 317] ALBERT GEESEY

### AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion accompanying this order, and pursuant to § 1358.102 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, It is ordered, That:

(a) Albert Geesey, 6 E. High St., Windsor, Pa., (hereinafter called "manufacturer") and wholesalers and retailers may sell, offer to sell or deliver and any person may buy, offer to buy or receive each brand and size or frontmark, and packing of the following domestic cigars at the appropriate maximum list price and maximum retail price set forth below:

Brand	Size or frontmark	Pack- ing	Maxi- mum list price	Maxi- mum retail price
Yessir Handmade	Perfecto	50	Per M \$48	Cents 6

(b) The manufacturer and wholesalers shall grant, with respect to their sales of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order. the discounts they customarily granted in March 1942 on their sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to pur-chasers of the same class, unless a change therein results in a lower price. Packing differentials charged by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class may be charged on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order, but shall not be increased. Packing differentials allowed by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class shall be allowed on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order and shall not be reduced. If a brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order is of a price class not sold by the manufacturer or the particular wholesaler in March 1942, he shall, with respect to his sales thereof, grant the discounts and may charge and shall allow the packing differentials customarily granted, charged or allowed (as the case may be) in March 1942 by his most closely competitive seller of the same class on sales of domestic cigars of the same March 1942 price class to purchasers of the same

(c) On or before the first delivery to any purchaser of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the manufacturer and every other seller (except a retailer) shall notify the purchaser of the maximum list price and the maximum retail price established by this order for such brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars. The notice shall conform to and be given in the manner prescribed by \$ 1358.113 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260.

(d) Unless the context otherwise requires, appropriate provisions of Maxi-

mum Price Regulation No. 260, shall apply to sales for which maximum prices are established by this order.

are established by this order.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective January 3, 1945.

Issued this 2d day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-139; Filed, Jan. 2, 1945; 5:08 p. m.]

# [MPR 260, Order 318] HARRY A. MYERS

### AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion accompanying this order, and pursuant to § 1358.102 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, It is ordered, That:

(a) Harry A. Myers, R. D. #7, York, Pa. (hereinafter called "manufacturer"), and wholesalers and retailers may sell, offer to sell or deliver and any person may buy, offer to buy or receive each brand and size or frontmark, and packing of the following domestic cigars at the appropriate maximum list price and maximum retail price set forth below:

Brand	Size or frontmark	Packing	Maximum list price	Maximum reatil price
Havana Race Stony Brook Special. Queen of Heart	N. Y. Handmade Shape,	50	Per M \$40	Cts.

(b) The manufacturer and wholesalers shall grant, with respect to their sales of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the discounts they customarily granted in March 1942 on their sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class, unless a change therein results in a lower price. Packing differentials charged by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class may be charged on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order, but shall not be increased. Packing differentials allowed by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class shall be allowed on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order and shall not be reduced. If a brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order is of a price class not sold by the manufacturer or the particular wholesaler in March 1942, he shall, with respect to his sales thereof, grant the discounts and may charge and shall allow the packing differentials customarily granted, charged or allowed (as the case may be) in March 1942 by his most closely competitive seller of the same class on sales of domestic cigars of the same March 1942 price class to purchasers of the same class.

(c) On or before the first delivery to any purchaser of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the manufacturer and every other seller (except a retailer) shall notify the purchaser of the maximum list price and the maximum retail price established by this order for such brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars. The notice shall conform to and be given in the manner prescribed by \$1358.113 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260.

(d) Unless the context otherwise requires, appropriate provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, shall apply to sales for which maximum prices are established by this order.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective January 3, 1945.

Issued this 2d day of January 1945.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-140; Filed, Jan. 2, 1945; 5:02 p. m.]

[MPR 260, Order 319] FLOYD L. SMITH

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion accompanying this order, and pursuant to § 1358.102 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, It is ordered, That:

(a) Floyd L. Smith, North Railroad Alley, Red Lion, Pa., (hereinafter called "manufacturer") and wholesalers and retailers may sell, offer to sell or deliver and any person may buy, offer to buy or receive each brand and size or frontmark, and packing of the following domestic cigars at the appropriate maximum list price and maximum retail price set forth below:

Brand	Size or frontmark	Packing	Maximum list price	Maximum retail price
Aroma De Cuba	Aroma De Cuba	50	Per M \$56	Cts.

(b) The manufacturer and wholesalers shall grant, with respect to their sales of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the discounts they customarily granted in March 1942 on their sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class, unless a change therein results in a lower price. Packing differentials charged by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class may be charged on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order, but shall not be increased. Packing differentials allowed by the manufacturer or a whole-

saler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class shall be allowed on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order and shall not be reduced. If a brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order is of a price class not sold by the manufacturer or the particular wholesaler in March 1942, he shall, with respect to his sales thereof, grant the discounts and may charge and shall allow the packing differentials customarily granted, charged or allowed (as the case may be) in March 1942 by his most closely competitive seller of the same class on sales of domestic cigars of the same March 1942 price class to purchasers of the same class.

(c) On or before the first delivery to any purchaser of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the manufacturer and every other seller (except a retailer) shall notify the purchaser of the maximum list price and the maximum retail price established by this order for such brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars. The notice shall conform to and be given in the manner prescribed by § 1358.113 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260.

(d) Unless the context otherwise requires, appropriate provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, shall apply to sales for which maximum prices are established by this order.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective January 3, 1945.

Issued this 2d day of January 1945.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-141; Filed, Jan. 2, 1945; 5:01 p. m.]

> [MPR 260, Order 320] FLOYD L. BARNHART

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion accompanying this order, and pursuant to § 1358.102 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, It is ordered, That:

(a) Floyd L. Barnhart, 121 Kenner Ave., Red Lion, Pa. (hereinafter called "manufacturer") and wholesalers and retailers may sell, offer to sell or deliver and any person may buy, offer to buy or receive each brand and size or frontmark, and packing of the following domestic cigars at the appropriate maximum list price and maximum retail price set forth below:

Brand	Size or frontmark	Pack- ing	Maximum list price	Maxi- mum- retail price
Barney's De Luxe	Straight	50		Cents 2 for 11

(b) The manufacturer and wholesalers shall grant, with respect to their sales of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the discounts they customarily granted in March 1942 on their sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class, unless a change therein results in a lower price. Packing differentials charged by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class may be charged on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order, but shall not be increased. Packing differentials allowed by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class shall be allowed on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order and shall not be reduced. If a brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order is of a price class not sold by the manufacturer or the particular wholesaler in March 1942, he shall, with respect to his sales thereof, grant the discounts and may charge and shall allow the packing differentials customarily granted, charged or allowed (as the case may be) in March 1942 by his most closely competitive seller of the same class on sales of domestic cigars of the same March 1942 price class to purchasers of the same class.

(c) On or before the first delivery to any purchaser of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the manufacturer and every other seller (except a retailer) shall notify the purchaser of the maximum list price and the maximum retail price established by this order for such brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars. The notice shall conform to and be given in the manner prescribed by § 1358.113 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260.

(d) Unless the context otherwise requires, appropriate provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, shall apply to sales for which maximum prices are established by this order.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective January 3, 1945.

Issued this 2d day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-142; Filed, Jan. 2, 1945; 5:04 p. m.]

[MPR 260, Order 321] F. & D. Mfg. Co.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion accompanying this order, and pursuant

to § 1358,102 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, It is ordered, That:

(a) F. & D. Manufacturing Co., 200 E. Princess St., York, Pa. (hereinafter called "manufacturer") and wholesalers and retailers may sell, offer to sell or deliver and any person may buy, offer to buy or receive each brand and size or frontmark, and packing of the following domestic cigars at the appropriate maximum list price and maximum retail price set forth below:

Brand	Size or frontmark	Pack- ing	Maxi- mum list price	Maximum retail price
F. & D	Fine & Dandy	50		Cents 3 for 10

(b) The manufacturer and wholesalers shall grant, with respect to their sales of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the discounts they customarily granted in March 1942 on their sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class, unless a change therein results in a lower price. Packing differentials charged by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class may be charged on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order, but shall not be increased. Packing differentials allowed by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class shall be allowed on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order and shall not be reduced. If a brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order is of a price class not sold by the manufacturer or the particular wholesaler in March 1942, he shall, with respect to his sales thereof, grant the discounts and may charge and shall allow the packing differentials customarily granted, charged or allowed (as the case may be) in March 1942 by his most closely competitive seller of the same class on sales of domestic cigars of the same March 1942 price class to purchasers of the same class.

(c) On or before the first delivery to any purchaser of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the manufacturer and every other seller (except a retailer) shall notify the purchaser of the maximum list price and the maximum retail price established by this order for such brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars. The notice shall conform to and be given in the manner prescribed by \$1358.113 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260.

(d) Unless the context otherwise requires, appropriate provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, shall apply to sales for which maximum prices are established by this order.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective January 3, 1944.

Issued this 2d day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-143; Filed, Jan. 2, 1945; 5:03 p. m.]

> [MPR 260, Order 322] ROLAND L. SECHRIST

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion accompanying this order, and pursuant to § 1358.102 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, It is ordered, That:

(a) Roland L. Sechrist, 211 N. Main St., Red Lion, Pa., (hereinafter called "manufacturer") and wholesalers and retailers may sell, offer to sell or deliver and any person may buy, offer to buy or receive each brand and size or frontmark, and packing of the following domestic cigars at the appropriate maximum list price and maximum retail price set forth below:

Brand	Size or front- mark	Pack- ing		Maxi- mum retail price
Chicksdee	Straights	50	Per M \$48	Cents 6

(b) The manufacturer and wholesalers shall grant, with respect to their sales of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the discounts they customarily granted in March 1942 on their sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class, unless a change therein results in a lower price. Packing differentials charged by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class may be charged on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order, but shall not be increased. Packing differentials allowed by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class shall be allowed on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order and shall not be reduced. If a brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order is of a price class not sold by the manufacturer or the particular wholesaler in March 1942, he shall, with respect to his sales thereof, grant the discounts and may charge and shall allow the packing differentials customarily granted, charged or allowed (as the case may be) in March 1942 by his most closely competitive seller of the same class on sales of domestic cigars of the same March 1942 price class to purchasers of the same class.

(c) On or before the first delivery to any purchaser of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the manufacturer and every other seller (except a retailer) shall notify the purchaser of the maximum list price and the maximum retail price established by this order for such brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars. The notice shall conform to and be given in the manner prescribed by § 1358.113 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260.

(d) Unless the context otherwise requires, appropriate provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, shall apply to sales for which maximum prices are established by this order.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at

any time.

This order shall become effective January 3, 1945.

Issued this 2d day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-144; Filed, Jan. 2, 1945; 5:03 p. m.]

> [MPR 260, Order 323] RAYMOND G. KLING

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinfon accompanying this order, and pursuant to § 1358.102 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, It is ordered, That: (a) Raymond G. Kling, R. D. #1,

(a) Raymond G. Kling, R. D. #1, Windsor, Pa. (hereinafter called "manufacturer") and wholesalers and retailers may sell, offer to sell or deliver and any person may buy, offer to buy or receive each brand and size or frontmark, and packing of the following domestic cigars at the appropriate maximum list price and maximum retail price set forth below:

Brand	Size or front- mark	Pack- ing		Maximum retail price
Kling's Royal	Kling's Royal	50	Per M \$48	Cents 6
Silver. El Fahico	Silver. El Fahico	50	48	6

(b) The manufacturer and wholesalers shall grant, with respect to their sales of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the discounts they customarily granted in March 1942 on their sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class, unless a change therein results in a lower price. Packing differentials charged by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class may be charged on corresponding sales of each krand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order,

but shall not be increased. Packing differentials allowed by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class shall be allowed on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order and shall not be reduced. If a brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order is of a price class not sold by the manufacturer or the particular wholesaler in March 1942, he shall, with respect to his sales thereof, grant the discounts and may charge and shall allow the packdifferentials customarily granted, charged or allowed (as the case may be) in March 1942 by his most closely competitive seller of the same class on sales of domestic cigars of the same March 1942 price class to purchasers of the same class.

(c) On or before the first delivery to any purchaser of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the manufacturer and every other seller (except a retailer) shall notify the purchaser of the maximum list price and the maximum retail price established by this order for such brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars. The notice shall conform to and be given in the manner prescribed by \$1358.113 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260.

(d) Unless the context otherwise requires, appropriate provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, shall apply to sales for which maximum prices are established by this order.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective January 3, 1945.

Issued this 2d day of January 1945,

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-145; Filed, Jan. 2, 1945; 5:03 p. m.]

[MPR 260, Order 324] HARRY C. SMITH

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion accompanying this order, and pursuant to § 1358.102 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, It is ordered, That:

(a) Harry C. Smith, 25–27 E. Broadway, Red Lion, Pa., (hereinafter called "manufacturer") and wholesalers and retailers may sell, offer to sell or deliver and any person may buy, offer to buy or receive each brand and size or frontmark, and packing of the following domestic cigars at the appropriate maximum list price and maximum retail price set forth below:

Brand	Size or front- mark	Pack- ing	Maxi- mum list price	Maxi- mum retail price
Pansy Good Hava Poplin	Londres Perfecto	50 50	Per M \$44 44	Cents 2 for 11 2 for 11

(b) The manufacturer and wholesalers shall grant, with respect to their sales of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the discounts they customarily granted in March 1942 on their sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class, unless a change therein results in a lower price. Packing differentials charged by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class may be charged on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order, but shall not be increased. Packing differentials allowed by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class shall be allowed on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order and shall not be reduced. If a brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order is of a price class not sold by the manufacturer or the particular wholesaler in March 1942, he shall, with respect to his sales thereof, grant the discounts and may charge and shall allow the packing differentials customarily granted, charged or allowed (as the case may be) in March 1942 by his most closely competitive seller of the same class on sales of domestic cigars of the same March 1942 price class to purchasers of the same class.

(c) On or before the first delivery to any purchaser of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the manufacturer and every other seller (except a retailer) shall notify the purchaser of the maximum list price and the maximum retail price established by this order for such brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars. The notice shall conform to and be given in the manner prescribed by § 1358.113 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260.

(d) Unless the context otherwise requires, appropriate provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, shall apply to sales for which maximum prices are established by this order.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective January 3, 1945.

Issued this 2d day of January 1945.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-146; Filed, Jan. 2, 1945; 5:06 p. m.]

[MPR 260, Order 325] ELMER C. SNELL

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion accompanying this order, and pursuant to § 1358.102 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, It is ordered, That:

(a) Elmer C. Snell, R. D. #1, Windsor, Pa. (hereinafter called "manufacturer") and wholesalers and retailers may sell, offer to sell or deliver and any person may buy, offer to buy or receive each brand and size or frontmark, and packing of the following domestic cigars at the appropriate maximum list price and maximum retail price set forth below:

Brand	Size or front- mark	Pack- ing	Maxi- mum list price	Maxi- mum retail price
Snell's Cigar	Londres	.50	Per M \$40	Cents 5

(b) The manufacturer and wholesalers shall grant, with respect to their sales of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the discounts they customarily granted in March 1942 on their sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class, unless a change therein results in a lower price. Packing differentials charged by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class may be charged on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order, but shall not be increased. Packing differentials allowed by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class shall be allowed on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order and shall not be reduced. If a brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order is of a price class not sold by the manufacturer or the particular wholesaler in March 1942, he shall, with respect to his sales thereof, grant the discounts and may charge and shall allow the packing differentials customarily granted, charged or allowed (as the case may be) in March 1942 by his most closely competitive seller of the same class on sales of domestic cigars of the same March 1942 price class to purchasers of the same class.

(c) On or before the first delivery to any purchaser of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the manufacturer and every other seller (except a retailer) shall notify the purchaser of the maximum list price and the maximum retail price established by this order for such brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars. The notice shall conform to and be given in the manner prescribed by § 1358.113 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260.

(d) Unless the context otherwise requires, appropriate provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, shall apply to sales for which maximum prices are established by this order.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time. This order shall become effective January 3, 1945.

Issued this 2d day of January 1945.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-147; Filed, Jan. 2, 1945; 5:04 p. m.]

[MPR 260, Order 826] ROYAL CIGAR CO.

#### AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion accompanying this order, and pursuant to § 1358.102 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260. It is ordered. That:

ulation No. 260, It is ordered, That:

(a) Royal Cigar Co., 41 W. Main St.,
Dallastown, Pa., (hereinafter called
"manufacturer") and wholesalers and
retailers may sell, offer to sell or deliver
and any person may buy, offer to buy or
receive each brand and size or frontmark, and packing of the following domestic cigars at the appropriate maximum list price and maximum retail price
set forth below:

Brand	Size or front- mark	Pack- ing		Maxi- mum retail price
El Kraco Nelta	Perfecto Corona	50 50	Per M \$44 44	Cents 2for 11 2for 11

(b) The manufacturer and wholesalers shall grant, with respect to their sales of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the discounts they customarily granted in March 1942 on their sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class, unless a change therein results in a lower price. Packing differentials charged by the manufac-turer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class may be charged on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order, but shall not be increased. Packing differentials allowed by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class shall be allowed on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order and shall not be reduced. If a brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order is of a price class not sold by the manufacturer or the particular wholesaler in March 1942, he shall, with respect to his sales thereof, grant the discounts and may charge and shall allow the packing differentials customarily granted, charged or allowed (as the case may be) in March 1942 by his most closely competitive seller of the same class on sales of domestic cigars of the same March 1942 price class to purchasers of the same class.

(c) On or before the first delivery to any purchaser of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the manufacturer and every other seller (except a retailer) shall notify the purchaser of the maximum list price and the maximum retail price established by this order for such brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars. The notice shall conform to and be given in the manner prescribed by § 1358.113 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260.

(d) Unless the context otherwise requires, appropriate provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, shall apply to sales for which maximum prices are established by this order.

(e) This order may be revoked, or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective January 3, 1945.

Issued this 2d day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-148; Filed, Jan. 2, 1945; 5:04 p. m.]

[MPR 260, Order 327] PALMER KREIDLER

#### AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion accompanying this order, and pursuant to § 1358.102 (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, It is ordered, That:

(a) Palmer Kreidler, Yoe, Pa., (hereinafter called "manufacturer") and wholesalers and retailers may sell, offer to sell or deliver and any person may buy, offer to buy or receive each brand and size or frontmark, and packing of the following domestic cigars at the appropriate maximum list price and maximum retail price set forth below:

Brand	Size or front- mark	Pack- ing		Maximum retail price
Thomas Hardy Boveda Harding Highway.		50 50 50	Per M _\$60 60 60	Cents 2for 15 2for 15 2for 15

(b) The manufacturer and whole-salers shall grant, with respect to their sales of each brand and size or front-mark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the discounts they customarily granted in March 1942 on their sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class, unless a change therein results in a lower price. Packing differentials charged by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class may be charged on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order, but shall not

be increased. Packing differentials allowed by the manufacturer or a wholesaler in March 1942 on sales of domestic cigars of the same price class to purchasers of the same class shall be allowed on corresponding sales of each brand and size or frontmark of cigars priced by this order and shall not be reduced. If a brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order is of a price class not sold by the manufacturer or the particular wholesaler in March 1942, he shall, with respect to his sales thereof, grant the discounts and may charge and shall allow the packing differentials customarily granted, charged or allowed (as the case may be) in March 1942 by his most closely competitive seller of the same class on sales of domestic cigars of the same March 1942 price class to purchasers of the same class.

(c) On or before the first delivery to any purchaser of each brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars for which maximum prices are established by this order, the manufacturer and every other seller (except a retailer) shall notify the purchaser of the maximum list price and the maximum retail price established by this order for such brand and size or frontmark of domestic cigars. The notice shall conform to and be given in the manner prescribed by § 1358.113 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260.

(d) Unless the context otherwise requires, appropriate provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 260, shall apply to sales for which maximum prices are established by this order.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective January 3, 1945.

Issued this 2d day of January 1945.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-149; Filed, Jan. 2, 1945; 5:01 p. m.]

> [Order 21 Under 3 (e), Amdt. 1] SUN OIL Co.

### APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, the third paragraph of Order 21 under § 1499.3 (e) of the General Maximum Price Regulation entitled Sun Oil Company is amended to read as follows: "The prices approved in this order are to industrial consumers and resellers f. o. b. the refinery of Sun Oil Company, Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania".

This amendment shall become effective January 4, 1945.

Issued this 3d day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-219; Filed, Jan. 8, 1945; 4:42 p. m.] [MPR 136, Amdt. 1 to 2d Rev. Order 158] GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Amendment No. 1 to Second Revised Order No. 158 under Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended. Machines and parts, and machinery services. Chevrolet Motor Division, General Motors Corporation; Docket No. 3136-389.

For the reasons set forth in the opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to and under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders 9250 and 9328, and §1390.25a of Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended, It is ordered:

Second Revised Order No. 158 under Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended, is amended in the following

respects:

- 1. Paragraph (a) (2) (i) is amended to read as follows:
- (i) A charge for extra, special and optional equipment, not to exceed Chevrolet Motor Division's list or established price in effect on March 31, 1942, (subject to the discounts in effect on March 31, 1942 to the applicable class of purchasers) when sold as original equipment.
- 2. Paragraph (c) (2) (i) is amended to read as follows:
- (i) A charge for extra, special and optional equipment, not to exceed the charge the reseller had in effect on March 31, 1942, for such equipment, when sold as original equipment;
- 3. Paragraph (c) (2) (iv) is amended to read as follows:
- (iv) A charge to include federal, state, territorial, insular and local taxes on the purchase, sale or delivery of the applicable truck model, computed in accordance with the reseller's method in effect on March 31, 1942;
- Paragraph (d) (1) (iv) is amended to read as follows:
- (iv) A charge equal to reseller's expense for payment of state, territorial, insular and local taxes on the purchase, sale or delivery of the applicable truck model:
- 5. Paragraphs (e) and (f) are redesignated paragraphs (f) and (g) respectively, and a new paragraph (e) is added to read as follows:
- (e) A reseller of Chevrolet trucks in any of the territories or possessions of the United States, is authorized to sell each of the trucks described in paragraph (a), at a price not to exceed the applicable maximum price established in paragraph (c) or (d), to which it may add a sum equal to the expense incurred by or charged to it, for export premiums; boxing and crating for export purposes; marine and war risk insurance; and landing, wharfage and terminal operations.

This amendment shall become effective January 4, 1945.

Issued this 3d day of January 1945.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-223; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 4:45 p. m.]

[MPR 136, Amdt. 1 to Order 259] GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Amendment No. 1 to Order No. 259 under Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended. Machines and parts, and machinery services. GMC Truck and Coach Division, General Motors Corporation; Docket No. 3136-468.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to and under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders 9250 and 9328, and \$ 1390.25a of Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended, It is ordered:

Order No. 259 under Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended, is amended in the following respects:

Paragraphs (d) and (e) are redesignated paragraphs (e) and (f) respectively, and a new paragraph (d) is added to read as follows:

(d) A reseller of GMC Motor trucks in any of the territories or possessions of the United States is authorized to sell each of the trucks described in paragraph (a), at a price not to exceed the applicable maximum price established in paragraph (b) or (c), to which it may add a sum equal to the expense incurred by or charged to it, for payment of territorial and insular taxes on the purchase, sale or introduction of the truck; export premiums; boxing and crating for export purposes; marine and war risk insurance; and landing, wharfage and terminal operations.

This amendment shall become effective January 4, 1945.

Issued this 3d day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-224; Filed, Jan. 8, 1945; 4:45 p. m.]

[MPR 136, Amdt. 1 to Order 346] DIAMOND T. MOTOR CAR Co.

Amendment No. 1 to Order No. 346 under Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended. Machines and parts, and machinery services. Diamond T. Motor Car Company; Docket No. 6083-136.25a-29.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to and under the authority

vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders 9250 and 9328, and § 1390.25a of Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended, It is ordered:

Order No. 346 under Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended, is amended

in the following respects:

Paragraphs (d) and (e) are redesignated paragraphs (e) and (f) respectively, and a new paragraph (d) is added to read as follows:

(d) A reseller of Diamond T trucks in any of the territories or possessions of the United States is authorized to sell each of the trucks described in paragraph (a), at a price not to exceed the applicable maximum price established in paragraph (b) or (c), to which it may add a sum equal to the expense incurred by or charged to it, for payment of territorial and insular taxes on the purchase, sale or introduction of the truck; export premiums; boxing and crating for export purposes; marine and war risk insurance; and landing, wharfage and terminal operations.

This amendment shall become effective January 4, 1945.

Issued this 3d day of January 1945.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-222; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 4:42 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 3242]
BURNETTE CASTINGS CO.
APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Orders No. 9250 and No. 9328; It is ordered:

(a) The maximum prices for all sales and deliveries by the Burnette Castings Company, Hartford, Michigan, of aluminum cooking utensils of its manufacture, as described in its application dated October 14, 1944 and completed November 18, 1944, after such articles became subject to Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, are as follows:

Article	Model No.	Maxi- mum price to retailer	Maxi- mum price to user
Square griddle	1½ qt 2½ qt 3½ qt 8-inch 11-inch	Each \$2.25 2.25 2.82 3.39 2.25 3.71 7.70	Each \$3, 95 3, 95 4, 95 5, 95 3, 95 6, 05 6, 50 13, 50

These prices are f. o. b. factory and subject to a cash discount of 2% for payment in 10 days, net 30 days.

No. 4-6

(b) The maximum prices for sales at retail of the aluminum cooking utensils described in paragraph (a) above shall be as follows:

AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF	Maximum price	
Article and Model No.:	to user (each)	
Square griddle	83.95	
Sauce pan, 11/2 qt	8.95	i
Sauce pan, 21/2 qt	4.95	i
Sauce pan, 31/2 qt	5.95	i
Fry pan with cover, 8"	3.95	
Fry pan with cover, 11"		ı
Round roaster	6.50	ì
Oval roaster		-

(c) On each cooking utensil shipped to a purchaser for resale, the manufacturer shall attach a tag or label which plainly states the retail selling price.

(d) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in § 1499.20 of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall apply to the terms used herein.

(e) This Order No. 3242 may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This Order No. 3242 shall become effective on the 4th day of January 1945.

Issued this 3d day of January 1945.

James F. Browniee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-221; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 4:42 p. m.]

> [MPR 188, Order 3243] Mach Luggage Co.

# APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 186; It is ordered:

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries of two models of jewel boxes manufactured by Mach Luggage Company, 345 West Broadway, New York City, New York, as follows:

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to the following classes of purchasers, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model	Maximum price to jobbers	Maximum price to retailers	Maximum price to consumers
Jewel box	Suede lining	\$12,65	Each \$16, 87 15, 53	\$27,98

These prices are f. o. b. factory and are subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this

paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the Fourth Pricing Method, Section 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order by persons, other than the manufacturer, to the classes of purchasers listed below, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	- Model	Maximum price to retailers	Maximum price to consumers
Jewel Box	{Suede lining	\$16, 87	Each \$27.98 25.75

These prices are subject to the seller's customary terms, discounts, allowances and other price differentials in effect on sales of similar articles to each class of purchaser.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons other than the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser, or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) The manufacturer shall attach a tag or label to every jewel box for which a maximum price is established by this order, which is shipped to a purchaser for resale on and after the effective date of this order. That tag or label shall contain the following statement with the blank properly filled in:

OPA retail ceiling price, \$\_\_\_\_\_\_, Exclusive of Federal excise tax. This tag may not be removed before delivery to the consumer.

(c) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser for resale on and after the effective date of this order the manufacturer and every other seller to a purchaser for resale shall notify the purchaser of the maximum prices and conditions established by this order for resales by the purchaser. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(d) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 4th day of January 1945.

Issued this 3d day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-230; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 4:43 p. m.] [MPR 188, Order 3244]
PARKER MANUFACTURING CO.
APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order Nos. 9250 and 9328; It is ordered:

(a) The maximum prices for all sales and deliveries by Parker Manufacturing Company, Worcester, Massachusetts, of pruning shears of its manufacture, as described in its application dated August 24, 1944 after such articles became subject to Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, are as follows:

	Catalog	Maximum sell- ing prices to—		
Article	No.	Job- bers	Retail- ers	
Pruning shears	8645 8646 8647 8648 8649	Dozen \$6, 25 4, 89 9, 00 11, 70 19, 80	Dozen \$8.33 6.52 12.00 15.60 26.40	

These maximum prices are f. o. b. factory on shipments of less than 100 pounds or f. o. b. destination on shipments of 100 pounds or more and are subject to a cash discount of 2%—10 days, net 30 days.

(b) The maximum price for all sales and deliveries at wholesale for the pruning shears described in paragraph (a) above shall be the prices set forth below as follows:

	price to
Article and Catalog No.:	retailers (dozen)
Pruning shears, 8645	\$8.33
Pruning shears, 8646	6. 52
Pruning shears, 8647	12.00
Pruning shears, 8648	15. 60
Pruning shears, 8649	26,40

These prices are f. o. b. seller's city and are subject to terms, discounts and allowances no less favorable than those customarily granted by the seller.

(c) The maximum price for a sale at retail of the pruning shears described in paragraph (a) above shall be as follows:

 Maximum selling price to

 Article and Catalog No.:
 consumer (each)

 Pruning shears, 8645
 \$1.04

 Pruning shears, 8646
 .82

 Pruning shears, 8647
 1.33

 Pruning shears, 8648
 1.95

 Pruning shears, 8649
 3.30

(d) On each pruning shear shipped to a purchaser for resale, the manufacturer shall attach a tag or label which plainly states the retail selling price.

(e) At the time of the first invoice, the manufacturer shall notify in writing each purchaser who buys from it of the maximum prices established by this order for resales by the purchaser; and every jobber who sells an article covered by this order to another jobber shall notify that purchaser in writing of the maximum prices established by this order for resales

by that purchaser. This written notice may be given in any convenient form.

(f) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in § 1499.20 of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall apply to the terms used herein.

(g) This Order No. 3244 may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This Order No. 3244 shall become effective on the 4th day of January 1945.

Issued this 3d day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-225; Filed, Jan. 8, 1945; 4:44 p. m.]

> [MPR 244, Amdt. 1 to Order 17] MONTAGUE CASTINGS Co.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Amendment No. 1 to Order No. 17 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 244. Gray iron castings. Adjustment of gray iron castings prices for Montague Castings Company, 791 West Clay Avenue, Muskegon, Michigan. Docket No. 3244-34.

An opinion accompanying this amendment has been issued simultaneously with this order.

Order No. 17 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 244 is amended in the following respects:

- 1. Paragraph (a) is amended by inserting the words "until and including February 3, 1945," between "On and after April 1, 1943," and "Montague Castings Company" in the beginning of the first sentence.
- 2. After paragraph (a) the following new paragraph (b) is to be inserted:
- (b) On and after February 4, 1945, Montague Castings Company of Muskegon, Michigan, is hereby authorized to sell, offer to sell, and deliver and any person is hereby authorized to buy, offer to buy, and receive from said Company gray iron castings at maximum prices established in the preceding paragraph (a) of this order minus 7% of such maximum prices before the addition of charges, if any, for transportation.
- 3. Paragraph (b) is redesignated (c). Its first words are amended to read as follows:
- (c) The permissions granted to Montague Castings Company in the preceding paragraphs (a) and (b) are subject to the conditions specified therein and also \* \* \*.
- 4. Paragraphs (c) and (d) are redesignated (d) and (e).
- 5. After paragraph (e) (formerly paragraph (d), the following new paragraph (f) is inserted:
- (f) Except as specifically provided in this Order the provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 244, as amended, shall remain in effect.

Montague Castings Company is directed to notify each of its buyers of the provisions of Amendment 1 to Order No. 17 on or before the day of the first delivery to such buyer made by Montague Castings Company under the provisions of this Amendment, and to file with the Iron and Steel Branch of the Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C., a copy of each notification.

This amendment to Order No. 17 shall become effective on February 4, 1945.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; Pub. Law 151, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 3d day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-220; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 4:43 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 3261]

CERTAIN ARTICLES OF UPHOLSTERED FURNITURE

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to § 1499.159b of Maximum Price Regulation No. 183, and § 9.3 of Revised Supplementary Regulation No. 14, it is ordered:

(a) Scope of this order. This order applies to all articles of upholstered furniture (other than dual-purpose sleeping equipment) covered with a fabric furnished by the person who purchases the completed article for resale (or furnished by another on his account). On sales of such articles this order does not change the "manufacturer's" maximum price. but directs him to show on the invoice what his maximum price for the article would be if he had himself supplied the cover fabric. The purchaser from the "manufacturer" in calculating his own maximum price, must use as his cost, this price as shown on the invoice. This order is thus designed to bring the maximum resale prices of such articles into line with the maximum prices of the same articles when the "manufacturer" supplies the cover fabric.

For the purpose of this order the person who furnishes all or substantially all of the materials used in the article except the cover fabric is called the "manufacturer"; and purchasers from him are not "manufacturers".

(b) Invoices. No "manufacturer" may sell or deliver an article covered by this order unless he furnishes the purchaser with an invoice setting forth the following:

(1) The name and address of the seller and buyer and the date of sale,

(2) The quantity sold.

(3) The model designation and any other information necessary to identify the article on the "manufacturer's" pricing records.

(4) The price charged for the article covered with the customer's own material.

(5) What the "manufacturer's" maximum price (not including the 5% adjustment charge permitted by Order No. 1052

under Maximum Price Regulation No. 188) for sales of the completed article to his customer would be if the "manufacturer" had himself supplied the cover fabric. However, if that price is higher than the price calculated under Lule 1 or Rule 2 below, whichever is applicable, then the "manufacturer" shall show the price calculated under that rule as if it were his maximum price.

Rule 1: If the "manufacturer" has an established cover grading system based upon cost of material, he arrives at this figure under that system by placing the cover supplied in its proper grade, using as the cover cost for that purpose the fabric manufacturer's or converter's maximum price to jobbers as it appears on the invoice furnished to the purchaser in accordance with Maximum Price Regulation No. 39.

Rule 2: If the "manufacturer" has no such established cover grading system, or if his cover grading system does not apply to the particular fabric used, he arrives at this figure by adding his maximum price for sales of the article without cover fabric or in muslin, to the value of the cover fabric computed by using an amount per yard no greater than the fabric manufacturer's or converter's maximum price to jobbers as it appears on the invoice furnished to the purchaser in accordance with Maximum Price Regulation No. 39.

(6) If the "manufacturer" has a cover grading system, the grade of the fabric under that system.

(7) The nature and amount of any additional charge.

(8) The following notice:

# NOTICE OF OPA MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 3261 under MPR 188 provides the methods you use to find your ceiling prices for sales of the articles listed on this invoice which are covered with fabrics you supplied. Copies of that order are available from your OPA District Office.

EXAMPLE: The following is an example of an invoice which meets the requirements of

this order:

JOHN DOE MANUFACTURING COMPANY
433 X Street
Oakville, N. J.

December 30, 1944.

Sold to: Richard Roe, Inc., 400 West 1100th Street, New York, N. Y.

1. #275 2 piece living room suite in customer's own material \$84.00 OPA Adjustment Charge 4.20

88. 20

Under Order No. 3261 under MPR 188'the cover you supplied is our Grade F. Our maximum price for this suite in Grade F cover would be \$110.00.

## NOTICE OF OPA MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 3261 under MPR 188 provides the methods you use to find your ceiling prices for sales of the articles listed on this invoice which are covered with fabrics you supplied. Copies of that order are available from your OPA District Office.

(c) Invoice for cover fabric to be furnished to "manufacturer". When the customer's own material is furnished to the "manufacturer", the customer shall also supply to the "manufacturer" a copy

of the invoice covering the purchase of the cover fabric, which shows the fabric manufacturer's or converter's maximum price to jobbers for the fabric; or a written statement of the fabric manufacturer's or converter's maximum price to jobbers for the fabric as it appears on his purchase invoice. Every person who supplies a "manufacturer" with fabric for an article covered by this order shall, so long as the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, remains in effect, retain his purchase invoices for such fabric.

(d) Maximum prices. The maximum prices for sales and deliveries covered by

this order are as follows:

(1) For all sales and deliveries by the "manufacturer", the maximum prices is the maximum price properly determined in accordance with the pricing provisions of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. If the "manufacturer" has no such maximum price for sales of the article without cover or has no established cover grading system under which he can find his maximum price for sales of the article without cover, he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the Fourth Pricing Method, § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for his sales of articles covered by this order.

(2) For all sales and deliveries by the person who furnished the cover fabric (or on whose account it was furnished)

the maximum price is:

(i) The highest price charged by him during March 1942 for the same article;

(ii) If he did not make a delivery or offer for delivery of the same article during March 1942, then his maximum price is the price determined according to the method and procedure set forth in § 1499.3 (a) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, using as "cost", in the case of an article covered by this order, the "manufacturer's" maximum price for the article if the manufacturer had himself supplied the cover fabric; or

(iii) If he cannot otherwise determine his maximum price under this order, then his maximum price is the price approved by the Office of Price Administration according to the method and procedure set forth in § 1499.3 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, using as "cost", in the case of an article covered by this order, the "manufacturer's" maximum price for the article if the manufacturer had himself supplied

the cover fabric.

(e) Delegation of authority. The Price Administrator, or any Regional Administrator, or any District Director so authorized by his Regional Administrator, may at any time approve, disapprove, or revise maximum prices reported, proposed or established under paragraphs (d) (2) (ii) or (d) (2) (iii) of this order so as to bring them in line with the level of maximum prices established by the applicable regulation for upholstered articles.

(f) This order shall become effective as to "manufacturers" on January 18,

1945, and as to all other persons on February 5, 1945.

Note: The record keeping and reporting provisions of this order have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-311; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:50 a. m.]

[MPR 188, Amdt. 9 to Order 1052]

CERTAIN ARTICLES OF WOOD HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

#### ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, Order No. 1652 issued under § 1499.159b of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 is amended in the following respects:

- 1. Paragraph (h) is redesignated paragraph (i).
- 2. A new paragraph (h) is added to read as follows:
- (h) This paragraph is designed to provide for price adjustment when a manufacturer's maximum price for certain inexpensive articles of furniture listed below in subparagraph (5) is below his cost to make and sell the article.

(1) Who qualifies for this adjustment. A manufacturer qualifies for an adjustment under this paragraph, if it appears:

(i) That his maximum price to refailers (including the 5% adjustment charge permitted by Order No. 1052, and any other adjustment he may have been granted) is below the top price limit assigned in subparagraph (5).

(ii) That his maximum price to retailers (plus all adjustments) is lower than his current total unit cost to make and sell the article based on regular production runs. "Unit cost to make and sell the article" means the total cost of direct materials, direct labor, and reasonable factory overhead applicable to each unit of the article and reasonable general administrative and selling expenses applicable to the article, calculated in accordance with the manufacturer's customary method of computing unit cost.

(2) Amount of adjustment. If the manufacturer qualifies for an adjustment, the adjustment granted will not bring the maximum price to retailers above the manufacturer's total cost to make and sell the article if the manufacturer's entire operation is profitable. If the manufacturer's entire operation is being conducted at a loss (or will be so within 90 days), the adjustment may include in addition a margin over current unit cost to make and sell the article which the Administrator determines will approximate the average industry margin during a normal peacetime period. In no event, however, will an ad-justment be granted which will bring maximum prices above the top price limit assigned below.

(3) Purchases for resale. Any order making an adjustment in the manufacturer's maximum price under this provision may also make appropriate adjustments in the maximum prices of persons who purchase the article for resale.

(4) Filing. Applications for adjustment under this paragraph must be filed in accordance with the provisions of Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1.

(5) Articles covered. The articles covered by this adjustment provision are:

(i) Any piece of a wood bedroom suite having a maximum price to retailers for any three major pieces of \$57.50 or less. (Night tables, mirrors only, benches or chairs are not major pieces.)

(ii) Any piece of a dining room suite having a 60" buffet, if the total maximum price to retailers for the table, 6 chairs and buffet is \$65.00 or less.

(iii) Any piece of a five piece dinette or breakfast room set (table and four chairs) having a total maximum price to retailers of \$18.00 or less.

(iv) Unfinished wood chairs having a maximum price to retailers of \$1.35 or

less.

(v) Finished wood chairs having a maximum price to retailers of \$2.00 or less.

(vi) Finished wood cribs having a maximum price to retailers of \$8.00 or less.

(vii) Unfinished wood highchairs having a maximum price to retailers of \$2.05 or less.

(viii) Finished wood highchairs having a maximum price to retailers of \$4.25 or less.

(ix) Finished wood bedsteads having a maximum price to retailers of \$10.00 or less.

This amendment shall become effective on the 4th day of January 1945.

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45-310; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:51 a. m.]

[MPR 120, Order 1247] JOHN M. MAXWELL

# ESTABLISHMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and in accordance with §§ 1340.207 (a) and 1340.210 (a) (6) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120, It is ordered:

(a) The Maxwell Coal Mine, a deep mine, of John M. Maxwell, Benton, Ohio, is hereby assigned Mine Index No. 4113.

(b) Coals produced by John M. Maxwell from his Maxwell Coal Mine, Mine Index No. 4113, located in Holmes County, Ohio, in the No. 3 Seam in Subdistrict No. 4 of District No. 4, may be purchased and sold for truck shipments at per net ton prices in cents per net ton f. o. b. the mine or preparation plant not exceeding the following:

Size group No. and truck shipments 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 400 400 400 320 320 320 255 245 (c) All prayers of applicant not granted herein are hereby denied.

(d) This order may be revoked or amended at any time.

(e) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in § 1340.-208 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120 shall apply to terms used herein.

This order shall become effective January 5, 1945.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

JAMES F. BROWNLEE, Acting Administrator.

[7. R. Doc. 45-307; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:52 a. m.]

Size group No

[MPR 120, Order 1248]

S. B. & S. COMPANY

ESTABLISHMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and in accordance with § 1340.210 (a) (6) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120, It is ordered:

(a) The S. B. & S. Cannel Mine of S. B. & S. Company, Pottsville, Pennsylvania, is hereby assigned Mine Index No. 4243.

(b) Coals produced by S. B. & S. Company from the Cannel Seam at its S. B. & S. Cannel Mine, Mine Index No. 4243, a strip mine located in Butler County, Pennsylvania, in Subdistrict No. 1 of District No. 2, may be purchased and sold for the indicated uses and movements at per net ton prices in cents per net ton not exceeding the following:

Jefferson County, Alabama; Docket No. 41a-DG-1GO50-5.

Pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders 9250 and 9328, Revised General Order No. 50, Region IV, Revised Delegation Order No. 17, and Order No. G-1 under General Order No. 50, and for the reasons set forth in the accompanying opinion, Order No. G-1 under General Order No. 50 is hereby amended, as follows:

By adding to Appendix A as a "highpriced" beer, for the following respective groups of sellers and at the following respective prices, Polo Beer, manufactured by the Pioneer Brewing Company, Joliet, Illinois:

	Maximum price per bottle		
	12-ounce	32-ounce	
Group 1B	Cents \$0. 25 20 18	Cents \$0.50 .45 .40	

This amendment shall become effective October 17, 1944.

Issued at Birmingham, Alabama, this October 12, 1944.

Sam J. Watkins, District Director,

[F. R. Doc. 45-201; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 1:17 p. m.]

[Birmingham Order G-1 Under Gen. Order 50, Amdt. 6]

MALT AND CEREAL BEVERAGES IN JEFFERSON COUNTY, ALA.

Amendment No. 6 to Order No. G-1 under General Order No. 50. Maximum prices for malt and cereal beverages in Jefferson County, Alabama; Docket No. 41a-DG-IGO50-6.

Appendix A to Order No. G-1 under General Order No. 50 is amended by adding to the list of beverages under Group 1B under the following respective captions, the following:

Brand or trade name	Manufacturer	Maximum price per bottle		
		12- ounce	32- ounce	
Old Brew Four Crown Special.	Garden City Brewing Co., Chicago, Ill. Frederick's Brewing Co., Thornton, Ill.	Cents 25 25	Centa- 50 50	

And to the list of beverages under Group 2B, under the following respective captions, the following:

Brand or trade name	Manufacturer	Maximum price per bottle		
		12- ounce	32- ounce	
Old Brew	Garden City Brewing Co., Chicago, Ill.	Cents 20	Cents 45	
Four Crown Special.	Frederick's Brewing Co., Thornton, Ill.	20	45	

Rail shipment						
	-	-	-	-	-	-

(c) The prices established herein are f. o. b. the mine for truck shipments, and f. o. b. the rail shipping point for rail shipments.

(d) All prayers of applicant not granted herein are hereby denied.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended at any time.

(f) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in \$1340.208 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120 shall apply to terms used herein.

This order shall become effective January 5, 1945.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 4th day of January 1945.

James F. Brownlee, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 45–308; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:52 a. m.]

Regional and District Office Orders.

[Birmingham Order G-1 Under Gen. Order 50, Amdt. 4]

Malt and Cereal Beverages in Jefferson County, Ala.

Appendix A to Order No. G-1 under General Order No. 50 is amended by adding to the list of beverages under Group 1B under the following respective captions, the following:

Brand or	Manufacturer	Maximum price per bottle	
trade name		12- ounce	32- ounce
Commander	Capitol Brewing Co., Mil- waukee, Wis.	Cents 25	Cents 50
Ace High	Commonwealth Brewing	25	50
Van Wyck	Co., Springfield, Mass. Frederick Brewing Co., Thornton, Ill.	25	50

And to the list of beverages under Group 2B, under the following respective-captions, the following:

10 11

5 275 \_\_\_ \_\_

Brand or trade name	Manufacturer	Maximum price per bottle	
tride same		12- ounce	32- ounce
Commander	Capitol Brewing Co., Mil- waukee, Wis.	Cents 20	Cents 45
Ace High	Commonwealth Brewing Co., Springfield, Mass.	20	45
Van Wyck	Frederick Brewing Co., Thornton, Ill.	20	45

And to the list of beverages under Group 3B, under the following respective captions, the following:

Brand or trade name	Manufacturer	Maximum price per bottle	
trade name		12- ounce	32- ounce
Commander	Capitol Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis.	Cents 18	Cents 40
Ace High	Co., Springfield, Mass.	18	40
Van Wyck	Frederick Brewing Co., Thornton, Ill.	.18	40

This amendment shall become effective October 7, 1944.

Issued at Birmingham, Alabama, this October 2, 1944.

Sam J. Watkins, District Director.

[F. R. Doc. 45-200; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 1:17 p. m.]

[Birmingham Order G-1 Under Gen. Order 50, Amdt. 5]

MALT AND CEREAL BEVERAGES IN JEFFERSON
COUNTY ALA.

Amendment No. 5 to Order No. G-1 under General Order No. 50. Maximum prices for malt and cereal beverages in And to the list of beverages under Group 3B, under the following respective captions, the following:

Brand or	Manufacturer	Maxi price bot	mum per ttle
trade name/		The second second second	32- ounce
Old Brew Four Crown Special.	Garden City Brewing Co., Chicago, Ill. Frederick's Brewing Co., Thornton, Ill.	Cents 18	Cents 40

This amendment shall become effective November 9, 1944.

Issued at Birmingham, Alabama, this November 4, 1944.

Sam J. Watkins, District Director.

[F. R. Doc. 45-202; Filed, Jan. 8, 1945; 1:16 p. m.]

[Birmingham Order G-1 Under Gen, Order 50, Amdt. 7]

MALT AND CEREAL BEVERAGES IN JEFFERSON COUNTY, ALA.

Amendment No. 7 to Order No. G-1 under General Order No. 50. Maximum prices for malt and cereal beverages in Jefferson County, Alabama; Docket No.: 41a-DG-1GO50-7.

Appendix A to Order No. G-1 under General Order No. 50 is amended by adding to the list of beverages under Group 1B under the following respective captions, the following:

Brand or trade name	Manufacturer	Maximum price per bottle	
		12- ounce	32- ounce
Lion Beer Gold Medal Tivoli.	Old Dutch Breweries, Brooklyn, N. Y. Commonwealth Brewing Co., New Bedford, Mass.	25 25	Cents 50

And to the list of beverages under Group 2B, under the following respective captions, the following:

Brand or	Manufacturer	Maximum price per bottle	
trade name		12- ounce	32- ounce
Lion Beer	Old Dutch Breweries, Brooklyn, N. Y.	Cents 20	Cents 45
Gold Medal Tivoli.	Commonwealth Brewing Co., New Bedford, Mass.	20	43

And to the list of beverages under Group 3B, under the following respective captions, the following:

Brand or	Manufacturer	Maximum price per bottle	
trade name		12- ounce	32- ounce
Lion Beer Gold Medal Tivoli.	Old Dutch Breweries, Brooklyn, N. Y. Commonwealth Brewing Co., New Bedford, Mass.	Cents 18	Cents 40

This amendment shall become effective November 16, 1944.

Issued at Birmingham, Alabama, this November 11, 1944.

> Sam J. Watkins, District Director.

[F. R. Doc. 45-203; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 1:16 p. m.]

[Birmingham Order G-1 Under Gen. Order 50, Amdt. 8]

Malt and Cereal Beverages in Jefferson County, Ala.

Amendment No. 8 to Order No. G-1 under General Order No. 50. Maximum prices for malt and cereal beverages in Jefferson County, Alabama; Docket No.: 41a-DG-1GO50-8.

Appendix A to Order No. G-1 under General Order No. 50 is amended by adding to the list of beverages under Group 1B under the following respective captions, the following:

Brand or			Maximum price per bottle	
trade name		12- ounce o		
Lambie	Peter Doelger Brewing Co., Harrison, N. J.	Cents 25	Cents 50	

And to the list of beverages under Group 2B, under the following respective captions, the following:

Brand or	Manufacturer	Maximum price per bottle	
trade name			32- ounce
Lambie	Peter Doelger Brewing Co., Harrison, N. J.	Cents 20	Cents 45

And to the list of beverages under Group 3B, under the following respective captions, the following:

Brand or	Manufacturer	Maximum price per hottle	
trade name		12- ounce	32- ounce
Lambic	Peter Doelger Brewing Co., Harrison, N. J.	Cents 18	Cents 40

This amendment shall become effective November 29, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566, Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong., E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871, E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681; G.O. 50, 8 F.R. 4808)

Issued at Birmingham, Alabama, this November 24, 1944.

SAM J. WATKINS, District Director.

[F. R. Doc. 45-204; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 1:16 p. m.]

[Montgomery Rev. Order G-1 Under Gen. Order 50, Amdt. 3]

MALT AND CEREAL BEVERAGES IN DESIGNATED COUNTIES IN ALABAMA

Maximum prices for malt and cereal beverages in the counties of Baldwin, Barbour, Bullock, Covington, Dallas, Escambia, Greene, Henry, Houston, Lee, Lowndes, Mobile, Montgomery, Perry, Pike and Russell in the State of Alabama.

An accompanying opinion has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

The price list in Appendix A to Revised Order G-1 is amended as follows:

1. The following brands or trade names with the maximum prices of 12 ounce and 32 ounce bottles thereof are added to Group 1-B under the appropriate columns:

Group 1-B-Brand or trade name	Maximur bo	n price per
	12-ounce	32-оппсе
EhretLambic	Cents 25 25	Cents 45

2. The following brands or trade names with the maximum prices for 12 ounce and 32 ounce bottles thereof are added to Group 2-B under the appropriate columns:

		ium price per bottle	
	12-ounce	32-ounce	
Ehret Lambie	Cents 20 20	Cents 40 40	

3. The following brands or trade names with the maximum prices for 12 ounce and 32 ounce bottles thereof are added to Group 3-B under the appropriate columns:

Group 3-B-Brand or trade name	Maximum price pottle	
	12-ounce	32-ounce
Ehret Lambic	Cents 18 18	Cents 35 35

This amendment shall become effective immediately.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681; G.O. 50, 8 F.R. 4808)

Issued this 18th day of October 1944.

A. H. COLLINS, District Director.

[F. R. Doc, 45-205; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 1:16 p. m.]

[Montgomery Rev. Order G-1 under Gen. Order 50, Amdt. 4]

MALT AND CEREAL BEVERAGES IN DESIG-NATED COUNTIES IN ALABAMA

Maximum prices for malt and cereal beverages in the counties of Baldwin, Barbour, Bullock, Covington, Dallas, Escambia, Greene, Henry, Houston, Lee, Lowndes, Mobile, Montgomery, Perry, Pike and Russell, in the State of Alabama.

An accompanying opinion has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

The price list in Appendix A to Revised Order G-1 is amended as follows:

1. The following brand or trade name with the maximum prices of 12 ounce and 32 ounce bottles thereof is added to Group 1-B under the appropriate columns:

Group 1-B-Brand or trade name	Maximum price pottle	
	12-ounce	32-ounce
Ruby	Cents 25	Cents 45

2. The following brand or trade name with the maximum prices for 12 ounce and 32 ounce bottles thereof is added to Group 2-B under the appropriate columns:

Group 2-B-Brand or trade name	Maximum price pe	
	12-ounce.	32-ounce
Ruby	Cents 20	Cents 40

3. The following brand or trade name with the maximum prices for 12 ounce and 32 ounce bottles thereof is added to Group 3-B under the appropriate columns:

Group 3-B-Brand or trade name	Maximum price per bottle	
	12-ounce	32-ounce
Ruby	Cents 18	Cents 35

This amendment shall become effective immediately.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250; 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681; G.O. 50, 8 F.R. 4808)

Issued this 24th day of October 1944.

A. H. COLLINS, District Director.

[F. R. Doc. 45-206; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 1:15 p. m.]

[Montgomery Rev. Order G-1 Under Gen. Order 50, Amdt. 5]

MALT AND CEREAL BEVERAGES IN DESIGNATED COUNTIES IN ALABAMA

Maximum prices for malt and cereal beverages in the counties of Baldwin, Barbour, Bullock, Covington, Dallas, Escambia, Greene, Henry, Houston, Lee, Lowndes, Mobile, Montgomery, Perry, Pike and Russell, in the State of Alabama.

An accompanying opinion has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

The price list in Appendix A to Revised Order G-1 is amended as follows:

1. The following brand or trade name with the maximum prices of 12 ounce and 32 ounce bottles thereof is added to Group 1-B under the appropriate columns:

Group 1-B—Brand or trade name	Maximum price p	
	12-ounce	32-ounce
Gold Medal Tivoli	Centa 25	Cents 45

2. The following brand or trade name with the maximum prices for 12 ounce and 32 ounce bottles thereof is added to Group 2-B under the appropriate columns:

Group 2-B-Brand or trade name	Maximum price per bottle	
	12-ounce	32-ounce
Gold Medal Tivoli	Cents 20	Cents 40

3. The following brand or trade name with the maximum prices for 12 ounce and 32 ounce bottles thereof is added to Group 3-B under the appropriate columns:

Group 3-B—Brand or trade name	Maximum price per bottle	
	12-ounce	32-onnee
Gold Medal Tivoli	Cents 18	Cents -35

This amendment shall become effective on October 30, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765, 57 Stat. 566, Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong., E.O. 9250; 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681, G.O. 50, 8 F.R. 4808)

Issued this 30th day of October 1944.

A. H. COLLINS, District Director.

[F. R. Doc. 45-207; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 1:15 p. m.] [Montgomery Rev. Order G-1 Under Gen. Order 50, Amdt. 6]

# MALT AND CEREAL BEVERAGES IN DESIGNATED COUNTIES IN ALABAMA

Maximum prices for malt and cereal beverages in the counties of Baldwin, Barbour, Bullock, Covington, Dallas, Escanbia, Greene, Henry, Houston, Lee, Lowndes, Mobile, Montgomery, Perry, Pike and Russell, in the State of Alabama.

An accompanying opinion has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

. The price list in Appendix A to Revised Order G-1 is amended as follows:

1. The following brand or trade name with the maximum prices of 12 ounce and 32 ounce bottles thereof is added to Group 1-B under the appropriate columns:

Group 1-B-Brand or trade name	Maximur bo	Maximum price per bottle	
	12-ounce	32-ounce	
Frederick's Four Crown Special	Cents 25	Cents 45	

2. The following brand or trade name with the maximum prices for 12 ounce and 32 ounce bottles thereof is added to Group 2-B under the appropriate columns:

Group 2-B-Brand or trade name	Maximum price per bottle	
	12-ounce	32-ounce
Frederick's Four Crown Special	Cents 20	Cents 40

3. The following brand or trade name with the maximum prices for 12 ounce and 32 ounce bottles thereof is added to Group 3-B under the appropriate columns:

Group 3-B-Brand or trade name	R-Brand or trade name  Maximum price pe	
	12-ounce	32-ounce
Frederick's Four Crown Special	Cents 18	Cents 35

This amendment shall become effective immediately.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250; 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681; G.O. 50, 8 F.R. 4808)

Issued this 14th day of November 1944.

A. H. COLLINS, District Director.

[F. R. Doc. 45-208; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 1:15 p. m.] [Montgomery Rev. Order G-1 Under Gen. Order 50, Amdt. 7]

# MALT AND CEREAL BEVERAGES IN DESIGNATED COUNTIES IN ALABAMA

Maximum prices for malt and cereal beverages in the counties of Baldwin, Barbour, Bullock, Covington, Dallas, Escambia, Greene, Henry, Houston, Lee, Lowndes, Mobile, Montgomery, Perry, Pike, and Russell in the State of Alabama.

An accompanying opinion has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register. Pursuant to the authority as recited in Revised Order G-1 under General Order No. 50 this Amendment is hereby issued. This Amendment shall be effective on and after November 24, 1944. The price list in Appendix A to Revised Order G-1 is amended to read as follows:

Group 1-B-Brand or trade name	Maximum price per bottle	
	12-ounce	32-ounce
Barbarossa Blatz Pilsner Budweiser Burger-Brau. Carling's Red Cap Ale Canadian Ace Down's Arf and Arf Ehret Frederick's Four Crown Special Godden Glow Heirloom Gold Medal Hollands' Koenig's Premium Special Lambie Lemp's Black Label Lion Pabst Red Top Ale Ruby Schilitz Spearman's English Ale Pioneer Victory Imported beer: Carta Blanca Cervera Victoria Corona. Monterey. All other brands not listed above (including unlabeled beer and		Cents 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45

Those sellers who have qualified with the proper state authorities to operate as cabarets and who are required to pay a Federal Excise Tax as cabarets may add same to above prices if such tax is separately stated and collected.

No other tax applicable to the area covered by this order may be added to the above prices.

Group 2-B-Brand or trade name	Maximum price per bottle	
	12-ounce	32-ounce
	Cents	Cents
Barbarossa	20	40
Blatz Pilsner	20	40
Budweiser	20	40
Burger-Brau	20	40
Carling's Red Cap Ale	20	40
Canadian Ace	20	40
Down's Arf and Arf	20 20	40
Ehret.	20	40
Fell's Frederick's Four Crown Special	20	40
Goebel's	20	40
Gold Medal Tivoli	20	40
Golden Glow	20	40
Heirloom Gold Medal	20	40
Hollands'	20	40
Koenig's Premium Special	20	40

Group 2-B-Brand or trade name	Maximum price per bottle	
Diony 2 D Diana of Basic Blanch	12-ounce	32-ounce
Lambic. Lemp's Black Label Lion A Pabst. Red Top Ale. Ruby. Schlitz. Spearman's English Ale. Pioneer Victory. Imported beer: Carta Blanca Cerveza Victoria. Corons. Monterey. All other brands not listed above (including unlabeled beer and ale).	Cents 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	5

Those sellers who have qualified with the proper state authorities to operate as cabarets and who are required to pay a Federal Excise Tax as cabarets may add same to above prices if such tax is separately stated and collected.

No other tax applicable to the area covered by this order may be added to

the above prices.

Barbarosa Blatz Pilsner	12-ounce	32-ounce
Blatz Pilsner		10011/05
Budweiser Burger-Brau Carlings' Red Cap Ale. Canadian Ace Down's Arf and Arf. Ehret Fell's Frederick's Four Crown Special. Goebel's. Gold Medal Tivoli. Golden Glow. Heirloom Gold Medal. Hellands' Koenig's Premium Special. Eamble. Lemp's Black Label Liom Pabst Red Top Ale. Ruby Schlitz. Spearman's English Ale. Pioneer Victory. Imported beer: Carta Blanca. Cerveza Victoria. Corona. Monterey. All other brands not listed above (including unlabeled beer and	18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 1	Cents 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33

Those sellers who have qualified with the proper state authorities to operate as cabarets and who are required to pay a Federal Excise Tax as cabarets may add same to above prices if such tax is separately stated and collected.

No other tax applicable to the area covered by this Order may be added to the above prices.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681; G.O. 50, 8 F.R. 408)

Issued this 22d day of November 1944.

A. H. COLLINS, District Director.

[F. R. Doc. 45-209; Filed, Jan. 3, 1945; 1:15 p. m.]

LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE
ORDERS

The following orders under Rev. General Order 51 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register December 30, 1944.

#### REGION I

Augusta Order 1-F, Amendment 26, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in the State of Maine, filed 4:03 p.m.

Connecticut Order 1-P, Amendment 4, covering poultry in the State of Connecticut, filed 12:22 p.m.

Connecticut Order 4-F, Amendment 10, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the State of Connecticut, filed 12:21 p. m.

#### REGION II

Buffalo Order 1-F, Amendment 37, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of New York, filed 3:53 p. m.

Buffalo Order 2-F, Amendment 37, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in the State of New York, filed 3:53

District of Columbia Order 4-W, Amendment 1, covering dry groceries in the Washington, D. C. area, filed 3:51 p, m.

ington, D. C. area, filed 3:51 p. m.

District of Columbia Order 12, Amendment
2, covering dry groceries in the Washington,
D. C., area, filed 3:51 p. m.

Harrisburg Order 2-F. Amendment 6, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Pennsylvania, filed 3:18 p. m.

New York Order 1-F, Amendment 41, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the five boroughs in the city of New York, filed 12:27

p. m. New York Order 3-F, Amendment 28, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in New York filed 12:26 p. m.

cities in New York, filed 12:26 p. m.

New York Order 6-F, Amendment 23, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain

counties in New York, filed 12:28 p. m.

New York Order 4-W, covering dry groceries in certain counties in the State of New York, filed 12:25 p. m.

New York Order 21, covering dry groceries in certain counties in the State of New York, filed 12:25 p. m.

New York Order 23, covering dry groceries in the New York and Newark districts, filed 12:25 p. m.

New York Order 24, covering dry groceries in the New York and Newark districts, filed 12:24 p. m.

Trenton Order 7-F, Amendment 16, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of New Jersey, filed 12:23 p.m.

Williamsport Order 5-W, covering dry groceries in certain counties in the state of

Pennsylvania, filed 3:17 p. m.

Wilmington Order 2-W, covering dry groceries in the State of Delaware, filed 12:24 p. m.

# REGION III

Charleston Order 3-F, Amendment 53, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Ohio and West Virginia, filed 4:02 p. m.

Charleston Order 7-F, Amendment 39, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of West Virginia, filed 4:02 p. m.

Charleston Order 8-F, Amendment 38, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of West Virginia, filed 4:01 p. m.

Charleston Order 9-F, Amendment 39, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of West Virginia, filed 3:36 p. m.

Charleston Order 10-F, Amendment 36, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of West Virginia, filed 3:36 p. m.

Charleston Order 11-F. Amendment 23, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of West Virginia, filed 3:26 p. m.

Charleston Order 12-F, Amendment 27, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of West Virginia,

filed 3:26 p. m.

Charleston Order 13-F, Amendment 24, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in cer-tain counties in the State of West Virginia, filed 3:25 p. m.

Charleston Order 14-F, Amendment 2, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of West Virginia, filed 3:25 p. m.

Cleveland Order F-4, Amendment 18, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Stark and Summit Counties in Ohio, filed 3:50 p. m.

Detroit Order 1-F, Amendment 52, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Michigan, filed 12:21 p. m.

Detroit Order 1-F, Amendment 53, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Michigan, filed 12:28 p. m.

Lexington Order 1-F, Amendment 62, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Kentucky, filed 12:29 p. m.

Lexington Order 2-F, Amendment 56, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Kentucky, filed 12:29 p. m.

Lexington Order 3-F. Amendment 53, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Boyd County, Ky., filed 12:30 p. m.

#### REGION IV

Atlanta Order 16, Amendment 2, covering eggs in certain counties in the State of Georgia, filed 12:31 p. m. Atlanta Order 17, Amendment 2, covering

eggs in certain counties in the State of

Georgia, filed 12:32 p. m.
Atlanta Order 18, Amendment 2, covering eggs in certain counties in the States of Alabama and Georgia, filed 12:33 p. m.

Atlanta Order 19, Amendment 2, covering eggs in certain counties in the States of Ala-

bama and Georgia, filed 12:32 p. m. Atlanta Order 20, Amendment 2, covering eggs in certain counties in the States of Ala-

bama and Georgia, filed 12:83 p. m. Atlanta Order 21, Amendment 2, covering eggs in certain counties in the State of Alabama and Georgia, filed 12:31 p. m.

Atlanta Order 24-C, covering poultry in the Atlanta Area, filed 12:33 p. m. Birmingham Order 3-F, Amendment 6,

covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Jefferson County, Ala., filed 3:24 p. m.
Charlotte Order 3-F, Amendment 4, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain

counties in the State of North Carolina, filed 12:30 p. m.

Jackson Order 4-F, Amendment 11, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain coun-

ties in the Mississippi Area, filed 3:49 p.m. Richmond Order 4-F, Amendment 10, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Virginia, filed

Richmond Order 4-F. Amendment 13, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Virginia, filed 12:18 p. m.

Richmond Order 4-F, Amendment 14 covering fresh fruits and vegetables in cer-Amendment 14. tain counties in the State of Virginia, filed

3:22 p. m. Richmond Order 4-F, Amendment 15, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Virginia, filed -3:23 p. m.

Richmond Order 14, Amendment 11, covering poultry in certain areas in the State of

Virginia, filed 3:21 p. m. New Orleans Order 2-F. Amendment 51, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in the State of Louisiana, filed 12:36 p. m.

New Orleans Order 27-C, Amendment 1, covering poultry in certain areas in the State of Louisiana, filed 12:35 p. m.

New Orleans Order 28-C, Amendment 1, covering poultry in certain areas in the State of Louisiana, filed 12:34 p. m.

Oklahoma Order 3-F. Amendment 46, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in the State of Oklahoma, filed 3:48 p. m.

Shreveport Order 2-F, Amendment 45, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Louisiana, filed 3:24 p. m.

Shreveport Order 3-F. Amendment 34, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in the State of Louisiana, filed 3:23

Tulsa Order 8-F, Amendment 1, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Tulsa, Oklahoma area, filed 12:37 p. m.

#### REGION VI

Duluth-Superior Order 10, Amendment 5, covering food items in certain areas in the

State of Minnesota, filed 3:18 p. m. Green Bay Order 9, Amendment 10, covering dry groceries in the Green Bay, Wis., area, filed 4:36 p. m.

Green Bay Order 9, Amendment 11, covering dry groceries in the Green Bay, Wis., area, filed 4:35 p. m.

Green Bay Order 1-W, Amendment 5, covering dry groceries in the Green Bay, Wis., filed 4:35 p. m.

Milwaukee Order 2-F, Amendment 48, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Dane

County, Wis., filed 3:59 p. m.

Milwaukee Order 3-F. Amendment 48, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in the State of Wisconsin, filed 3:59 p. m.

Milwaukee Order 5-F, Amendment 47, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Wisconsin, filed 3:58 p. m.

Peoria Order 2-F, Amendment 34, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in the State of Illinois, filed 12:47 p.m. Peoria Order 4-F. Amendment 29, covering

fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Ininois, filed 12:47 p. m.

Peoria Order 5-F, Amendment 17, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain coun-ties in the State of Illinois, filed 12:37 p. m. Twin Cities Order 10, covering dry gro-

ceries in certain counties in the States of Minnesota and Wisconsin, filed 4:01 p. m.

### REGION VII

Montana Order 86, covering community food prices in certain counties in the State of Montana, filed 3:46 p. m.

Montana Order 87, covering community food prices in certain counties in the State of Montana, filed 3:48 p. m.

Montana Order 88, covering community food prices in certain counties in the State

of Montana, filed 3:44 p. m.

New Mexico Order 1-B, covering food prices in the New Mexico area, filed 3:21

New Mexico Order 2-B, covering food prices in the New Mexico area, filed 3:20 p. m.

New Mexico Order 18, covering community food prices in certain areas in the New Mexico area, filed 3:19 p. m.

New Mexico Order 19, covering community food prices in certain areas in the New Mexico area, filed 12:48 p. m.

# REGION VIII

Fresno Order 1-F, Amendment 50, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Fresno, Calif., filed 3:56 p. m. Fresno Order 2-F, Amendment 38, cover-

ing fresh fruits and vegetables in Modesto,

Calif., filed 4:39 p. m.

Fresno Order 3-F. Amendment 35, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain

cities in the State of California, filed 3:56 p. m.

Fresno Order 4-F, Amendment 10, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in California, filed 3:55 p. m.

Fresno Order 6-F, Amendment 21, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Kern

County, Calif, filed 3:54 p. m.

Los Angeles Order 1-F, Amendment 47, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in California, filed 3:37 p. m.

Nevada Order 6-F, Amendment 5, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Reno and Sparks area, filed 4:33 p. m. Nevada Order 7-F, Amendment 5, covering

fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in the State of Nevada, filed 4:34 p. m. Nevada Order 8-F, Amendment 5, covering

fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in the State of Nevada, filed 4:35 p. m. Nevada Order 9-F, Amendment 5, covering

fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in the State of Nevada, filed 4:37 p.m.

Nevada Order 10-F. Amendment 5, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in the State of Nevada, filed 4:37 p. m.

Phoenix Order 1-F, Amendment 1, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Tucson area, filed 3:41 p. m.

Phoenix Order 3-F, Amendment 52, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Phoenix

area, filed 4:33 p. m.

Phoenix Order 1-D under 1-B, covering community ceiling prices in Yuma and Mo-

have, Coconino Counties, filed 4:10 p. m.

Phoenix Order 2-D under 1-B, covering community ceiling prices in the County of Yuma, filed 4:10 p. m.

Phoenix Order 4, Amendment 3, covering

community food prices in the Central Nava-jo-Apache area, filed 3:38 p. m.

Phoenix Order 5, Amendment 3, covering community food prices in the Southern Navajo-Apache area, filed 3:39 p. m.

Phoenix Order 5-W, Amendment 3, covering dry groceries in the Navajo-Apache area, filed 3:39 p. m.

Phoenix Order 8, Amendment 1, covering community food prices in the Yuma area, filed 4:11 p. m.

Phoenix Order 11 under 1-B, covering community food prices in the Navajo-Hopi Reservation area, filed 3:40 p. m.
Phoenix Order 13-W under 2-B, Amend-

ment 1, covering community food prices in the Yuma area, filed 4:11 p.m.

San Diego Order 1-F, Amendment 3, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the San Diego area, filed 3:42 p. m.

San Diego Order 1-F, Amendment 4, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the San Diego area, filed 4:07 p. m. San Diego Order 1-F, Amendment 5, cover-

ing fresh fruits and vegetables in the San

Diego area, filed 4:07 p.m. San Diego Order 3-F, Amendment 10, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the San Diego area, filed 3:41 p. m.

San Francisco Order F-1, Amendment 47, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in California, filed 4:07 p. m.

San Francisco Order F-2, Amendment 40, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in California, filed 4:04 p. m.

San Francisco Order F-3, Amendment 39, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in California, filed 3:58 p. m.
San Francisco Order F-4, Amendment 38,

eovering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in California, filed 3:58 p. m. San Francisco Order F-5, Amendment 37,

covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in California, filed 3:57 p. m.

San Francisco Order F-6, Amendment 33, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in California, filed 3:57 p.m.

Seattle Order 6-F, Amendment 8, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Seattle and Bremerton, Wash., filed 3:05 p. m.

Seattle Order 7-F, Amendment 8, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Tacoma, Wash., filed 3.06 p. m.

Seattle Order 8-F, Amendment 6, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Everett, Wash., filed 3:16 p. m.

Seattle Order 8-F, Amendment 7, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Everett, Wash., filed 3:13 p. m.

Seattle Order 9-F, Amendment 8, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Seattle and Bremerton, Wash, filed 3:04 p. m.

Seattle Order 10-F. Amendment 6, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Bellingham,

Wash., filed 3:16 p. m. Seattle Order 10-F, Amendment 7, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Belling-

ham, Wash., filed 3:13 p. m.
Seattle Order 11-F, Amendment 6, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Olympia, Wash.,

filed 3:15 p. m. Seattle Order 11-F. Amendment 7, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Olympia, Wash., filed 3:12 p. m.

Seattle Order 12-F, Amendment 6, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Aberdeen-Hoquiam, Wash., filed 3:08 p. m. Seattle Order 13-F, Amendment 7, cover-

ing fresh fruits and vegetables in Centralia-

Chehalis, Wash., filed 3:07 p. m.
Seattle Order 14-F, Amendment 6, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Wenatchee,

Wash., filed 3:14 p. m.
Seattle Order 14-F, Amendment 7, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Wenatchee,

Wash., filed 3:07 p. m. Seattle Order 15-F. Amendment 6, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Yakima, Wash.,

filed 3:15 p. m. Seattle Order 15-F, Amendment 7, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Yakima, Wash., filed 3:06 p. m.

Spokane Order 2-F, Amendment 36, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Kootenai County, Idaho, filed 12:12 p. m.

Spokane Order 3-F, Amendment 14, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Kootenat County and Shoshone County, Idaho, filed 12:12 p. m.

Spokane Order 4-F, Amendment 12, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Latah, Idaho, and Whitman County, Wash., filed 12:14 p. m.

Spokane Order 5-F. Amendment 19, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Washington and Idaho, filed 12:14 p. m.

Spokane Order 6-F, Amendment 20, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Washington, filed 12:15 p. m.

Spokane Order 7-F, Amendment 13, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Benton and

Franklin Counties, Wash., filed 12:16 p. m.

Copies of any of these orders may be obtained from the OPA Office in the designated city.

ERVIN H. POLLACK. Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-172; Filed, Jan. 8, 1945; 11:46 a. m.]

#### LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Rev. General Order 51 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register January 2, 1945.

#### REGION I

Montpelier Order 1-W, Amendment 3, covering community food prices in the State of Vermont, filed 4:07 p. m.

Baltimore Order 4-F, Amendment 17, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Balti-more, Md., area, filed 2:47 p. m. Baltimore Order 6-F, Amendment 17, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Hagers-

town, Md., filed 2:48 p.m.

Baltimore Order 9-W, covering dry groceries in certain counties in the State of

Maryland, filed 4:24 p.m.

Baltimore Order 33, covering dry groceries in certain counties in the State of Maryland, filed 4:25 p. m.

Harrisburg Order 2-F, Amendment 7, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Pennsylvania, filed 4:24 p. m.

Harrisburg Order 2-F, Amendment 8, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Pennsylvania, filed 4:24 p. m.

Newark Order 4-W, Amendment 1, covering dry groceries in northern New Jersey, filed 4:19 p. m.

Newark Order 5-F, Amendment 12, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of New Jersey, filed 3:19 p. m.

Newark Order 6-F, Amendment 2, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain countles in the State of New Jersey, filed 2:48 p. m.

Pittsburgh Order 1-F, Amendment 34, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Pennsylvania, filed

2:43 p. m. New York Order 19, covering dry groceries in the New York area, filed 4:22 p. m.

New York Order 20, covering dry groceries in the New York area, filed 4:22 p. m.

New York Order 22, covering dry groceries in the District of Columbia, Delaware and

Virginia, filed 4:21 p. m.
Scranton Order 4-F, Amendment 8, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Pennsylvania, filed 4:24 p. m.

Trenton Order 4-W, Amendment 1, covering dry groceries in the Trenton, N. J. area, filed 3:24 p. m.

Trenton Order 7-F, Amendment 15, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of New Jersey, filed 2:43 p. m.

Trenton Order 21, Amendment 1, covering dry groceries in certain counties in the

State of New Jersey, filed 2:47 p. m.
Trenton Order 22, Amendment 2, covering
dry groceries in the Trenton, N. J. area, filed 2:46 p. m.

Wilmington Order 4-F, Amendment 14, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in the State of Delaware, filed 3:19 p. m.

#### REGION III

Cincinnati Order 1-F, Amendment 62, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Hamilton County, Ohio, filed 3:34 p. m.

Cincinnati Order 2-F, Amendment 55, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Ohio, filed 3:34 p.m.

Cleveland Order F-1, Amendment 19, ering fresh fruits and vegetables in Cuyahoga

County, Ohio, filed 3:19 p. m. Cleveland Order F-3, Amendment 19, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Trumbull and Mahoning Counties, Ohio, filed 3:50 p. m.

Columbus Order 3-F, Amendment 56, cov-

ering fresh fruits and vegetables in Columbus and Franklin County, Ohio, filed 2:51 p. m. Columbus Order 3-F, Amendment 57, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Colum-

bus and Franklin County, Ohio, filed 3:46 p.m., Escanaba Order 18-3B, Amendment 6, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Michigan and Wisconsin, filed 3:44 p. m.

Escanaba Order 19-3B, Amendment 6, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Michigan, filed 3:44

Lexington Order 1-F, Amendment 61, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Fayette County, Ky., filed 2:49 p. m.

Lexington Order 2-F, Amendment 55, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Kentucky, filed 2:50 p. m.
Lexington Order 3-F, Amendment 52, cov-

ering fresh fruits and vegetables in Boyd

County, Ky., filed 2:50 p. m. Saginaw Order 2-F, Amendment 46, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain countles in the State of Michigan, filed 2:54

Saginaw Order 2-F, Amendment 47, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Michigan, filed 2:53 p. m.

Saginaw Order 2-F, Amendment 48, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Michigan, filed 2:53

REGION IV

Arkansas Order 2-F, Amendment 39, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Arkansas area, filed 4:08 p.m.

Atlanta Order 5-F. Amendment 24, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Georgia and Alabama, filed 4:02

Atlanta Order 6-F, Amendment 22, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Atlanta-Decatur area, filed 4:04 p. m.

Atlanta Order 25-C, covering poultry in the Atlanta area, filed 3:32 p.m.

Atlanta Order 1-F, Amendment 27, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Bibb

County, Ga., filed 4:03 p. m.

Jacksonville Order 8-F, Amendment 7, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain

cities in the State of Florida, filed 3:50 p. m. Memphis Order 6-F, Amendment 11, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities and counties in Tennessee, filed 3:43

Montgomery Order 1-O Amendment 2, covering eggs in certain counties in the State

of Alabama, filed 3:28 p. m.

Montgomery Order 2-O Amendment 2, covering eggs in certain counties in the State

of Alabama, filed 3:28 p. m.

Montgomery Order 3-O, Amendment 2, covering eggs in certain counties in the State

of Alabama, filed 3:25 p. m.

Montgomery Order 4-O, Amendment 2, covering eggs in certain counties in the State

of Alabama, filed 3:24 p. m. Montgomery Order 4-W, covering dry groceries in the Montgomery, Ala., area, filed 2:57 p. m.

Montgomery Order 18, covering community food prices in the Montgomery area, filed

Montgomery Order 19, covering community food prices in the Montgomery area, filed 2:57 p. m.

Montgomery Order 20-F, Amendment 7, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Mobile County, Ala., filed 3:42 p. m.

Montgomery Order 21-F, Amendment 10,

covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Mont-

gomery County, Ala., filed 3:41 p. m.

Montgomery Order 24-F, Amendment 8, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Dallas County, Ala., filed 3:41 p. m.

Nashville Order 12-F, Amendment 4, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Virginia, filed 2:55 p. m.

Raleigh Order 10-F, Amendment 5, cover-ing fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of North Carolina, filed

4:06 p. m. Raleigh Order 11-F, Amendment 5, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of North Carolina, filed 4:06 p. m.

Richmond Order 4-F, Amendment 16, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in the State of Virginia, filed 2:56 p.m.

Roanoke Order 11-F, Amendment 2, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in the State of Virginia, filed 2:55 p. m.

Savannah Order 7-F, Amendment 10, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Georgia, filed 3:49

Savannah Order 9-F, Amendment 10, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain countles in the State of Georgia, filed 3:48

Savannah Order 10-F, Amendment 10, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of Georgia, filed 3:47 p. m.

Savannah Order 18 under 1-B, Amendment 2, covering certain food items in the Savan-

nah area, filed 3:31 p.m. Savannah Order 19 under 1-B, Amendment 1, covering certain food items in the Savannah area, filed 3:30 p. m.

#### REGION V

Dallas Order 3-F, Amendment 31, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Dallas, Tex., area, filed 4:08 p. m.

Fort Worth Order 1-F. Amendment 49, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Fort Worth, Tex., area, filed 3:38 p. m.

Fort Worth Order 2-F. Amendment 49, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Fort

Worth, Tex., area, filed 3:37 p. m.
Fort Worth Order 3-F, Amendment 49, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Fort Worth, Tex., area, filed 3:36 p. m.

Fort Worth Order 4-F, Amendment 49, cov-

ering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Fort Worth, Tex., area, filed 3:34 p. m. Fort Worth Order 5-F, Amendment 49, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Fort Worth, Tex., area, filed 4:05 p. m.

Shreveport Order G-15, Amendment 5, covering eggs in the Shreveport, La., area, filed 3:39 p. m.

St. Louis Order 3-F, Amendment 25, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the St. Louis, Mo., area, filed 3:38 p. m.

Wichita Order 4-F, Amendment 25, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Wichita, Kans., area, filed 3:30 p.m.

#### REGION VI

Moline Order 3-W, Amendment 3, covering dry groceries in certain counties in the States of Illinois and Iowa, filed 4:00 p. m. Moline Order 4-W, Amendment 3, covering

dry groceries in certain counties in the States of Illinois and Iowa, filed 4:01 p. m.

Moline Order 23, covering dry groceries in certain areas in the State of Illinois, filed 3:58 p. m.

Moline Order 38, Amendment 3, covering dry groceries in certain counties in the States of Illinois and Iowa, filed 4:00 p. m.

Moline Order 39, Amendment 4, covering dry groceries in certain counties in the States of Illinois and Iowa, filed 3:58 p. m.

Omaha Order 7-F, Amendment 26, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in Omaha and Nebraska, filed 4:15 p. m.

Omaha Order 7-F, Amendment 27, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Omaha, Nebr., and Council Bluffs, Iowa, filed 4:11

Omaha Order 7-F, Amendment 28, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Omaha, Nebr., and Council Bluffs, Iowa, filed 4:15

Omaha Order 8-F. Amendment 25, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Lincoln, Nebr., filed 4:11 p. m.

Peoria Order 2-F, Amendment 33, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities

in Illinois, filed 4:11 p.m.

Peoria Order 3-F, Amendment 33, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in the State of Illinois, filed 4:10 p. m.

Peoria Order 3-F. Amendment 34, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in the State of Illinois, filed 2:41 p. m.

Peoria Order 4-F, Amendment 28, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in the State of Illinois, filed 4:10 p. m.

Peoria Order 5-F, Amendment 16, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities

in the State of Illinois, filed 4:08 p. m.
Sioux City Order 2-F, Amendment 49, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in Iowa and Nebraska, filed 3:57 p. m.

Twin Cities Order 1-F, Amendment 8, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in St. Paul, Minn., filed 2:41 p. m.

Twin Cities Order 2-F. Amendment 7, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Minnesota and Wisconsin, filed

#### REGION VII

New Mexico Order F-1, Amendment 34, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Albuquer-

que and Gallup, filed 4:19 p. m.

New Mexico Order F-2, Amendment 20, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Santa Fe and Las Vegas, filed 4:17 p. m.

New Mexico Order F-4, Amendment 20, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in New Mexico, filed 4:17 p. m. New Mexico Order F-5, Amendment 17, cov-

ering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in New Mexico, filed 4:18 p. m.

New Mexico Order F-7, Amendment 9, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in New Mexico, filed 4:19 p. m.

New Mexico Order 9-W, covering dry gro-

ceries in certain areas in New Mexico, filed 4:59 p. m.

#### REGION VIII

Portland Order 13-F, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Albany-Corvallis, Oreg., area, filed 2:38 p. m.
Portland Order 14-F, covering fresh fruits

and vegetables in Coos Bay, Oreg., area, filed

Portland Order 15-F, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain areas in Oregon, filed 2:39 p. m.

Sacramento Order 1-O, Amendment I, covering eggs in certain areas in California, filed 3:54 p. m.

Sacramento Order 2-O, Amendment 1, covering eggs in certain areas in California, filed 3:55 p. m.

Sacramento Order 14, Amendment 7, covering poultry in certain areas in the State of

California, filed 3:57 p. m.
Sacramento Order 14-F under 3-B, covering community food prices in the Sacra-mento-Stockton area, filed 3:55 p. m.

Sacramento Order 15-F, under 3-B, covering community food prices in the Sacra-

mento, Calif., area, filed 3:52 p. m.
Sacramento Order 16-F, under 3-B, covering community food prices in the Sacramento, Calif., area, filed 3:52 p. m.

Sacramento Order 18, Amendment 1, covering poultry in the Eastern Sacramento area, filed 3:56 p. m.

Copies of any of these orders may be obtained from the OPA Office in the designated city.

#### ERVIN H. POLLACK, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-298; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:48 a. m.]

# LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Rev. General Order 51 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register January 2,

### REGION II

Baltimore Order 10-W, covering dry groceries in certain counties in the State of Maryland, filed 9:56 a.m. Baltimore Order 34, covering dry groceries

in certain counties in the State of Maryland, filed 9:56 a. m.

Binghamton Order 2-F, Amendment 12, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of New York, filed 9:38 a. m.

Newark Order 5-F, Amendment 13, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of New Jersey, filed 9:56 a. m.

Newark Order 6-F, Amendment 3, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in the State of New Jersey, filed 9:56 a. mr.

New York Order 1-C, Amendment 1, covering poultry in New York, Maryland, and District of Columbia, filed 9:38 a.m.

Williamsport Order 2-F, Amendment 16, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Pennsylvania, filed 9:38 a.m.

Williamsport Order 2-F, Amendment 17, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Pennsylvania, filed 9:49 a. m.

#### REGION III

Columbus Order 3-F, Amendment 58, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Frank-lin County, Ohio, filed 9:55 a.m.

#### REGION IV

Columbia Order 4-W, covering community food prices in the South Carolina area, filed 9:52 a. m.

Columbia Order 5-F, Amendment 1, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Lexing-ton and Richland Counties, S. C., filed 9:53

Columbia Order 5-F, Amendment 2, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Columbia area, filed 9:53 a. m.

Columbia Order 5-F, Amendment 3, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Lexington and Richland Counties, S. C., filed

Columbia Order 6-F, Amendment 1, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Co-

lumbia area, filed 9:52 a. m.

Columbia Order 16, covering community food prices in the South Carolina area, filed 9:51 a. m.

Columbia Order 17-C, covering poultry in the South Carolina area, filed 9:54 a.m.

Columbia Order 18-C, covering poultry in

the South Carolina area, filed 9:53 a.m.

Montgomery Order 22-F, Amendment 11, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Houston County, Ala., filed 9:55 a. m.

Montgomery Order 24-F. Amendment 9, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Dallas County, Ala., filed 9:55 a.m.

#### REGION V

Arkansas Order 1-C, Amendment 3, covering poultry in the State of Arkansas, filed 9:54 a. m.

Arkansas Order 1-E, Amendment 4, covering certain food items in the State of Arkansas, filed 9:54 a. m.

Houston Order 3-F, Amendment 23, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Hous-

ton area, filed 9:39 a.m.

Lubbock Order 3-F, Amendment 33, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Lubbock area, filed 9:38 a. m.

Lubbock Order 3-F, Amendment 34, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in the Lub-bock area, filed 9:35 a.m. New Orleans Order 2-F, Amendment 52,

covering fresh fruits and vegetables in cer-

tain counties in Louisiana, filed 9:54 a.m. San Antonio Order 4-W, Amendment 1, covering community food prices in the San Antonio area, filed 9:50 a. m.

San Antonio Order 15, Amendment 1, covering dry groceries in certain counties in the State of Texas, filed 9:51 a.m.

# REGION VI

Duluth-Superior Order 11. Amendment 5. covering dry groceries in certain areas in the State of Minnesota, filed 9:48 a. m.

Fargo-Moorhead Order 29, covering dry groceries in certain counties in the State of Minnesota, filed 9:45 a.m.

Minnesota, filed 9:45 a. m.

La Crosse Order 1-F, Amendment 46, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in Wisconsin and Minnesota, filed 9:39 a. m.

La Crosse Order 1-F, Amendment 47, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in Wisconsin and Minnesota, filed 9:41 a.m.

La Crosse Order 1-F, Amendment 48, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in Wisconsin and Minnesota, filed 9:43 a.m.

La Crosse Order 2-F, Amendment 12, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in Minnesota, filed 9:41 a.m.

La Crosse Order 3-F, Amendment 42, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in Wisconsin, filed 9:39 a.m.

La Crosse Order 3-F, Amendment 43, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in Wisconsin, filed 9:41 a.m.

La Crosse Order 3-F, Amendment 44, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in Wisconsin, filed 9:44 a.m.

La Crosse Order 5-F, Amendment 41, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Rochester, Minn., filed 9:39 a. m.

-La Crosse Order 5-F, Amendment 42, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Rochester,

Minn., filed 9:41 a. m.

La Crosse Order 5-F, Amendment 43, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Rochester,
Minn., filed 9:44 a. m.

Sioux City Order 2-F, Amendment 50, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in Iowa and Nebraska, filed 9:50 a. m.

Sioux City Order 3-F, Amendment 14, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in Iowa and Nebraska, filed 9:49 a. m.

Sioux City Order 4-F, Amendment 14, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in Iowa and Nebraska, filed 9:49 a.m.

#### REGION VIII

Portland Order 12-F, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Salem, West Salem, Oreg., area, filed 9:57 a. m.

San Francisco Order F-1, Amendment 48, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities and counties in California, filed 9:43 a. m.

San Francisco Order F-2, Amendment 41, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in California, filed 9:43 a.m.
San Francisco Order F-3, Amendment 40,

San Francisco Order F-3, Amendment 40, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in California, filed 9:43 a. m.

San Francisco Order F-4, Amendment 39, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in California filed 9:42 a.m.

tain cities in California, filed 9:42 a.m.
San Francisco Order F-5, Amendment 38, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in California, filed 9:42 a.m.

San Francisco Order F-6, Amendment 34, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain cities in California, filed 9:42 a.m.

Seattle Order 6-F, Amendment 9, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Seattle and Bremerton, Wash., filed 9:37 a. m.

Seattle Order 7-F, Amendment 9, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Tacoma, Wash., filed 9:37 a.m.

Seattle Order 8-F, Amendment 8, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Everett, Wash., filed 9:37 a. m.

Seattle Order 9-F, Amendment 9, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Seattle and Bremerton, Wash., filed 9:37 a. m.

Seattle Order 10-F, Amendment 8, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Bellingham, Wash., filed 9:36 a. m.

Seattle Order 11-F, Amendment 8, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Olympia, Wash., filed 9:36 a. m.

Seattle Order 12-F, Amendment 7, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Aberdeen-Hoquiam, Wash., filed 9:36 a.m.

Seattle Order 13-F, Amendment 8, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Centralia-Chehalis, Wash., filed 9:35 a.m.

Seattle Order 14-F, Amendment 8, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Wenatchee,

Wash., filed 9:35 a.m.

Spokane Order 1-F, Amendment 39, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Spokane

County, Wash., filed 9:48 a. m.
Spokane Order 1-F, Amendment 40, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Spokane
County, Wash., filed 9:46 a. m.

Spokane Order 2-F, Amendment 37, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Kootenal County, Idaho, filed 9:46 a.m.

Spokane Order 3-F, Amendment 15, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Shoshone and Kootenai Counties, Idaho, filed 9:46 a.m.

Spokane Order 4-F. Amendment 13, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Idaho and Washington, filed 9:47 a. m.

Spokane Order 5-F. Amendment 20, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in certain counties in Washington and Idaho, filed 9:47 a.m.

Spokane Order 6-F. Amendment 21, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Columbia and Walla Walla Counties, Wash., filed 9:47 a. m.

Spokane Order 7-F, Amendment 14, covering fresh fruits and vegetables in Benton and Franklin Counties, Wash., filed 9:48 a.m.

Copies of any of these orders may be obtained from the OPA Office in the designated city.

ERVIN H. POLLACK, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-299; Filed, Jan. 4, 1945; 11:48 a. m.]

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD.

THE BUCKEYE TRACTION DITCHER CO.

CONSENT ORDER

The Buckeye Traction Ditcher Company, Findley, Ohio, a corporation engaged in the business of manufacturing ditching machines, tank transmissions and parts, power shovels and cranes, and other items, is charged by the War Production Board with having received 73,-166 board feet of lumber, during the third quarter of 1944, in excess of its authorized allocation, in violation of Limitation Order L-335, as amended. The Buckeye Traction Ditcher Company admits the foregoing, but denies that it was wilful, asserting that it was due to an oversight and failure to file a supplementary application for an additional amount of lumber required for their busi-

The Buckeye Traction Ditcher Company does not care to contest the issue of wilfulness and has consented to the issuance of this order.

Wherefore, upon the agreement and consent of The Buckeye Traction Ditcher Company, the Regional Compliance Chief and the Regional Attorney, and upon the approval of the Compliance Commissioner, It is hereby ordered, That:

(a) During the period from January 1st, to June 30th, inclusive, 1945, The Buckeye Traction Ditcher Company, its successors or assigns, shall not accept deliveries of more than its authorized allocation of board feet of lumber from which shall be deducted 73,166 board feet.

(b) Nothing contained in this order shall be deemed to relieve The Buckeye Traction Ditcher Company, its successors or assigns, from any restriction, prohibition or provision contained in any other order or regulation of the War Production Board, except insofar as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions hereof.

Issued this 3d day of January 1945.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 45-215; Filed, Jan. 8, 1945; 4:39 p. m.]